



Popular Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Paul Angulo, CPA, MA County Auditor-Controller

A message from your

AUDITOR-CONTROLLER

Dear Fellow Citizens,

As Riverside County's Auditor-Controller, I am honored to serve as the County's top fiscal officer. Under my leadership, we have set a higher standard of performance, and I am pleased to report that we have achieved great results.

This publication of the Popular Annual Financial Report better known as *Financial Highlights* is designed to provide readers with an easy to understand summary of the County's activities and related information. The financial information in this report is unaudited, and it is presented in a non-GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) basis. This report does not include information on discretely presented component units, fiduciary funds, nor does it contain the lengthy note disclosures. The information for this report is drawn exclusively from the County's primary financial report known as the *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* (ACFR). Both reports provide results for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The ACFR is independently audited by Brown Armstrong Accountancy Corporation and is prepared in conformity with GAAP. The ACFR also provides extensive information about County activities.

Both the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and Financial Highlights are available at my office and online at www.auditorcontroller.org. We welcome your questions and comments regarding the data contained in these reports.

As part of our role in the stewardship and oversight of public funds, our office initiated a countywide fraud, waste, and abuse prevention program in 2009, known as Riverside County Fraud Hotline. The program provides employees and citizens with easy and anonymous ways to participate in helping the County protect its financial resources, as well as identify potential fraud, waste and abuse.

Incident reports can be made 24-hours a day, 365 days per year by phone (833) 590-0004 or via the Auditor-Controller website www.lighthouse-services.com/rivco.

Respectfully,

Paul Angulo, CPA, MA Riverside County Auditor-Controller



Table of Contents

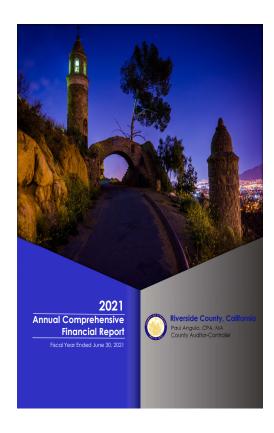
A message from your Auditor-Controller1
2021 Financial Highlights Award
County Profile
Organizational Structure
The County Governance
Financial Highlights6
Statement of Net Position
Capital Assets & Long-term8 Obligations
Cash and Investments, Net Position9
Statement of Activities10
Revenues By Source11
Expenses By Function12
Property Taxes13
Demographics14
Service Operating Indicators16
Online Resources18

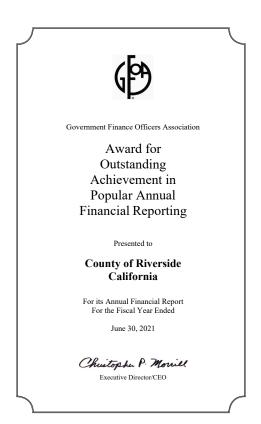
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS AWARD

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada has given an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting to the County of Riverside for its Popular Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to receive an Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting, a government unit must publish a Popular Annual Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability and reader appeal.

An Award for Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. The County of Riverside received a Popular Award for last fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the sixteenth consecutive year the County has achieved this award. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Popular Annual Financial Reporting requirements, and we have submitted it to GFOA.





COUNTY PROFILE

County of Riverside Mission Statement

"Provide local government services as mandated by the State and Federal law, and discretionary services as requested by County taxpayers, within the bounds of available fiscal resources, in a manner which reflects favorably upon the profession of public service and the American form of democratic government."

County of Riverside Vision

"Our vision is to be a proactive county that provides community, business, government, and regional leadership. We will set an exemplary standard of performance among counties by providing our citizens with cost-effective, efficient, and reliable government services, and by developing creative solutions to critical community-wide problems confronting all segments of our constituency. We will anticipate and address the challenges of environmental quality, societal change, and economic competitiveness while striving to make Riverside County an even better place to live, work, raise our families, and do business."

County of Riverside Overview

Riverside County is the State's fourth largest County by area. It encompasses more than 7,300 square miles and extends nearly 184 miles across Southern California, from the Arizona border west to within 10 miles of the Pacific Ocean. It is situated east of Los Angeles and Orange Counties, south of San Bernardino County, and north of San Diego and Imperial Counties.

