



# COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, CALIFORNIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



PREPARED BY THE OFFICE OF:

PAUL ANGULO, CPA, MA
COUNTY AUDITOR-CONTROLLER

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## INTRODUCTORY SECTION







### OFFICE OF THE AUDITOR-CONTROLLER

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Paul Angulo, CPA, M.A. County Auditor-Controller

Tanya S. Harris, DPA, CPA Assistant Auditor-Controller

December 4, 2020

The Honorable Board of Supervisors Citizens of the County of Riverside 4080 Lemon Street, 5th Floor Riverside, California 92501

Members of the Board and Citizens of Riverside County:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the County of Riverside (the County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, is hereby submitted in accordance with the provisions of Section 25253 of the Government Code of the State of California (the State). The report contains financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with the United States generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) prescribed for governmental entities. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data, the completeness, and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the County. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and changes in financial position of the various funds and component units of the County. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities have been included.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the report of the independent auditors and provides a narrative, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A was designed to complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The financial reporting entity for the County includes all the funds of the primary government--the County of Riverside as legally defined--as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The County has eleven independent fiscal entities that are considered blended component units and one discretely presented component unit. These entities vary widely in function and provide essential services. For a more detailed overview of the County's component units, see the MD&A and the notes to the basic financial statements.

Brown Armstrong Accountancy Corporation has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the County of Riverside's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The County is the fourth largest county by area in the State. It encompasses 7,295 square miles and extends nearly 184 miles across Southern California, from the Arizona border west to within 10 miles of the Pacific Ocean. It is situated east of Los Angeles and Orange Counties, south of San Bernardino County, and north of San Diego and Imperial Counties.

There are 28 incorporated cities located within the County. The latest city to be incorporated was Jurupa Valley on July 1, 2011. The largest cities in the County are Riverside (the County seat) with a population of 328,155, Moreno Valley 208,838, Corona 168,248, Murrieta 115,561, and Temecula 111,970. Estimated population figures are developed by the California State Department of Finance, and each year it is revised on January 1, with a revised estimate for the prior year. The total County population as of January 1, 2020, was reported as 2,442,304, an increase of 0.8 percent as compared to the revised estimate for January 1, 2019. Approximately 15.8 percent of the residents live in unincorporated areas.

All legislative and policy making powers are vested in the County Board of Supervisors (the Board), which consists of an elected supervisor from each of the five districts. The Board Supervisors serve four-year terms, and annually elect a Chairman and Vice-Chairman. The Board is responsible for, among other duties, passing ordinances; adopting budgets; and appointing committees, the County Executive Officer (CEO), and non-elected department directors. The County has five elected department heads responsible for the offices of the Treasurer-Tax Collector, Auditor-Controller, District Attorney, Sheriff, and Assessor-County Clerk-Recorder.

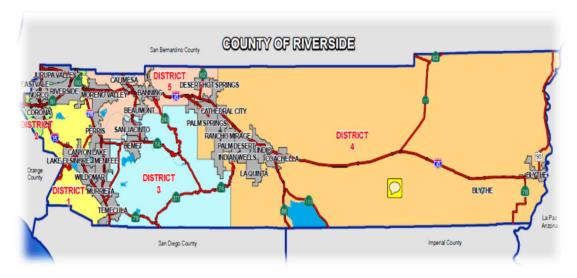
The First District includes areas within the cities of Riverside, Canyon Lake, Lake Elsinore, Wildomar and the unincorporated communities of DeLuz, Gavilan Hills, Good Hope, Lake Hills, Lake Mathews, LaCresta, Mead Valley, Meadowbrook, Spring Hills, Temescal Valley, Tenaja, Warm Springs, and Woodcrest.

The Second District includes the cities of Corona, Norco, approximately one-third of the City of Riverside, Eastvale, and Jurupa Valley. The unincorporated communities consist of Home Gardens, El Cerrito, Coronita, and Highgrove.

District Three includes the cities of Hemet, Murrieta, San Jacinto, and Temecula. Major unincorporated areas in the District include Aguanga, Anza, Idyllwild, Valle Vista, Winchester, Wine Country, and Pinyon Pines.

District Four is the largest district, covering the eastern two-thirds of the County. Within this District are the cities of Palm Springs (except the northern portion, which resides in District 5), Cathedral City, Rancho Mirage, Palm Desert, Indian Wells, La Quinta, Indio, Coachella, Desert Hot Springs, and Blythe. Major unincorporated areas include Bermuda Dunes, Thousand Palms, Sky Valley, Indio Hills, Desert Edge, Mecca, Thermal, Oasis, Vista Santa Rosa, North Shore, Chiriaco Summit, Desert Center, Lake Tamarisk, Eagle Mountain, Mesa Verde, Colorado River Communities, and Ripley.

The Fifth District includes the cities of Banning, Beaumont, Calimesa, Menifee, Moreno Valley, Perris, and the northern portion of Palm Springs. The unincorporated areas include Banning Bench, Cabazon, Cherry Valley, Desert Hills, Desert Hot Springs, El Nido area, Juniper Flats, Lake Perris, Lakeview, Lakeview Mountains, Mission Lakes, Mission Springs, Morongo Badlands, Nuevo, Painted Hills, Quail Lake, Reche Canyon, San Jacinto Wildlife Reserve, San Timoteo Canyon, Snow Creek, The Sovereign Nation of the Morongo Band of Mission Indians, Twin Pines, West Garnet, Whitewater and Windy Point.



Source: Riverside County GIS

The County has over 21,000 employees, and provides a variety of services and programs to its residences as the table below depicts.

#### The County provides a full range of services. These services are outlined in the table below:

Certificates, Licenses and Permits	Human Services
Birth, marriage, and death certificates; animal	Assistance for families, custody issues, and
licensing; and building permits.	veterans' services.
Children's Services	Libraries and Museums
Child Support Services, Mentor programs, Children	Edward Dean Museum and Riverside County Law
Medical Services, CalWORKS, Child Health and	Library.
Disability Prevention.	
Criminal Justice	Parks and Recreation
Departments dealing with criminal justice. District	Park & Open Space District, Golf Courses in
Attorney, Probation, Public Defender, and Sheriff.	Riverside County, and Riverside Bicycle Club.
Legal resources and Online Crime Report Form.	
Education	Pets and Animal Services
Office of Education.	Animal control, animal shelters, animal license
	inspection, animal rescue, report animal-control
	violations, and dog license fee.
Emergency Services	Property Information
Office of Emergency Services, Early Warning	Assessment appeals, building permit report, obtain
Notification System, Shelter Grant program, and	property information via GIS, pay property taxes
Homeless programs.	online, track your property taxes online, record map
	inquiry, information for new homeowners, and
	Riverside County land information.

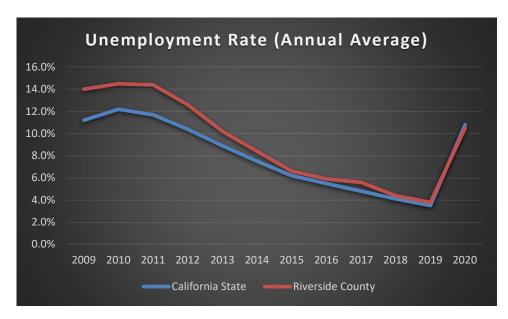
Environment	Public Works and Services
Solid waste, liquid waste, medical waste, sewage disposal, water systems, wells, backflow devices, food services, public pools and mobile home parks, vector control, hazardous materials services, fire protection services, waste reduction, and recycling.	Public infrastructure and municipal services including economic development, roads, flood control, waste resources, and code enforcement.
Flood Control	Public and Official Records
Flood Control and water conservation.	Official recorded documents, fictitious business names search, grantor/grantee search, vital records, and court records search.
Health	Roads and Highways
Family health centers, disease control, nutrition services, family planning, health education, injury prevention, emergency medical services, mental health services, industrial hygiene, laboratory, Epidemiology, and medical marijuana identification cards.	Road maintenance, land development, engineering services, and survey.
Housing	Taxes
First time home buyer programs, low income housing, rental assistance program, homeless shelter, and neighborhood stabilization program.	Property tax portal, tax bills, Assessor-County Clerk Recorder, Treasurer-Tax Collector, and Auditor- Controller.
Senior and Retirement	Voting
Aging & disability resource connection program, community outreach, community elderly abuse education, legal assistance, and senior employment.	Polling locations, vote by mail.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING ECONOMIC CONDITION

#### **State Economy**

The Governor's Budget Revision was issued in May 2020. The May Revision projects fiscal year 2020-21 general fund revenues and transfers of approximately \$137.15 billion, total expenditures of approximately \$133.90 billion and a year-end fund balance of approximately \$5.14 billion, of which \$3.18 billion would be reserved for liquidation of encumbrances and approximately \$1.96 billion would be deposited in a reserve fund for economic uncertainties.

The May Revision includes a projected balance of \$8.35 billion in the Budget Stabilization Account/Rainy Day Fund by the end of fiscal year 2020-21. The May Revision provides that the State started with a strong fiscal foundation by eliminating past budgetary debts and deferrals and was making extradionary payments to reduce pension liabilities. However, the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and resulting recession has changed the fiscal landscape dramatically. Unemployment claims have surged—with increased claims of 4.4 million from mid-March to early May, and a projected 2020 unemployment rate of 18%. The May Revision provides that job losses and business closures are sharply reducing State revenues. Compared to the Proposed fiscal year 2020-21 Budget, General Fund revenues are projected to decline over \$41 billion. This revenue drop, combined with increased cost in health and human services programs and the added cost to address COVID-19, leads to a projected budget deficit of approximately \$54 billion before implementation of the changes proposed in the May Revision.