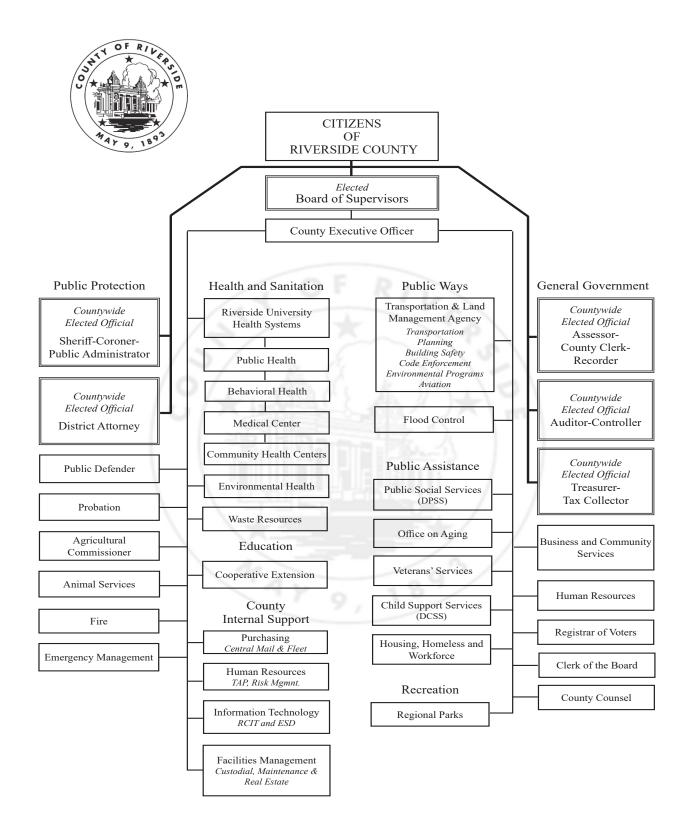
There are 28 incorporated cities located within the County. The latest city to be incorporated was Jurupa Valley on July 1, 2011. The largest cities in the County are the City of Riverside (the county seat) with a population of 317,847, Moreno Valley with a population of 209,407 and Corona with a population of 156,778.

Total County population was 2,435,525 on January 1, 2022, an increase of 0.5% compared to the revised estimate for 2021 from the California State Department of Finance. Estimated population figures are developed by the State as of January 1 of each year with a revised estimate for the prior year. Approximately 16.3% of the County's residents live in the unincorporated area. Riverside County has a large and rapidly expanding trade, transportation, utilities, distribution and manufacturing industries.

Agriculture has been the traditional foundation of the Riverside County economy; a transition is well underway toward an urban way of life with a multi-faceted economy. This change is being driven in part by economic and political forces at the regional, State and national levels. However, Riverside County residents, through their elected representatives, will make the key local decisions that will shape Riverside County, differentiating it in character and quality of life from adjoining counties.



ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE



THE COUNTY GOVERNANCE

Countywide Elected Officials



Paul Angulo Auditor-Controller



Chad Bianco Sheriff Coroner **Public Administrator**



Matthew Jennings Treasurer Tax-Collector



Michael Hestrin District Attorney



Peter Aldana Assessor County Clerk Recorder

Board of Supervisors



Kevin Jeffries District 1 Representing the Cities of: Canyon Lake Lake Elsinore Riverside (most portions) Wildomar



Karen Spiegel **District 2** Representing the Cities of: Corona Eastvale Jurupa Valley Norco 1/3 of City of Riverside



Chuck Washington District 3 Representing the Cities of: Hemet Murrieta San Jacinto Temecula



V. Manuel Perez **District 4** Representing the Cities of: Blythe Cathedral City Coachella **Desert Hot Springs** Indian Wells Indio La Quinta Palm Desert Palm Springs Rancho Mirage



Jeff Hewitt District 5 Representing the Cities of: Banning Beaumont Calimesa Menifee Moreno Valley Perris