The unemployment rate for the State of California and Riverside County displays an unexpected upward surge during the fiscal year 2019-20. During fiscal year 2019-20, the State's average unemployment rate increased from 3.5% to 10.8% and the County's unemployment rate increased from 3.8% to 10.5%. The rise in the number of unemployed workers is a result of the global pandemic, COVID-19.

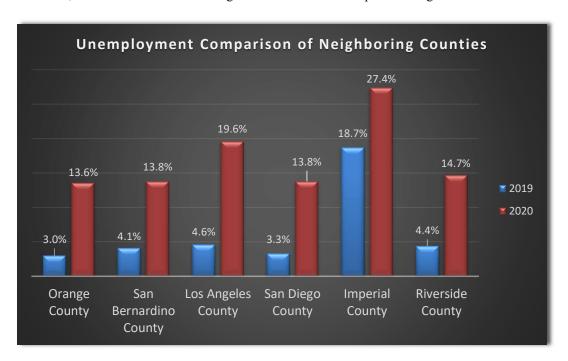
Source: Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division, Preliminary September 2020

#### **Local Economy**

Beacon Economics' current forecast for Riverside County represents three fiscal projections scenarios that provide a positive and negative outlook on the economy as a consequence of COVID-19. The spread of COVID-19 is having a significant impact throughout the world, including in our County. The potential impact to the County related to the COVID-19 outbreak includes, but is not limited to, disruption of the regional and local economy with corresponding decreases in the County's revenue. In order to reduce the negative impact on the County's revenue losses in the current fiscal year, the County has directed all departments to eliminate all non-mission critical, non-essential spending with impact to net County cost.

According to Beacon Economics, the nature of the pandemic makes traditional economic models unsuitable. Therefore, a guided framework was constructed to shape three scenarios that will show projections of revenue predicted on economic theorems. Prior to COVID-19, scenario 1: Baseline, reflected Gross Domestic Product (GDP) growing 2.0% to 2.3% for the 2020 calendar year with unemployment averaging near 3.4% and total nonfarm jobs exceeding 153.8 million by year-end. The following scenario projects a return to Pre-COVID-19 trend by October 1, 2020. Scenario 2 predicts COVID-19 will be contained by the end of the first quarter of fiscal year 2020-21, with the U.S. economy back to pre-COVID 19 employment levels and business activity by the second quarter of 2020-21. The third scenario projects a return to Pre-COVID-19 trend by fourth quarter of calendar year 2021. This scenario assumes that the United States economy will not return to its pre-COVID-19 path during the current fiscal year 2020-21. Despite with no vaccine available in the current calendar year, Riverside County taxable sales will recover throughout the duration of the scenario.

With the COVID-19 pandemic impacting business activities, homebuilding has ceased as construction is deemed nonessential. Homebuyers that planned to visit open houses have placed those plans on hold amid the Coronavirus pandemic. A decline in home buying will slow the growth of property and documentary transfer taxes receipts, and reassessments of property values amid recessionary factors which will hurt revenue. As the current pandemic continues, residents lack the confidence and financial ability to become potential homebuyers. However, there are suggestions once containment has been reached that residents will regain confidence and the housing demand may resurge. Riverside County revenues that are driven primarily by consumer and business spending will be significantly impacted in the region as a result of the global pandemic. Additionally, the leisure and hospitality industry was hit the hardest in April, sustaining roughly 47% of all job losses. Compared to last fiscal year 2019-20, the unemployment rate increased 11.6% within the State of California and 11.0% in the County. As public health mandates continue and business activities cease operations, consumers and investors may have less confidence in the market even after the containments end, which can result in limited growth when business reopens once again.



The unemployment rate between the surrounding counties exhibits a spike in the unemployment rate between fiscal year 2018-2019 and fiscal year 2019-2020. The COVID-19 outbreak and the economic downturn has produced higher rates of unemployment in the Southern California counties. As a result, the neighboring counties all shot up on average of 6% in fiscal year 2018-2019 to 17% in fiscal year 2019-2020.

Source: Employment Development Department, Labor Market Division, June 2020

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

To achieve the goal of providing outstanding and cost-effective public services, the County of Riverside applies sound management practices and policies that enhance the quality of life of its citizens. Such financial management practices have been identified by the Government Finance Officers Association and recognized as best practices that promote financial soundness, efficiency in government and solvency in public finance. The following committees have been established to aid in the implementation of oversight and transparency of such relevant financial policies:

Debt Advisory Committee provides advice to the Board on debt issuance and management.

Pension Advisory Review Committee provides an institutional framework to help guide policy decisions about retirement benefits.

Deferred Compensation Advisory Committee provides assurance of the financial stability of the deferred compensation plan through prudent monitoring of investments and costs.

Investment Oversight Committee reviews the County's investment policies.

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#### **Financial Reporting Awards**

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada has awarded a *Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting* to the County for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was the thirty-second consecutive year the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a *Certificate of Achievement*, a government entity must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

The County has also been awarded for *Outstanding Achievement* in the preparation of the Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR), which is also referred to as Financial Highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was the fourteenth consecutive year the County has achieved this award. In order to receive an award for *Outstanding Achievement in Popular Annual Financial Reporting*, a government entity must publish a PAFR, with contents conforming to program standards of creativity, presentation, understandability and reader appeal. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR and PAFR continue to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting both reports to the GFOA to determine the eligibility for new certificates.

#### Acknowledgments

The preparation of this CAFR could not have been accomplished without the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Auditor-Controller's Office, especially the staff members of the General Accounting Division who consistently produce award winning financial reports. Special recognition goes to the staff members of the contributing component units and the County departments for their participation in the preparation of this report.

Additionally, I would like to extend my gratitude to the Board of Supervisors and County Executive Office for their leadership in making the County a great place to live, work, and to conduct business. Finally, I would like to thank our independent auditors, Brown Armstrong Accountancy Corporation, for their efforts throughout this audit engagement.

Respectfully,

PAUL ANGULO, CPA, MA

PaulAngulo

RIVERSIDE COUNTY AUDITOR-CONTROLLER

#### **COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE**

List of Principal Officials As of June 30, 2020

#### **ELECTED OFFICIALS**

**Board of Supervisors** 



KEVIN JEFFRIES First District



KAREN SPIEGEL Second District



CHUCK WASHINGTON Third District



V. MANUEL PEREZ Fourth District



JEFF HEWITT Fifth District

#### **COUNTYWIDE ELECTED OFFICIALS**



MICHAEL HESTRIN
District Attorney



CHAD BIANCO
Sheriff
Coroner
Public Administrator



PAUL ANGULO
Auditor
Controller



PETER ALDANA Assessor Clerk Recorder

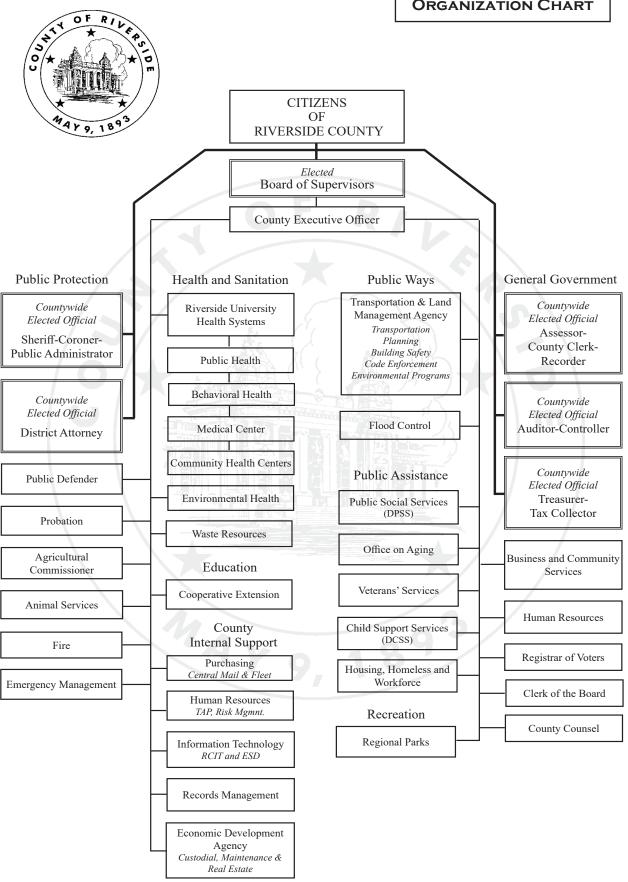


JON CHRISTENSEN Treasurer Tax Collector

#### APPOINTED OFFICIALS

GEORGE JOHNSON County Executive Officer GREGORY P. PRIAMOS County Counsel

### COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE ORGANIZATION CHART





#### Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

## County of Riverside California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

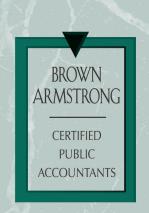
Christopher P. Morrill

**Executive Director/CEO** 

# FINANCIAL SECTION







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#### BROWN ARMSTRONG

Certified Public Accountants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Riverside, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Riverside, California, (the County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (the Flood Control), Housing Authority of the County of Riverside (the Housing Authority), Riverside County Regional Park and Open-Space District (the Park District), Perris Valley Cemetery District (the Cemetery District), Riverside County Redevelopment Successor Agency (the Successor Agency), and Riverside County Children and Families Commission (the Commission), which represent the following percentages, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the following opinion units:

Opinion Unit	Assets	Revenues
Governmental Activities	18%	3%
Business-Type Activities	15%	11%
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	2%	1%
Discretely Presented Component Unit	100%	100%

Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Flood Control, the Housing Authority, the Park District, the Cemetery District, the Successor Agency, and the Commission, are based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, the Transportation Special Revenue Fund, and the Flood Control Special Revenue Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-24; the County's Retirement Plans schedules relating to net pension liabilities, changes in net pension liabilities, and pension contributions on pages 132-144; and the County's net and total other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liabilities, changes in net and total OPEB liabilities, and schedules of plan contributions on pages 145-151 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and respective budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and respective budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and respective budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2020, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BROWN ARMSTRONG
ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION

Brown Armstrong Secountaincy Corporation

Bakersfield, California December 4, 2020

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS





#### **MANAGEMENT'S**

#### **DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

It is presented as required supplementary information for the benefit of the readers of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

This section of the County of Riverside's (the County) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Letter of Transmittal beginning on page vii and the County's basic financial statements which begin on page 25.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- At the close of fiscal year 2019-20, the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.36 billion (*net position*). The net position included \$3.27 billion of net investment in capital assets, \$792.5 million of restricted resources for the County's ongoing obligations related to programs with external restrictions, and \$2.71 billion deficit of unrestricted resources.
- As of June 30, 2020, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$1.19 billion, an increase of \$81.5 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 21.6% of this amount (\$258.0 million) is available for spending at the County's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the *committed, assigned,* and *unassigned* components of *fund balance*) for the general fund was \$286.5 million, or approximately 8.7% of total general fund expenditures.
- The change in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation resulted from major increases in structures and improvements.
- During fiscal year 2019-20, the County issued \$720.0 million in Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2020. The Series 2020 bonds were issued to refund a portion of the County's obligations to the California Public Employee's Retirement System (CalPERS) under the CalPERS Contract, evidencing a portion of the County's obligation to pay the County's unfunded accrued actuarial liability to CalPERS and pay the costs of issuance related to the Series 2020 Bonds.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements which are comprised of the following three components: (1) Government-wide Financial Statements, (2) Fund Financial Statements, and (3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements, *Required Supplementary Information* is included to provide additional detail to support the basic financial statements.

**Government-wide Financial Statements** are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or declining. The statement of net position in summary can be found on page 7, and in more detail on page 25.

The *statement of activities*, presented on page 9 in summary and on pages 26-27 in detail, provides information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods. For example, property tax revenues are recorded when accrued but not yet collected, and when expenditures for compensated absences are accrued, but not yet paid.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, and recreation and cultural services. Governmental activities include six major funds, twenty-one nonmajor funds, and a representative allocation of the County's internal service funds. The six major governmental funds are the general fund, transportation special revenue fund, flood control special revenue fund, teeter debt service fund, CARES Act Coronavirus Relief special revenue fund, and pension obligation debt service fund. The business-type activities of the County include three major enterprise funds and three nonmajor funds. The major enterprise funds are the Riverside University Health Systems-Medical Center (RUHS-MC), Waste Resources, and the Housing Authority.

The government-wide financial statements also provide information regarding the County's component units, entities for which the County (the primary government) is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legally separate entities, they are, in substance, part of the County's operations. Accordingly, the financial information from these units is combined with financial information of the primary government.

The financial information for the Children and Families Commission (the Commission), a legally separate component unit whose governing body is appointed by and serves at the will of the County, is presented separately from the financial information of the primary government.

#### The blended component units are:

- County of Riverside Asset Leasing Corporation (CORAL)
- County of Riverside District Court Financing Corporation
- Housing Authority of the County of Riverside (Housing Authority)
- In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority
- Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (Flood Control)
- Riverside County Infrastructure Financing Authority (IFA)
- Riverside County Regional Park and Open-Space District
- Riverside County Public Financing Authority (PFA)
- Riverside County Service Areas
- Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority
- Perris Valley Cemetery District

**Fund Financial Statements**, illustrated on pages 30-48, provide information regarding the three major categories of County funds – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Major funds are determined based on minimum criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as amended. Like other state and local governments, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund accounting is also used to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements often have a budgetary orientation; are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting; and focus primarily on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year, unlike government-wide financial statements. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. The governmental funds' balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provided are accompanied by reconciliations to the

government-wide financial statements in order to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type (general, special revenue, debt service, capital projects, and permanent funds). The governmental fund financial statements present the financial information of each major fund (the general fund, transportation special revenue fund, flood control special revenue fund, teeter debt service fund, CARES Act Coronavirus Relief special revenue fund, and pension obligation debt service fund) in separate columns.

Financial information for the remaining governmental funds (nonmajor funds) is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Financial information for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is presented in the supplementary information section.

Budgetary comparison statements are also included in the fund financial statements. The statements present the County's annual estimated revenue and appropriation budgets for all governmental fund budgets except for CORAL, District Court Financing Corporation, Infrastructure Financing Authority, Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority, Public Financing Authority, Public Safety Enterprise Communication (PSEC), and Perris Valley Cemetery Endowment Fund. The budgetary comparison statements have been provided to demonstrate compliance with their respective budgets.

**Proprietary Funds** are used to account for services for which the County charges customers, either outside customers or internal departments of the County. Proprietary funds statements, found on pages 43-46, provide the same type of information as shown in the government-wide financial statements with more detail. The County maintains the following two types of proprietary funds:

- Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for RUHS-MC, Waste Resources, Housing Authority, County Service Areas, Flood Control and Riverside University Health Systems Community Health Centers (RUHS-CHC). RUHS-MC, Waste Resources, and Housing Authority financial statements are reported in separate columns of the proprietary fund statements due to the materiality criteria defined by GASB Statement No. 34, as amended. Financial information for the remaining enterprise funds (nonmajor funds) is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund statements for County Service Areas, Flood Control and RUHS-CHC are presented in the supplementary information section.
- Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for certain County programs and activities. The County uses internal service funds to account for its records and archive management, fleet services, information services, central mail services, supply services, human resources, risk management, temporary assistance pool, economic development agency (facilities management), and flood control equipment. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund financial information for each internal service fund is provided in the supplementary information section.

**Fiduciary Funds** report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the County's programs nor be reflected in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds maintained by the County include a pension trust fund, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and custodial funds. The fiduciary fund financial statements, on pages 47-48, are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements** provide additional information other than that displayed on the face of the financial statements and are essential for fair presentation of the financial information in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 49-129 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information provides changes in net pension liability and related ratios, employer contributions to the pension plan, changes in net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability and related ratios,

employer contributions to the OPEB plan, and changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 132-151 of this report.

Combining and individual fund statements and budgetary schedules provide information for nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds, and are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and budgetary schedules can be found on pages 153-203 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The table below focuses on the net position and changes in net position in the County's governmental and business-type activities. It presents an analysis of the County's net position as of June 30, 2020, in comparison to the prior fiscal year 2018-19. At the end of current fiscal year, the County reported positive net position in two of the three categories: net investment in capital assets and restricted net position. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources, as indicated below, exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.36 billion, representing a decrease of \$855.1 million (\$854.9 million changes in net position and a restatement of \$225 thousand, see Note 3), or 38.7%. A more detailed statement can be found on page 25 in the government-wide financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands)															
	Governmental				Business-type							Total			
		Activ	ities	3		Activities			Total					Dollar	Percentage
	2	020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019	(	Change	Change
Assets:															
Current and other assets	\$ 2	2,975,153	\$	2,418,904	\$	573,787	\$	477,346	\$	3,548,940	\$	2,896,250	\$	652,690	22.5%
Capital assets	5	5,000,676		4,935,151		541,267		335,431		5,541,943		5,270,582		271,361	5.1%
Total assets	7	,975,829		7,354,055		1,115,054		812,777		9,090,883		8,166,832		924,051	11.3%
Deferred outflows of resources:		764,006		846,545		109,422		132,874		873,428		979,419		(105,991)	-10.8%
Total deferred outflows of resources		764,006		846,545		109,422		132,874		873,428		979,419		(105,991)	-10.8%
Liabilities:															
Current liabilities	1	,210,919		802,583		359,427		242,546		1,570,346		1,045,129		525,217	50.3%
Long-term liabilities		,824,415		4,935,506		1,066,385		821,739		6,890,800		5,757,245		1,133,555	19.7%
Total liabilities	7	,035,334		5,738,089		1,425,812		1,064,285		8,461,146		6,802,374		1,658,772	24.4%
Deferred inflows of resources:		124,935		112,046		21,330		19,815		146,265		131,861		14,404	10.9%
Total deferred inflows of resources		124,935		112,046		21,330		19,815		146,265		131,861		14,404	10.9%
Net position:															
Net investment in capital assets	3	,042,172		3,673,404		228,265		224,427		3,270,437		3,897,831		(627,394)	-16.1%
Restricted		735,739		769,225		56,744		40,585		792,483		809,810		(17,327)	-2.1%
Unrestricted		2,198,345)		(2,092,164)		(507,675)		(403,461)		(2,706,020)		(2,495,625)		(210,395)	-8.4%
Total net position	\$ 1	,579,566	\$	2,350,465	\$	(222,666)	\$	(138,449)	\$	1,356,900	\$	2,212,016	\$	(855,116)	-38.7%

#### **Analysis of Net Position**

Below are the three components of net position and their respective balances as of June 30, 2020:

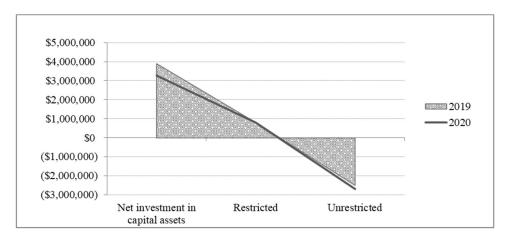
The largest portion of the County's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets of \$3.27 billion, a decrease of \$627.4 million, or 16.1%, from prior fiscal year. This component consists of capital assets such as land and easements, structures and improvements, infrastructure, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation. The amount is further reduced by any debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's net investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated for these liabilities.