Financial Highlights

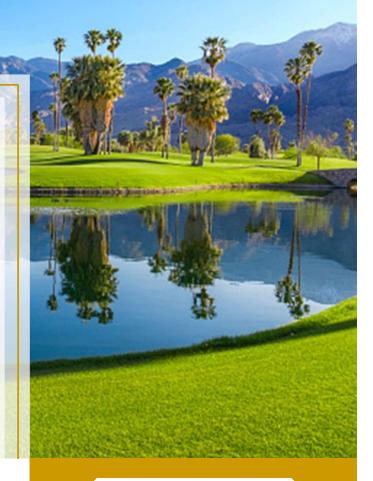
At the close of fiscal year 2021-22, the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2.58 billion (net position). The net position included \$4.34 billion of net investment in capital assets, \$1.03 billion of restricted resources for the County's ongoing obligations related to programs with external restrictions, and \$2.79 billion deficit of unrestricted resources.

As of June 30, 2022, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$1.48 billion, an increase of \$103.5 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 29.8% of this amount (\$440.0 million) is available for spending at the County's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

At the end of the fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the general fund was \$492.4 million, or approximately 13.8% of total general fund expenditures.

The change in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation resulted from increases in structures and improvement, infrastructure and leased assets. The increase in leased assets was related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The guidance requires lessees to recognize a right-to-use leased asset and a corresponding lease liability.

The issuance of the 2021 Series A & B Riverside County Infrastructure Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds refunded seven revenue bonds into a single refunding issue. This will produce significant interest cost savings given that the low interest rates range from 0.4% to 5.0%. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$18.5 million, which will be netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt life. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$32.1 million and a decrease of \$67.7 million in future debt service payments.



Assets

Resources owned by the County that are expected to benefit future operations

Deferred outflow of resources

Consumption of net assets applicable to future reporting periods

Liabilities

Debt or obligations of the County

Deferred inflows of resources

Acquisition of net assets applicable to future reporting periods

Net position

The County's net worth equals assets + deferred outflows of resources – liabilities – deferred inflow

Statement of Net Position

	2022	2021	Amount Increase (Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Assets	40000		70-00	
Current and other assets	\$4,429,118	\$3,751,616	\$ 677,502	18.1%
Capital assets	5,693,159	5,629,454	63,705	1.1%
Right to use leased assets	227,660	minute C.	227,660	100.0%
Total assets	10,349,937	9,381,070	968,867	10.3%
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	537,938	729,081	(191,143)	-26.2%
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	170,863	184,857	(13,994)	-7.6%
Deferred outflows of resources - other	- 1777	16,444	(16,444)	-100.0%
Total deferred outflows of resources	708,801	930,382	(221,581)	-23.8%
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	2,020,236	1,582,410	437,826	27.7%
Non-current liabilities	5,028,964	6,468,323	(1,439,359)	-22.3%
Total Liabilities	7,049,200	8,050,733	(1,001,533)	-12.4%
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	102,572	-	102,572	0.0%
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	1,276,324	81,301	1,195,023	1469.9%
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	11,831	6,888	4,943	71.8%
Deferred inflows for service concession arrangement	4,487	4,922	(435)	-8.8%
Deferred inflows of resources - other	32,873	29,974	2,899	9.7%
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,428,087	123,085	1,305,002	1060.2%
Net position	7.00	Tiple of the second		
Net investment in capital assets	4,339,042	4,300,690	38,352	0.9%
Restricted	1,029,638	608,403	421,235	69.2%
Unrestricted	(2,787,229)	(2,771,459)	(15,770)	-0.6%
Total net position	\$ 2,581,451	\$2,137,634	\$ 443,817	20.8%

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases serve as a useful indicator on the County's financial position and whether it is improving or not.

The County's total net position increased by 20.8%, or \$443.8 million, during fiscal year 2021-22. Governmental activities increased by \$404.9 million in net position while business-type activities increased by \$38.9 million. The increase in overall net position was attributed to a decrease in pension expense that resulted from reduction of net pension liability driven by favorable investment rate of return during the measurement period. The investment gain was recognized as deferred inflows of resources.

Net investment in capital assets represents the amount that is unavailable for reducing debt or paying for services because it is the value of the capital assets themselves, not liquid assets like cash or cash equivalents that could be used to pay the bills. The balance represents 168.1%, or \$4.34 billion, of the County's total net position for fiscal year 2021-22.

Restricted net position represents the amount that is available for use only as allowed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The balance in this category accounts for 39.9%, or \$1.03 billion, of the County's total net position for fiscal year 2021-22.

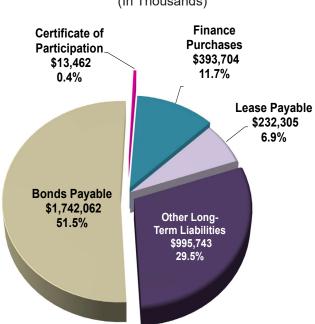
The remaining portion of the County's net position is unrestricted and may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors. The balance in this category is -108.0%, or \$(2.79) billion, of the County's total net position for fiscal year 2021-22.

Capital Assets

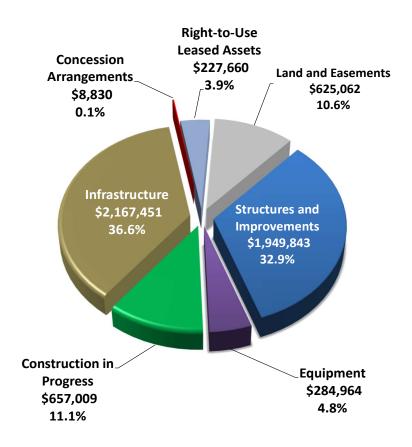
As of June 30, 2022, the County's capital assets for both governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$5.92 billion (net of depreciation). The capital assets include land and easements, land improvements, construction in progress, infrastructure (channels, storm drains, basins, roads, traffic signals, bridges, runways, and parks), structures and improvements, equipment, concession arrangements, and right-to-use leased assets.

The construction in progress decreased approximately \$459.8 million, or 41.2%, as a result of completed projects that were transferred out to other capital asset classifications. Structures and improvements increased approximately \$426.9 million, or 28.1%. An increase of \$362.7 million was attributed to the completion of the John J. Benoit Detention Center. GASB Statement No. 87, Leases was implemented during the year, \$227.7 million was reported in right-to-use leased assets for equipment. office space, and land. Infrastructure increased approximately \$129.6 million, or 6.4%, as a result of donated infrastructure and the completion of various channels, storm drains, roads and traffic signals. Equipment decreased approximately by \$31.9 million due to disposal of assets.





Capital Assets, net of depreciation (In Thousands)



Long-Term Obligations

As of June 30, 2022, the County's outstanding debt obligation for its government-wide activities amounted to \$3.38 billion. Long-term obligations incurred by the County of Riverside includes bonds, certificates of participation, financed purchases, leases, and other long-term liabilities.

The following are credit ratings maintained by the County			
	Moody's Investors Service, Inc		Standard & Poor's Corp.
0	rt-term notes g-term general oblig.	MIG1 Aa2	SP-1+ AA

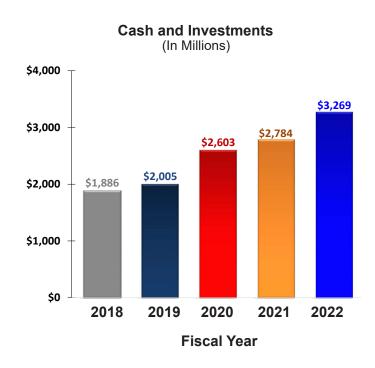
The County's strong credit ratings resulted in reduced borrowing costs.

Cash and Investments

The Cash and Investments represented in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position includes cash and investments that are available for use, as well as restricted cash and investments for both governmental and business-type activities.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County reported an increase of \$484.9 million in cash and investments. The unrestricted cash and investments showed an increase of \$159.7 million and restricted cash and investments increased in the amount of \$325.1 million.

The majority of the increase was found in governmental activities. The general fund's cash and investments balance increased by \$79.8 million and restricted cash and investment increased by \$189.5 million. ARPA special revenue fund's restricted cash increased by \$187.3 million. The transportation special revenue fund saw an increase of \$24.7 million in the unrestricted cash and investment balance. Also, Flood Control's unrestricted and restricted cash and investment balance increased by \$7.5 million.