The restricted net position is \$792.5 million, a decrease of \$17.3 million, or 2.1%, from prior fiscal year, and represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. External restrictions include those imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The unrestricted net position is negative \$2.71 billion, a decrease of \$210.4 million, or 8.4%, from the prior year. The negative unrestricted net position resulted from GASB Statement No. 68 related to pensions and its requirement to record a net pension liability on the government-wide financial statements as pension costs increased in the current year. The factors contributing to increased pension costs include salary increases, retirements, and retiree cost-of-livings were greater than expected, terminations and retiree deaths were fewer than expected.

The decrease in overall net position of governmental and business-type activities was attributed to several contributing factors. The annual contribution to retirement plans for fiscal year 2019-20 was \$1.10 billion, an increase of \$787.8 million, or 252.2%, from fiscal year 2018-19. The significant increase was due to the issuance of the Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2020. The Series 2020 bonds were issued to refund a portion of the County's obligation to the CalPERS under the CalPERS Contract, evidencing a portion of the County's obligation to pay the County's unfunded accrued actuarial liability to CalPERS. There were also increased expenditures in public protection of \$609.1 million and an increase of \$168.7 million in public assistance expenditures. The operating expenses in business-type activities increased by \$95.6 million, or 10.1%. There was an increase of \$74.8 million, or 11.3%, by RUHS-MC. This was mostly related to increases in personnel salary costs, professional services and supplies. Operating expenses increased by \$15.6 million, or 19.5%, for RUHS-CHC. This was mainly due to increases in salaries and benefits, professional services and depreciation expense.

#### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands)



The following table provides information from the Statement of Activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 as compared to the prior year:

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands)

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type			Total		
	Activ	ities		vities	T-	otal	Dollar	Percentage	
•	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	Change	Change	
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 768,139	\$ 759,487	\$ 895,026	\$ 837,924	\$ 1,663,165	\$ 1,597,411	\$ 65,754	4.1%	
Operating grants									
and contributions	2,291,206	2,010,351	-	-	2,291,206	2,010,351	280,855	14.0%	
Capital grants									
and contributions	32,453	47,530	355	-	32,808	47,530	(14,722)	-31.0%	
General revenues:									
Property taxes	424,417	407,895	-	-	424,417	407,895	16,522	4.1%	
Sales and use taxes	30,745	33,673	-	-	30,745	33,673	(2,928)	-8.7%	
Unrestricted intergovernmental									
revenue	320,206	281,336	-	-	320,206	281,336	38,870	13.8%	
Investment earnings	44,139	69,755	4,841	8,330	48,980	78,085	(29,105)	-37.3%	
Other	279,802	285,511	-	-	279,802	285,511	(5,709)	-2.0%	
Total revenues	4,191,107	3,895,538	900,222	846,254	5,091,329	4,741,792	349,537	7.4%	
Expenses:									
General government	336,802	261,113	-	-	336,802	261,113	75,689	29.0%	
Public protection	2,209,120	1,600,054	-	-	2,209,120	1,600,054	609,066	38.1%	
Public ways and facilities	239,741	244,547	-	-	239,741	244,547	(4,806)	-2.0%	
Health and sanitation	759,480	611,195	-	-	759,480	611,195	148,285	24.3%	
Public assistance	1,236,525	1,067,788	-	-	1,236,525	1,067,788	168,737	15.8%	
Education	32,607	25,220	-	-	32,607	25,220	7,387	29.3%	
Recreation and cultural services	22,939	19,232	-	-	22,939	19,232	3,707	19.3%	
Interest on long-term debt	69,034	69,630	-	-	69,034	69,630	(596)	-0.9%	
Riverside University Health			720 207	((2.40(	729.207	((2.40(	74.010	11.20/	
Systems - Medical Center	-	-	738,306	663,496	738,306	663,496	74,810	11.3%	
Waste Resources	_	_	104,445	102,278	104,445	102,278	2,167	2.1%	
Housing Authority	_	_	99,066	95,929	99,066	95,929	3,137	3.3%	
County Service Areas	_	_	254	233	254	233	21	9.0%	
Flood Control	_	_	2,245	2,404	2,245	2,404	(159)	-6.6%	
Riverside University Health			, -	, .	, -	, ,	( /		
Systems - Community	_	_	95,371	79,792	95,371	79,792	15,579	19.5%	
Health Centers			,	,		,			
Total expenses	4,906,248	3,898,779	1,039,687	944.132	5,945,935	4,842,911	1,103,024	22.8%	
•	.,,,	2,020,112	-,007,007	71,102	5,5 15,5 55	1,0 12,2 1 1	-,,		
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	(715 141)	(2.241)	(120.465)	(07, 979)	(954 (90	(101 110)	(752, 497)	745 10/	
Transfer in (out)	(715,141) (55,533)	(3,241) (28,292)	(139,465) 55,533	(97,878) 28,292	(854,606)	(101,119)	(753,487)	745.1% 0.0%	
•	(33,333)	(20,292)	33,333	20,292	-	-	-	0.070	
Change in net position, before									
extraordinary items	(770,674)	(31,533)	(83,932)			N / /	(753,487)	745.1%	
Extraordinary items	-	-	(285)	-	(285)	-	(285)	100.0%	
Change in net position	(770,674)	(31,533)	(84,217)	(69,586)	(854,891)	(101,119)	(753,772)	745.4%	
Net position, beginning of year,	,		, , ,		· · · /				
as restated	2,350,240	2,381,998	(138,449)	(68,863)	2,211,791	2,313,135	(101,344)	-4.4%	
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,579,566							-38.7%	
1 to position, ond or year	Ψ 1,5/2,500	Ψ 2,550,705	ψ (444,000)	ψ (130, <del>11</del> 3)	ψ 1,330,700	Ψ 2,212,010	ψ (033,110)	-30.770	

#### **Analysis of Changes in Net Position**

The following are specific major factors that resulted in the net position changes in governmental activities between fiscal years 2019-20 and 2018-19 as shown in the table on page 9.

#### Revenues for governmental activities

Total revenues for governmental activities were \$4.19 billion, an increase of \$295.6 million, or 7.6%, from the previous year. This increase consisted of increases in program revenues of \$274.4 million and general revenues of \$21.1 million. The largest share of program revenues were operating grants and contributions which accounted for 74.1%. Operating grants and contributions are monies received from parties outside the County and are generally restricted to one or more specific programs such as State and Federal revenue for public assistance and health and sanitation. Charges for services are revenues that arise from charges to external customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided. General revenues are used to support program activities Countywide. Example of general revenues include property tax, sales and use tax, as well as other County levied tax, investment income, rents and concessions, contributions and donation, and sales of surplus property.

The increase in program revenues was primarily comprised of the following:

- Charges for services increased by \$8.7 million, or 1.1%. An increase of \$15.6 million in public protection was due to an increase in contract law enforcement services. This was offset by a decrease in Assembly Bill (AB) 233 Realignment revenue of \$2.8 million and an overall decrease of \$3.1 million in general government.
- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$280.9 million, or 14.0%. There was a significant increase of \$148.8 million in federal revenue, which relates to the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act. There was a \$41.3 million increase in federal assistance programs. Finally, a \$27.5 million increase was due to Assembly Bill (AB) 118 revenue due to an increase in offsetting expenditures.
- Capital grants and contributions decreased by \$15.1 million, or 31.7%. The decrease is related to capital grant funding of Phase I of the newly constructed John J. Benoit Detention Center, which is partially funded through AB 900. Phase I of the state-of-the-art detention center has been completed.

The increase in general revenues was largely attributable to:

- Property tax revenues increased by \$16.5 million, or 4.1%. The increase is due to the growth of assessed property valuations, increases in changes of ownership of real estate, and rising values in all sectors of the commercial real estate and residential markets.
- Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues increased by \$38.9 million, or 13.8%. \$23.8 million is due to an increase in realignment revenue from vehicle license fees (VLF) and \$15.1 million due to an increase in motor vehicle in-lieu taxes.
- Investment earnings decreased by \$25.6 million, or 36.7%. The decrease was due to actions taken by the Federal Reserve which have caused interest earnings to decline.