Net Position (In Millions) \$3,000 \$2,581 \$2,290 \$2,212 \$2,138 \$2,000 \$1,357 \$1,000 \$0 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 Fiscal Year

Net Position

Net Position is total assets plus deferred outflows of resources less total liabilities and less deferred inflows of resources of the primary government. Net position serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial condition.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County reported positive net position balances for both governmental and business-type activities, with total assets exceeding liabilities by \$2.58 billion. which is a \$443.8 million increase over fiscal year 2021. The most significant increase in net position was in restricted net position by \$421.2 million. The net investment in capital assets also increased in fiscal year 2022 by \$38.4 million. The unrestricted net position was decreased by \$15.8 million.

Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities represents combined activities of governmental and business-type. Governmental functions are supported by property taxes, sales taxes and other intergovernmental revenues, and the business-type is mainly supported by user fees and charges. Functions supported by user fees and charges are: Riverside University Health Systems-Medical Center (RUHS-MC), Riverside University Health Systems-Community Health Centers (RUHS-CHC), Waste Resources, Housing Authority, Aviation, County Service Areas, and Flood Control.

Revenues

In fiscal year 2021-22, the program revenues increased by \$119.2 million, or 2.6%. The increase was driven by charges for services and capital grants and contributions. The increase in charges for services was mainly attributed to higher patient revenue from in-patients and outpatients visits, and state compensation for care of patients with Medi-Cal insurance, and a high demand of security guard and patrol services.

Additionally, there was an increase in capital grants and contribution due to increased funding for road maintenance and rehabilitation purposes.

The decrease in general revenues was mainly due to lower fair value of investments, and a decline in premium collections for the self-insured medical plan. The overall decrease was partially offset by an increase in property taxes and statewide sales tax.

Expenses

Expenses totaled \$5.32 billion, an increase of \$396.8 million from the previous year's total expenses. Expenses increased from the prior year mostly due to a combination of rising labor costs and staffing needs for meeting the growing service needs and mandated program requirements. Also, there were increases related to repairs and maintenance of facilities, vehicles, and equipment. Finally, there was an increase in the deposit requirement for landfill remediation and post closure costs.

	2022	2021	Amount Increase (Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Revenues:	2022	2021	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
110 10 110 10 11	4,673,342	\$ 4,554,103	\$ 119,239	2.6%
General revenues:	1,094,744	1,155,617	. ,	
Total revenues	5,768,086	5,709,720		1.0%
Expenses:	, ,	· · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
General government	326,689	314,381	12,308	3.9%
Public protection	1,524,865	1,401,403	123,462	8.8%
Public ways and facilities	222,603	205,503	17,100	8.3%
Health and sanitation	689,742	655,911	33,831	5.2%
Public assistance	1,311,237	1,197,257	113,980	9.5%
Education	38,595	33,123	5,472	16.5%
Recreation and cultural services	19,050	20,891	(1,841)	-8.8%
Interest on long-term debt	62,652	96,782	(34, 130)	-35.3%
RUHS - MC	785,369	691,361	94,008	13.6%
Waste Resources	121,287	98,347	22,940	23.3%
Housing Authority	103,965	100,036	3,929	3.9%
County Service Areas	459	336	123	36.8%
Flood Control	2,443	2,365	78	3.3%
RUHS - CHC	108,019	105,421	2,598	2.5%
Aviation	6,664	3,759	2,905	77.3%
Total expenses	5,323,639	4,926,876	396,763	8.1%
Increase (decrease) in net position	444,447	782,844	(338,397)	-43.2%
Extraordinary items:	-	-	-	100.0%
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	2,137,004	1,354,790	782,214	57.7%
Net position, end of year	2,581,451	\$ 2,137,634	\$ 443,817	20.8%

Revenues By Source

The statement of activities reports revenue by sources using government-wide reporting standards. To assist the reader in understanding what makes up the various sources referenced, we have provided the following detailed listing:

Program Revenues

Charges for Services

Assessment and tax collection fees, auditing and accounting fees, communication services, election services, legal services, planning and engineering services, civil process services, estate fees, humane services, law enforcement services, recording fees, road and street services, health fees, mental health services, sanitation services, institutional care and services, animal licenses, business licenses, construction permits, road privileges and permits, zoning permits, franchises and other licenses and permits, vehicle code fines, other court fines, forfeitures and penalties in addition to penalties and costs on delinquent taxes, and parking fees.