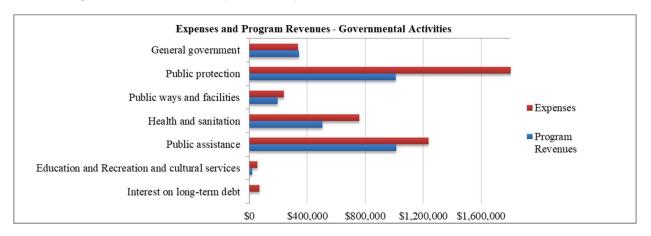
#### Expenses for governmental activities

Total expenses for governmental activities were \$4.91 billion for the current fiscal year, an increase of \$1.00 billion, or 25.8% (the \$1.00 billion increase is related to functional expenses and only a \$596 thousand increase in interest expense), as compared to prior fiscal year. The following are the key components accounting for the variances:

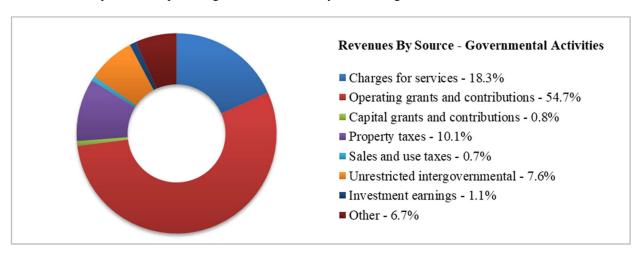
- The expenses in general government increased by \$75.7 million, or 29.0%. %. An increase of \$36.5 million was due to a payment to CalPERS to pay a portion of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability that was funded by the Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2020. There was an \$11.4 million dollar increase in the Community Services fund related to federal funding received in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. This funding was used to provide grant assistance to small businesses in the County.
- The expenses in public protection increased by \$609.1 million, or 38.1%. This was mainly due to an increase of \$517.4 million due to a payment to CalPERS to pay a portion of the County's unfunded accrued actuarial liability that was funded by the Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2020.

- The expenses in health and sanitation increased by \$148.3 million, or 24.3%. An increase of \$63.4 million was due to a payment to CalPERS to pay a portion of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability that was funded by the Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2020. There was also a \$69.0 million increase in the general fund, mainly related to an increase in mental health treatment services.
- Of the \$168.7 million, or 15.8%, increase in public assistance, \$76.5 million was due to a payment to CalPERS to pay a portion of the unfunded accrued actuarial liability that was funded by the Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2020. There was an additional \$55.7 million increase related to mandated public services that were provided through the Department of Public Social Services (DPSS).

The following chart displays expenses and the associated program revenues by function for the governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (In thousands):



The chart below presents the percentage of total revenues by source for governmental activities:



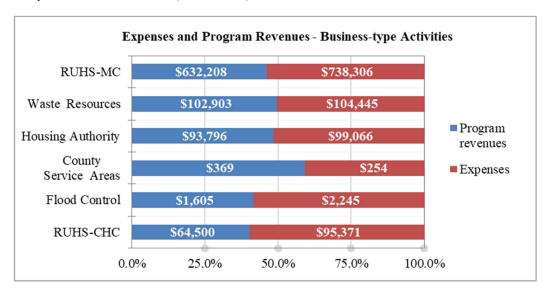
#### **Business-type** Activities

The County has three major business-type activity funds: RUHS-MC, Waste Resources, and Housing Authority. In addition, Flood Control, County Service Areas and RUHS-CHC are included in the business-type activities of the County. Business-type activities recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges and provide services primarily to non-County entities.

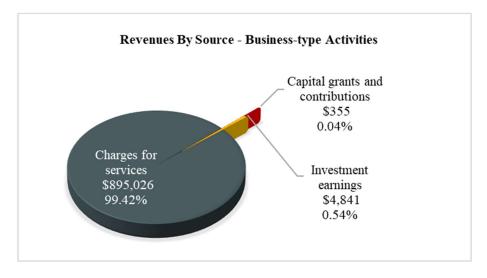
Revenues: For the current year, \$895.0 million, or 99.4%, of business-type activities program revenue was received from charges for services, a percentage consistent with the prior fiscal year. The majority of this revenue, \$631.9 million, was received by RUHS-MC as compared to \$585.8 million for the prior fiscal year. The increase was mainly attributed to higher patient revenue from in-patients and out-patients visits and therefore increases in insurance contracts revenues and other collection sources, as well as increased state compensation for care of patients with Medi-Cal insurance.

Expenses: Total expenses for business-type activities were \$1.04 billion for the fiscal year compared to \$944.1 million for the prior fiscal year. This represents an increase of \$95.6 million, or 10.1%. The majority of the increase in expenses was incurred by RUHS-MC with an increase of \$74.8 million and RUHS-CHC with \$15.6 million. The increase by RUHS-MC was mainly attributed to salaries and benefits increases and increases in insurance expenses. The increase related to RUHS-CHC was mainly due to salaries and benefits increases, as well as an increase in professional services and depreciation expense.

The following chart displays expenses and the associated program revenues by function for the business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 (In thousands):



The chart below presents the percentage of total revenues (In thousands) by source for business-type activities:



### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF FUND STATEMENTS

As noted earlier, the County uses *fund accounting* to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on the sources, uses, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's short-term financial requirements. In particular, the total fund balance less the nonspendable amount may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Types of governmental funds reported by the County include the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, debt service funds, and the permanent fund.

As of June 30, 2020, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$1.19 billion, an increase of \$81.5 million in comparison with the prior year. The components of total fund balance are as follows (See Note 16 - Fund Balances for additional information):

- Nonspendable fund balance \$9.8 million, amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance \$791.4 million, amounts that are constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties such as creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations.
- Committed fund balance \$35.7 million, amounts that are committed for a specific purpose. These funds require action from the Board of Supervisors to remove or change the specified use.
- Assigned fund balance \$96.7 million, amounts that have been set aside and are intended to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Assigned amounts cannot cause a deficit in unassigned fund balance.
- Unassigned fund balance \$258.0 million, funds that are not reported in any other category and are available for any purpose within the general fund.

Total governmental fund revenue increased by \$317.2 million, or 8.5%, from the prior fiscal year with \$4.04 billion being recognized for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Expenditures increased by \$987.7 million, or 26.9%, from the prior fiscal year with \$4.65 billion being expended for governmental functions during fiscal year 2019-20. Overall, governmental fund balance increased by \$76.4 million, or 6.9%. In comparison, fiscal year 2018-19 had an increase in governmental fund balance of \$26.3 million, or 2.4%, over fiscal year 2017-18.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At the end of fiscal year 2019-20, the general fund's total fund balance was \$401.7 million, as compared to \$412.4 million in fiscal year 2018-19. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both total fund balance and spendable fund balance to total fund expenditures. The nonspendable portion of fund balance was \$2.5 million, and the spendable portion was \$399.2 million. The current year unassigned fund balance is 7.8% of the total general fund expenditures of \$3.30 billion, as compared to 9.1% of the prior year expenditures total of \$3.03 billion. The total fund balance of the general fund for the current year is 12.2% of the total general fund expenditures as compared to 13.6% for the prior year.

The fund balance of the County's general fund decreased by \$10.7 million during the current fiscal year. The overall decrease in net position was due to an increase in expenditures for public protection, health and sanitation, and public assistance. Other factors contributing to the decrease in fund balance were the result of operations as discussed in the general fund financial analysis on pages 15 and 16.

Transportation fund balance increased by \$7.0 million, or 6.7%, due mainly to an increase in funding related to Senate Bill (SB) 1 and SB132. There was also a \$4.7 million restatement, see Note 3 – Restatements of Beginning Fund Balances/Net Position for additional information.

Flood control fund balance increased by \$16.3 million, or 6.3%. The increase in fund balance is primarily a result of an increase in property taxes and redevelopment revenues received during the current fiscal year.

CARES Act Coronavirus Relief fund increased by \$1.8 million, or 100.0%. The increase is due to the establishment of the special revenue fund in fiscal year 2019-20 to account for federal assistance received in response to the coronavirus pandemic.

Pension Obligation fund increased by \$5.9 million, or 82.9%. The increase is due to the issuance of the Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2020.

### **Other Governmental Funds**

The \$54.2 million, or 16.1%, increase in nonmajor governmental funds fund balance was primarily due to federal funding received in the special revenue funds in response to the coronavirus pandemic. In fiscal year 2020, the Public Facilities Improvement and Public Financing Authority Funds became nonmajor funds and the CARES Act Coronavirus Relief Fund and the Pension Obligation Fund became major funds.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The County's proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The RUHS-MC, Waste Resources, and Housing Authority are shown in separate columns of the fund statements due to materiality criteria as defined by GASB Statement No. 34, as amended. In addition, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund statements with the individual fund data provided in the combining statements, which can be found in the supplemental information section.

At the end of the fiscal year, total proprietary fund net position was a negative \$52.2 million, compared to a negative \$29.9 million from prior fiscal year; this represents a decrease of \$22.2 million, or 74.5%. The funds accounting for the majority of the variance were RUHS-MC, Internal Service Funds, and Other. The total decrease in net position for RUHS-MC and Other were \$54.4 million and \$7.3 million, respectively. Factors concerning the finances of these two funds have been previously discussed in the business-type activities on page 12. These decreases were offset by an increase of \$40.3 million in the Internal Service funds. This was mainly due mainly to the Risk Management fund with an increase in net position of \$40.1 million.

#### GENERAL FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Revenues and other financing sources for the general fund, including comparative amounts from the preceding year, are shown in the following tabulation:

## General Fund - Revenues by Source For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands)

	 2020		2019			ncrease / Decrease)	
Revenues by Source	 Amount	Percent of Total	Amount	Percent of Total	Amount		Percentage of Change
Taxes	\$ 336,983	9.7%	\$ 326,991	10.1%	\$	9,992	3.1%
Intergovernmental revenues	2,257,054	65.2%	2,089,129	64.8%		167,925	8.0%
Charges for services	510,103	14.7%	499,566	15.5%		10,537	2.1%
Other revenue	176,612	5.1%	187,751	5.8%		(11,139)	-5.9%
Other financing sources	183,121	5.3%	120,495	3.8%		62,626	52.0%
Total	\$ 3,463,873	100.0%	\$ 3,223,932	100.0%	\$	239,941	7.4%

General fund revenues had an overall increase of \$239.9 million, or 7.4%, from the prior year. The increase was due primarily to the changes in the following:

- The increase in *Taxes* of \$10.0 million during the current fiscal year was due to the increase on the assessment roll value for fiscal year 2019-20 with the main increase noted for secured property taxes.
- The increase of \$167.9 million in *Intergovernmental revenues* was primarily attributed to increases of \$79.3 million in additional State funding which includes increases for mandated reimbursement in motor vehicle in lieu taxes of approximately \$15.0 million, increases in mental health services of \$14.2 million, additional realignment revenue for family support services \$8.7 million, revenue increases in child welfare services of \$21.8 million, and an increase of \$23.8 million in realignment revenue from vehicle license fees (VLF). Another major increase in intergovernmental revenues of approximately \$79.1 million was in Federal funding which included increases of \$8.3 million in additional grants to fund the substance abuse and prevention treatment programs, \$18.5 million increase in Medi-Cal Part A funding, \$3.4 million in additional funding in block grants, \$41.3 million increase in public assistance programs along with a \$3.4 million increase to administer the programs that are provided by the DPSS.

- Charges for services increased by \$10.5 million primarily due to increases in contract law enforcement service revenues.
- The decrease in *Other revenue* of approximately \$11.1 million relates to the decrease in investment earnings during the current fiscal year as interest rates declined.
- The increase in *Other financing sources* of approximately \$62.6 million was primarily related to the purchase of a helicopter by the Sheriff Department that is being financed through a capital lease and transfers received to help with COVID-19 related costs.

Expenditures and other financing uses for the general fund, including comparative amounts from the preceding year, are shown in the following tabulation:

#### General Fund - Expenditures by Function For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands)

					In	crease /	
	2020		2019		(D	ecrease)	
		Percent of		Percent of			Percentage
Expenditures by Function	Amount	Total	Amount	Total	A	Amount	of Change
General government	\$ 120,724	3.5%	\$ 118,662	3.7%	\$	2,062	1.7%
Public protection	1,477,295	42.5%	1,382,395	43.5%		94,900	6.9%
Health and sanitation	627,950	18.1%	558,905	17.6%		69,045	12.4%
Public assistance	1,010,175	29.1%	934,641	29.4%		75,534	8.1%
Other expenditures	56,548	1.6%	32,346	1.0%		24,202	74.8%
Other financing uses	179,954	5.2%	154,164	4.8%		25,790	16.7%
Total	\$ 3,472,646	100.0%	\$ 3,181,113	100.0%	\$	291,533	9.2%

General fund expenditures had an overall increase of \$291.5 million, or 9.2%, from the prior year. Significant changes are as follows:

- The increase in *Public protection* of \$94.9 million was due to increases in salaries and employee benefits of \$69.4 million and service and supplies of \$28.0 million. The increases in salaries and employee benefits were noted in the Sheriff and District Attorney Departments to pay for the hiring of new employees, pay for overtime salaries, and pay for pension benefits. The expenditure increases in services and supplies were mainly incurred to combat COVID-19 related costs.
- The increase in *Health and sanitation* of \$69.0 million was attributed to a \$7.0 million increase in salaries and employee benefit costs, \$9.5 million increase in intergovernmental activity and \$47.9 million in other charges of which \$35.8 million related to mental health treatment expenditures.
- The increase in *Public assistance* of \$75.5 million relates to a \$16.7 million increase in salaries and employee benefit costs, \$58.5 million increase in other charges of which \$55.7 million related to mandated public services that were provided through DPSS.
- The increase in *Other expenditures* of \$24.2 million was due to an increase of approximately \$3.8 million in interest on long-term debt as the Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANS) carried a higher interest rate. Additionally, an increase of approximately \$18.1 million in capital outlay related to the purchase of a helicopter by the Sherriff Department.
- The increase in *Other financing uses* of \$25.8 million was mainly due to contributions of \$13.3 million for construction cost of capital projects, \$11.2 million for financing debt service payments according to the debt service schedules for the various outstanding bonds of the County, and \$2.1 million to fund increases in pension obligations.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

This section provides a summary of the primary factors attributing to the general fund variances between 1) the original adopted and the final budget, and 2) the final budget and the actual revenue and expenditure amounts. The budgetary comparison statement displays the details of the comparison and is included in the governmental fund statements section.

#### Variance between General Fund Original Adopted and Final Budgets

#### **Estimated Revenue Variances**

The original adopted general fund estimated revenue budget decreased by \$34.9 million, or 1.0%, from \$3.60 billion to the final revenue budget of \$3.57 billion. The major estimated revenue variances are described as follows:

Aid from other governmental agencies: Increased by \$99.7 million or 4.2%, from \$2.39 billion to \$2.49 billion. The primary increase of \$50.2 million was from the Department of Public Social Services (DPSS) as a result of a \$17.2 million increase related to a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between the Riverside County In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) Public Authority and United Domestic Workers Union (UDW) to receive additional funding to cover provider wages and health benefits. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, DPSS anticipated significant caseload increases and as a result a \$26.5 million budget increase was necessary to operate the child welfare services program. Also, an additional \$13.7 million in Foster Care Assistance, Emergency Assistance and Adoptions Assistance was necessary to operate the programs. Realignment budget revenues for the Mental Health Department increased by \$31.2 million to account for the additional funding. Finally, the Sheriff Department budget increased by \$7.4 million to account for a grant award received for the purchase of body worn cameras for the officers and other capital asset purchases.

<u>Charges for current services</u>: Decreased by \$79.1 million, or 12.4%, from \$638.1 million to \$559.1 million. The primary decrease was due to intergovernmental activities of \$92.0 million. Additionally, a decrease of \$2.3 million from the Animal Control Department was recorded to account for rate changes to city contracts. The previously mentioned decreases were offset by a budget increase related to sheriff patrol services of approximately \$15.0 million from contracts with cities.

Other revenue: Decreased by \$56.9 million, or 53.3%, from \$106.7 million to \$49.8 million. The primary decrease was due to intergovernmental activities of \$66.7 million, which was offset by \$2.8 million increase to account for a higher premium related to the Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes. Also, the Sheriff Department received CARES ACT funding through contributions from another fund in the amount of \$7.1 million.

#### **Expenditure Appropriation Variances**

The original adopted general fund appropriation budget increase by \$11.7 million, or 0.3%, from \$3.65 billion to the final appropriation budget of \$3.66 billion. The major expenditure appropriation variances are described as follows:

General government: The original recommended appropriation budget for General government decreased by \$53.4 million, or 21.3%, from \$251.4 million to the final appropriation budget of \$198.0 million. The major appropriation variances are described below.

- Services and supplies increased by \$5.7 million or 6.8%, from \$83.8 million to \$89.5 million. An increase of \$1.9 million was due to the Registrar of Voters upgrading its system for the elections. Also, an increase of \$1.4 million was noted related to the County 2020 census activities.
- Other charges decreased by \$54.4 million, or 49.8%, from \$109.2 million to \$54.8 million. The primary decrease of \$61.8 million was due to intergovernmental activities, which was offset by an increase of \$7.0 million in contributions to other County departments and of which \$2.9 million was for a facility renewal project; \$3.2 million to pay for software costs related to an upgrade for HCM PeopleSoft, and \$1.0 million was provided to pay for the financing of a helicopter.

• Appropriation for contingencies decreased by \$4.6 million or 26.2%, from \$17.6 million to \$13.0 million. Contingency budgets are established to cover urgent, unforeseeable budget overrun and mission-critical issues. The primary decrease was due to the current COVID-19 pandemic that the Executive Office advance of contingency funding to the Emergency Management Department to cover COVID-19 related expenditures.

<u>Public protection</u>: The original recommended appropriation budget for Public protection increased by \$57.1 million or 3.8%, from \$1.51 billion to the final appropriation budget of \$1.56 billion. The major appropriation variances are described below.

- Salaries and employee benefits increased by \$25.6 million, or 2.7% from \$966.4 million to \$992.0 million. There was an increase in salaries and employee benefits in the Sheriff and District Attorney to pay for the hiring of new employees, pay for overtime salaries, and pay for pension benefits.
- Services and supplies increased by \$24.1 million, or 4.9%, from \$494.8 million to \$519.0 million. The primary increase of \$14.3 million by the Emergency Management Department was for the purchase of additional personal protective equipment (PPE) related to the pandemic virus COVID-19. An increase of \$2.1 million relates to the Sheriff Department to purchase body-worn cameras (BWC) as a promising tool to improve law enforcement interaction with the public. The Fire Department increased its budget by \$2.9 million to account for unfinished projects from the prior fiscal year. Finally, District Attorney increased \$1.5 million due to the department upgrading laptops and software to be on track with current technology.
- Other charges decreased by \$4.5 million, or 8.8%, from \$51.3 million to \$46.8 million. The main decrease was due to \$14.1 million from intergovernmental activities relating to operating transfers in and out of the same fund group. This was offset by an increase of \$4.5 million from the Sheriff and Fire Department for lease payments. Finally, \$5.3 million of the variance related to year end encumbrances for various general fund departments.
- Capital assets increased by \$11.9 million, or 140.7%, from \$8.5 million to \$20.4 million. The primary increase of \$11.5 million came from the Sheriff Department related to a software system upgrade and costs to purchase a training mobile unit.