Operating Grants and Contributions

State, federal, other government, and private contributions to fund specific programs.

Capital Grants and Contributions

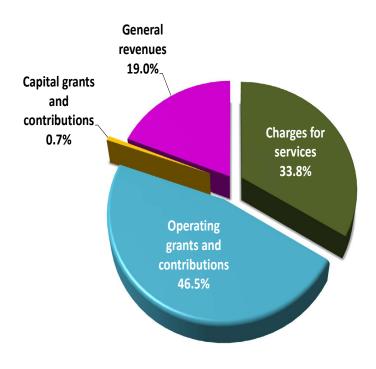
State, federal, other government, and private contributions to fund capital purchases for specific programs.

General Revenues

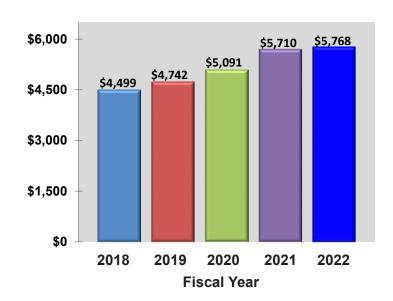
Taxes: Property taxes, sales and use taxes as well as other County levied taxes, investment income, rents and concessions, sale of surplus property, contributions and donations, non-governmental grants and unclaimed money.

- Secured Tax property taxes on state and locally assessed property that are secured by a lien on the real property, in the opinion of the assessor (R&T Code 109)
- Unsecured Tax taxes on property that are not secured by real property (ex. land and boats)
- Supplemental Tax tax on property that has undergone a change in ownership or new construction

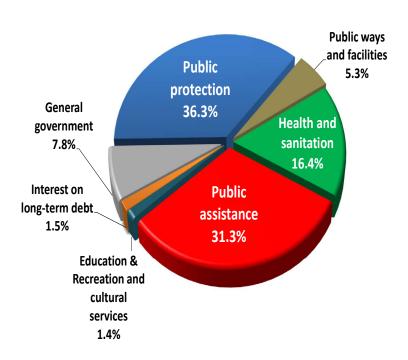
Revenues By Source



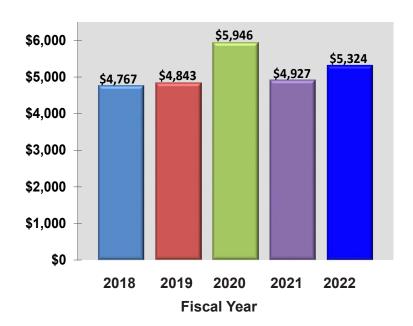
Revenues By Source 5-Year Trend (Dollars in Millions)



Expenses By Function



Expenses By Function 5-Year Trend (Dollars in Millions)



Expenses By Function

The following list provides details to define the County departments included in each of the functional categories listed in the statement of activities:

General Government

Auditor-Controller, Assessor, Treasurer-Tax of Economic Development, Collector, Office Human Resources, Registrar of Voters, Facilities Management, Board of Supervisors, Executive Office, County Counsel, Clerk of the Board and Purchasing

Public Protection

Sheriff, Coroner, District Attorney, Public Defender, Probation, Fire, Agricultural Commissioner, Animal Services, County Clerk-Recorder, and Emergency Management

Public Wavs and Facilities

Transportation and Land Management Agency, Flood Control, County Airports, County Service Areas, Planning, Building and Safety, and Code Enforcement

Health and Sanitation

Public Health, Environmental Health, Behavioral Health, Riverside University Health Systems-Medical Center, Riverside University Health Systems-Community Health Centers, and Waste Resources

Public Assistance

Department of Public Social Services, Community Action Partnership, Office on Aging, Veteran's Services, Department of Child Support Services, Housing, Homeless and Workforce.