<u>Public assistance</u>: The original recommended appropriation budget for Public assistance increased by \$50.1 million, or 4.8%, from \$1.05 billion to the final appropriation budget of \$1.10 billion. The major appropriation variances are described below.

- Salaries and employee benefits increased by \$25.5 million, or 6.8% from \$372.7 million to \$398.2 million. The primary increase of \$25.5 million is due to DPSS increased staffing to operate a child welfare services program.
- Other charges increased by \$23.7 million, or 4.3% from \$547.0 million to \$570.7 million. The primary increase of \$18.4 million from DPSS is to cover the costs of health care benefits. Additionally, DPSS had an increase of \$14.9 million to support the Foster Care Assistance, Adoptions Assistance, and Emergency Assistance programs. These increases were offset by a decrease of \$9.6 million in intergovernmental activities.

# Variance between General Fund Actual Revenues and Expenditures and Final Budget

During the year, the general fund had a positive budget variance of approximately \$84.5 million resulting from unexpended appropriations of \$372.1 million, or 10.2%, and revenues were below budget by \$287.6 million, or 8.1%. The following contributed to the variance:

#### **Revenue Variances**

General fund actual revenues of \$3.28 billion were 8.1%, or \$287.6 million, less than the final revenue budget of \$3.57 billion. The major revenue variances are described as follows:

<u>Fine, forfeitures, and penalties</u>: Actual revenues of \$54.3 million were \$10.2 million, or 15.7%, less than the final budget of \$64.5 million. The primary decrease of \$9.7 million is due to lower trial court revenue collections and the decrease of Teeter overflow revenue collection due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

<u>Investment earnings</u>: Actual revenues of \$24.9 million were \$6.7 million, or 36.5%, more than the final budget of \$18.2 million. The primary increase of \$3.4 million was due to the Treasurer-Tax Collector Office optimizing the investment selections and strategies which resulted in additional interest earnings.

Rents and concessions: Actual revenues of \$15.2 million were \$20.2 million, or 57.0%, less than final budget of \$35.4 million mainly due to intergovernmental activities of \$19.9 million.

<u>Federal:</u> Actual revenues of \$646.9 million were \$102.5 million, or 13.7%, less than the final budget of \$749.4 million. A large revenue decrease of \$63.8 million from came from the Behavior Health Department due to fluctuations of less expenditures related to reimbursable grant revenues. DPSS also experience a \$45.8 million decrease due to a decline in CalWORKs and Foster Care caseloads.

<u>State:</u> Actual revenues of \$1.48 billion were \$133.7 million, or 8.3%, less than the final budget of \$1.62 billion. The two largest contributors to this variance was a decrease of \$51.5 million due to a shifting in mental health program services in the Behavior Health Department to fight the COVID-19 pandemic. DPSS also experienced a \$55.9 million decrease due to a decline in categorical aid funding and for administrative funding related to their programs.

<u>Charges for services:</u> Actual revenues of \$510.1 million were \$49.0 million, or 8.8%, less than the final budget of \$559.1 million. A decrease of \$21.9 million was noted in the Fire Department budget related to their fire protection service contract revenues with cities and other agencies. There was also a \$18.4 million decrease in intergovernmental activities

#### **Expenditure Variances**

General fund actual expenditures of \$3.29 billion were \$372.1 million, or 10.2%, less than the final appropriation budget of \$3.66 billion. The major appropriation variances are described as follows:

General government: Actual expenditures of \$120.7 million were \$77.3 million, or 39.0%, less than the final budget of \$198.0 million.

- Salaries and employee benefits decreased by \$9.0 million, or 8.0%, mainly due to budget cuts requested by the Executive Office/Board of Supervisors.
- Services and supplies decreased by \$8.6 million, or 9.6%. During the COVID-19 pandemic restrictions, the Assessor had a decrease of \$1.3 million from departmental cost saving reductions in administrative, mailing and information technology support services. The Economic Development Agency (EDA) had a decrease in utility costs of \$1.7 million due to telecommuting options of employees. The Executive Office had a decrease of \$1.2 million in court services. The Human Resources Department had a decrease of \$1.3 million in travel and training savings.
- Other charges decreased by \$48.2 million, or 87.9%, mainly due to decreases in contributions to other funds as directed by the Executive Office and intergovernmental activities.
- Appropriation for contingencies were \$13.0 million, or 100.0% less than budgeted. This budget is established to assist general fund departments with unforeseen shortfalls, but the transactions are recorded under the actual general fund department.

<u>Public protection</u>: Actual expenditures of \$1.48 billion were \$86.8 million, or 5.6%, less than the final budget of \$1.56 billion.

• Salaries and employee benefits decreased by \$28.4 million, or 2.9% the primary decrease was due to hiring freezes.

- Services and supplies were \$33.2 million, or 6.4%, less than the final budget of \$520.0 million. The primary decrease was due to COVID-19, as departments began noticing a decrease in their revenue sources, they immediately implemented decreasing on their expenditures to ensure they were going to be aligned with the revenues received during the fiscal year.
- Other charges decreased by \$11.9 million, or 25.5%, mainly due to decreased intergovernmental activities.
- Capital assets were \$10.3 million, or 50.6%, less than the final budget of \$20.4 million due to postponed capital projects by the Assessor, Fire and Sheriff Departments.
- *Intrafund transfers* were \$3.0 million, or 21.4%, more than the final budget mainly due to the Emergency Management Department (EMD) receipt of \$2.7 million related to COVID-19 emergency response expenditures.

<u>Health and sanitation</u>: Actual expenditures of \$628.0 million were \$118.4 million, or 15.9%, less than the final budget of \$746.3 million.

- Salaries and employee benefits were \$48.2 million, or 14.2%, less than the final budget mainly due to hiring freezes. Behavioral Health Department had salary savings of \$39.9 million. Correction Health Department had \$2.0 million, Public Health Department had \$4.6 million in savings, and Environmental Health Department had \$1.2 million in salary savings.
- Services and supplies were \$14.9 million, or 9.1%, less than the final budget, the Behavioral Health Department had a decrease of approximately \$11.1 million due to a shifting in mental health program services to combat COVID-19.
- Other charges were \$65.6 million, or 20.7%, less than the final budget primary due to the decrease of \$6.8 million in vehicle license fees revenue. The Behavior Health Department decreased by \$57.5 million as several contract programs were not fully operational during the fiscal year.
- *Intrafund transfers* were \$11.2 million, or 15.1%, less than the final budget mainly due to a decrease of \$8.3 million in the Behavior Health Department related to the allocation of administration costs and a decrease of \$4.4 million in correctional health claim costs.

<u>Public assistance</u>: Actual expenditures of \$1.01 billion were \$89.4 million, or 8.1%, less than the final budget of \$1.10 billion.

- Salaries and employee benefits actual expenditures of \$350.6 million were \$47.6 million, or 11.9%, less than the final budget of \$398.2 million. This is primarily due to a decrease of \$47.4 million from the Department of Public Social Services salaries due to the Countywide hiring freeze.
- Services and supplies were \$17.3 million, or 13.2%, less than the final budget of \$130.8 million primarily due to the DPSS decrease of \$17.2 million in reductions related to IT (Information Technology) services, \$2.0 million reduction in training expenditures due to COVID-19, and \$8.1 million decrease related to space occupancy reductions and cancellation of various facilities projects.
- Other charges were \$24.6 million, or 4.3%, less than the final budget primary due to decreases in DPSS childcare services as this program was transferred to a State agency.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2020, the County's capital assets for both its governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$5.54 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). The capital assets include infrastructure, land & easements, land improvements, structures and improvements, equipment, construction in progress, and concession arrangements. The County's infrastructure is comprised of channels, storm drains, levees, basins, roads, traffic signals, bridges, runways, parks, park trails, and landfill liners. The County's capital assets increased by approximately 5.3%, or \$276.5 million, from \$5.27 billion in fiscal year 2018-19 to \$5.54 billion in fiscal year 2019-20.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Land easements increased approximately \$9.7 million. The major increase was due to the Flood Control District land valuation. The value is primarily comprised of 110 acres for use as a Flood Control Basin known as the Potrero Creek Debris Basin.
- During the current fiscal year, construction in progress experienced additions in the amount of \$217.3 million related to existing and new projects. The major increases were noted as follows: the Transportation and Land Management Agency incurred an additional \$117.0 million for projects related to roads, bridges, sidewalks and signal lights; the Economic Development Agency incurred \$29.7 million in costs for existing projects such as the construction and street improvements of the John J. Benoit Detention Center and Roy's Desert Resource Center; the Riverside County Information Technology incurred \$13.7 million in new costs for the PSEC Microwave Network Replacement, Motorola System upgrade and PeopleSoft Human Capital Management System upgrade; the RUHS-MC incurred an additional \$12.9 million for existing projects such as the Emergency Room Expansion, Lobby/Cafe Entry Connection, Medical & Surgical Center (MSC) Telecom/Cisco Network System and bridge connection to MSC Building; the Sheriff's Department incurred \$11.6 million for the Airbus H145 helicopter; the Crest project incurred an additional \$10.6 million towards the new integrated property management system; the County Airports incurred an additional \$3.2 million for pavement projects such the French Valley Airport and Jacqueline Cochran Airport; the Flood Control District incurred \$2.8 million for storm drains and channels; the Waste Management incurred an additional cost of \$2.7 million for projects such as the Lamb Canyon (LC) Fleet Maintenance Structure and LC Flare Station Number 2; and the Park District incurred an additional \$2.6 million towards constructing new regional trails and continued work on the Santa Ana River Trail. During the current year, approximately \$67.9 million of completed projects were transferred out of construction in progress to other capital asset classifications and \$5.9 million were adjusted cost and retired due to cancelled projects. Overall, the construction in progress increased approximately \$143.5 million.
- Infrastructure decreased approximately \$35.1 million. The overall decrease was attributed to depreciation expense for the current fiscal year.
- Structures and improvements increased approximately \$151.2 million as a result of the following acquisitions: the Riverside University Health Systems incurred additional costs of \$191.5 million for the new Medical Office Building; the Park District incurred an additional \$4.6 million to the completion of the District Headquarters Building E expansion; the Sheriff's Department incurred an additional \$2.9 million for the 53 modular buildings; and the Probation Department incurred approximately \$2.0 million towards the Palm Springs Probation Services Expansion project. The overall total depreciation expense for the year was about \$49.9 million.
- Equipment increased approximately \$7.9 million. The primary increase was due to the Riverside University
  Health Systems acquisition of various equipment for the new Medical Office Building and Waste
  Management acquisition of various vehicles.