Education

Cooperative Extension and County Library

Recreation and Cultural Services

Regional Parks

PROPERTY TAXES

How the Property Tax System Works

Riverside County Principal Property Tax Payers

(Property tax in Thousands)

Assessor-Clerk Recorder

Assesses all real estate and personal property (businesses, manufactured homes, boats & airplanes) located throughout the entire County.

Auditor-Controller

Receives the assessments from the Assessor and applies the appropriate tax rate to determine the actual amount of property tax owed.

Treasurer-Tax Collector

Mails out the property tax bills, collects the money, and deposits it in the County Treasury.

Auditor-Controller

Receives and allocates the money to local taxing agencies, including the County, cities, schools. and special districts.

1.	Southern California Edison Co	\$70,143
2.	Southern California Gas Co	25,429
3.	Duke Realty LTD Partnership	6,579
4.	Amazon Services Inc.	6,499
5.	Sentinel Energy Center, LLC	5,767
6.	Costco Wholesale Group	5,225
7.	First Industrial	5,035
8.	USEF Crossroads II	4,451
9.	Chelsea GCA Realty Partnership	3,993
10	. Tarpon Prop Ownership 2	3,772

Property taxes are levied on both real and personal property and are recorded as receivables at the date of levy. Secured property taxes are levied on or before the first business day of September of each year. These taxes become a lien on real property on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. Tax payments can be made in two equal installments; the first is due November 1 and is delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is due February 1 and is delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes that are delinquent and unpaid as of June 30 are declared to be tax defaulted and are subject to redemption penalties, costs, and interest. If the delinquent taxes are not paid at the end of five years, the property is sold at public auction and the proceeds are used to pay the delinquent amounts due and any excess is remitted, if claimed, to the taxpayer.

Where did your property tax dollar go in fiscal year 2021-2022?



For more property tax information visit the County of Riverside's Property Tax Portal at:

www.riversidetaxinfo.com

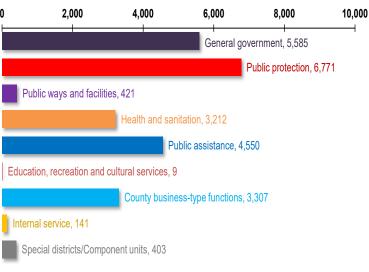
DEMOGRAPHICS

Riverside County Principal Employers

(Number of employees)

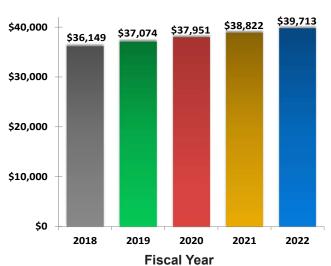
1.	County of Riverside23,772
	Amazon14,500
3.	March Air Reserve Base9,600
4.	University of California, Riverside8,593
5.	Morreno Valley Unified School District6,020
6.	Kaiser Permanente Riverside Medical Ctr5,817
7.	Corona-Norco Unified School District5,478
8.	Riverside Unified School District5,431
9.	State Brothers Markets4,699
10	. Mt. San Jacinto Community College District4,638

Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program*



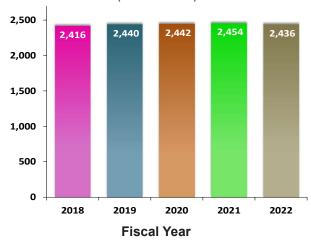
*Temporary employees, 3,018, filled as of 6/30/22, are included in the total number of employees.

Per Capita Income

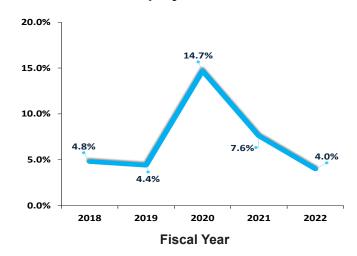


Population

(In Thousands)

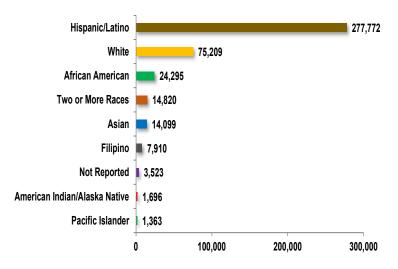


Unemployment Rate



DEMOGRAPHICS

Riverside County School Enrollment by Ethnicity 2021-2022



Highest Enrollment per Riverside County School District

Corona-Norco Unified	
Riverside Unified Moreno Valley Unified	· ·
Temecula Valley Unified	28,165

Additional information about the Riverside County Office of Education may be found at their website: **www.rcoe.us**

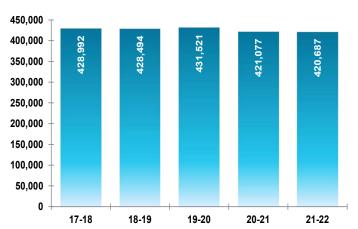
Public School Sites in Riverside County

Charter Schools	30
Elementary Sites	303
Middle/Junior High Sites	76
Continuation/Adult Education	
High School	90
Total Schools	487

Number of Riverside County Public School Districts

Elementary	4
High School	1
Unified	18

Kindergarten Through 12th Grade Enrollment Growth 2021-2022





SERVICE OPERATING INDICATORS

Environmental Health	Sheriff
Facilities inspections	Number of bookings
Public Health	(contract cities not included)215,974 Patrol stations10
Patient visits	Fire
Animal Control Services	Medical assistance
Animal impound (live animals)25,744 Spays and neuters completed8,941	Fires extinguished
Public Social Services	Other services include fire menace standbys (bomb threats, electrical hazards, gas hazards, etc.), public service assists
CalWORKs clients15,754CalFresh clients134,132Medi-Cal clients438,343In-home supportive services42,062Foster care placements2,468	(assisting other agencies, persons, flooding, etc.) and false alarms Communities served
Child welfare services	Voting precincts795
abuse, neglect or abandonment	Polling places145
Assessor-Clerk-Recorder	Voters
Assessments	elections in the fiscal year Poll workers
Waste Resources	Invoices paid
Landfill tonnage	Vendor warrants (checks) issued



SERVICE OPERATING INDICATORS

Riverside University Health Systems - MC	Probation
Emergency room treatments88,089Emergency room services—Mental Health9,547Clinic visits80,158Admissions21,187Patient days130,497	Adults on probation
Discharges21,120	Mental Health
Veterans' ServicesPhone inquiries answered12,566Client interviews5,854Claims filed5,749	Mental health clients45,308Substance abuse clients15,041Detention clients19,874Probate conservatorship clients320Mental health conservatorship clients732
Community Action Partnership	Agricultural Commissioner
Utility assistance (households)11,045Weatherization (households)162Energy education attendees11,207Disaster relief (residents)34,372Income tax returns prepared2,202After school program (students)1,114Mediation (cases)74	Export phytosanitary certificates
County Library	Parks and Recreation
Total circulation - books 2,487,738 Reference questions answered 392,726 Patron door count 1,540,701 Programs offered 6,837 Programs attendance 144,987 Branch libraries 35	Historic sites



ONLINE RESOURCES

Visit the County of Riverside's Official Website

www.rivco.org

Where you can find information about:

- Board Agendas
- County Agencies and Departments
- County Employment
- County Ordinances
- Court Cases
- Property Assessments
- Public and Official Records
- Roads and Highways
- Voting and Elections

Online services provided:

- Check your jury duty status
- Online crime report
- Pay your property taxes
- Pay your traffic tickets
- Report code violations
- · Request a birth, death, or marriage certificate
- · Search the county library catalog
- Vendor Registration

Visit the Auditor-Controller's Website

www.auditorcontroller.org

Auditor-Controller's Office Divisions:

- Administration
- Audits & Specialized Accounting
- General Accounting
- Payroll
- Property Tax

Financial Statements:

- Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)
- Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR)
- Internal Audit Reports
- Single Audit Reports
- · General Fund Daily Cash Balance





Riverside County Popular Annual Financial Report
Paul Angulo, CPA, MA
Riverside County Auditor-Controller
www.auditorcontroller.org