Capital assets for the governmental and business-type activities are presented below to illustrate changes from the prior year:

CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)
As of June 30, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands)

	Governmental				Busine	type					Total			
_	Activities			Activities				To	tal			Dollar	Percentage	
		2020		2019	2020		2019	2020			2019	Change		Change
Land and easements	\$	597,379	\$	587,652	\$ 21,524	\$	21,524	\$	618,903	\$	609,176	\$	9,727	1.6%
Construction in progress		898,168		762,613	57,008		49,089		955,176		811,702		143,474	17.7%
Concession		-		-	8,830		8,830		8,830		8,830		-	0.0%
Infrastructure		1,998,202		2,037,710	49,521		45,099		2,047,723		2,082,809		(35,086)	-1.7%
Land improvements		79		80	5,178		5,904		5,257		5,984		(727)	-12.1%
Structures and														
improvements		1,266,138		1,298,668	330,063		146,321		1,596,201		1,444,989		151,212	10.5%
Equipment		240,710		243,278	69,143		58,664		309,853		301,942		7,911	2.6%
Total outstanding	\$	5,000,676	\$	4,930,001	\$ 541,267	\$	335,431	\$	5,541,943	\$	5,265,432	\$	276,511	5.3%

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 8 on pages 74-76 of this report.

#### **Debt Administration**

Per Board of Supervisors policy, the County's Debt Advisory Committee reviews all debt issuances of the County and its financing component unit organizations and advises the Board of Supervisors accordingly. Net bonded debt per capita equaled \$773.0 thousand as of June 30, 2020. The calculated legal debt limit for the County is \$3.72 billion.

The following are credit ratings maintained by the County:

	Moody's Investors	Standard &	
	Services, Inc.	Poor's Corp.	<u>Fitch</u>
Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANS)	Not Rated	SP-1+	F1+
Teeter Notes	MIG1	Not Rated	F1+
Long-Term General Obligations	Aa3	AA	AA-
Certificates of Participation	A1	AA-	A+
Pension Obligation Bonds	A2	AA	A+
Lease Revenue Bonds	A 1	AA-	A+

The table below provides summarized information (including comparative amounts from the preceding year) for the County's outstanding long-term liabilities as of June 30, 2020.

COUNTY'S OUTSTANDING DEBT OBLIGATIONS As of June 30, 2020 and 2019 (In thousands)															
	Governmental					Business-type								Tot	al
	Activities					Activities			Total					Dollar	Percentage
		2020		2019		2020	2019			2020	2019		Change		Change
Bonds from direct placement	\$	330	\$	980	\$	-	\$	-	\$	330	\$	980	\$	(650)	-66.3%
Bonds payable		1,854,575		1,189,065		58,873		64,254		1,913,448		1,253,319		660,129	52.7%
Certificates of participation		41,669		60,265		-		-		41,669		60,265		(18,596)	-30.9%
Capital leases		129,287		102,905		242,102		34,724		371,389		137,629		233,760	169.8%
Total outstanding	\$	2,025,861	\$	1,353,215	\$	300,975	\$	98,978	\$	2,326,836	\$	1,452,193	\$	874,643	60.2%

The County of Riverside's total debt increased by 60.2%, or \$874.6 million, during the current fiscal year. The increase was primarily due to the issuance of the Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2020. In addition, there was an increase in the finance of capital leases. Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 14 on pages 84-93 of this report.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND THE FISCAL YEAR 2020-21 BUDGET OUTLOOK

Beacon Economics' current forecast for Riverside County represents three fiscal projection scenarios that provide a positive and negative outlook on the economy as a consequence of COVID-19. The spread of COVID-19 is having a significant impact throughout the world, including in our County. The potential impact to the County related to the COVID-19 outbreak includes, but is not limited to, disruption of the regional and local economy with corresponding decreases in the County's revenue. In order to reduce the negative impact on the County's revenue losses in the current fiscal year, the County has directed all departments to eliminate all non-mission critical, non-essential spending with impact to net County cost.

The following table reflects anticipated discretionary revenue totals and sources for fiscal year 2019-20.

Source	()	Final Budget Estimate In millions)
Taxes	\$	409,600
Other taxes		60,500
Licenses, permits, franchise taxes		6,900
Fines, forfeitures, penalties		10,800
Use of money and property		4,000
State		291,100
Federal		3,400
Miscellaneous		55,800
Total	\$	842,100

The County's employee retirement benefit contribution rate for fiscal year 2019-20 for miscellaneous members is 21.6% and the safety contribution rate is 37.4%. The employer rate for both plans is subject to changes in future years, as it continues to reflect changes in investment returns and the County's growth rate, among other factors. Fiscal year 2020-21 rates are projected at 24.5% (Miscellaneous) and 43.0% (Safety). Additional information regarding the County's retirement plans is included in Notes 20 and 21 of the financial statements and schedules of changes in net pension liability and related ratios and contributions, which are included in the required supplementary information section.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County of Riverside, Office of the Auditor-Controller, County Administrative Center, 4080 Lemon Street - 11<sup>th</sup> Floor, P.O. Box 1326, Riverside, CA 92502-1326 Phone: (951) 955-3800; Fax: (951) 955-3802; website: www.auditorcontroller.org/ReportsPublications.aspx

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Primary Government		Component Unit Children and
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Families Commission
ASSETS:			1000	
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$ 1,785,261	\$ 191,389	\$ 1,976,650	\$ 27,949
Receivables, net (Notes 1 and 6)	480,132	274,431	754,563	5,014
Internal balances (Note 7)	173,031	(173,031)	-	-
Inventories	5,778	10,260	16,038	-
Prepaid items and deposits	8,449	8,076	16,525	-
Restricted cash and investments (Notes 4 and 5)	498,185	127,737	625,922	-
Other noncurrent receivables (Note 6)	24,174		24,174	-
Loans receivable (Note 6)		98,305	98,305	_
OPEB asset, net (Note 22)	143		143	-
Land held for resale	_	36,620	36,620	_
Capital assets (Note 8):			,	
Nondepreciable assets	1,495,547	87,362	1,582,909	373
Depreciable assets, net	3,505,129	453,905	3,959,034	1,575
Total assets	7,975,829	1,115,054	9,090,883	34,911
Total assets	1,773,627	- 1,113,034	7,070,003	34,711
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 15)	764,006	109,422	873,428	1,311
LIABILITIES:				
Current liabilities:				
Cash overdrawn	-	36,300	36,300	-
Accounts payable	190,144	55,087	245,231	300
Salaries and benefits payable	146,198	34,891	181,089	306
Due to other governments	126,871	224,832	351,703	-
Interest payable	9,676	205	9,881	-
Deposits payable	1,034	183	1,217	-
Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 12)	628,781	=	628,781	=
Notes payable (Note 13)	84,342	=	84,342	=
Other liabilities	2,545	7,929	10,474	-
Interest rate swap (Notes 14 and 15)	21,328	-	21,328	-
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year				
Long-term liabilities (Note 14)	331,285	48,297	379,582	191
Landfill closure/post-closure care costs (Note 10)	-	1,024	1,024	-
Pollution remediation (Note 23)	977	868	1,845	-
Due more than one year:				
Long-term liabilities (Note 14)	2,405,203	380,063	2,785,266	151
Landfill closure/post-closure care costs (Note 10)	· · · · · -	101,444	101,444	-
Pollution remediation (Note 23)	1,341	42,544	43,885	-
Net pension liability (Notes 20 and 21)	3,036,124	481,280	3,517,404	5,065
OPEB liabilities (Note 22)	49,485	10,865	60,350	-
Total liabilities	7,035,334	1,425,812	8,461,146	6,013
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 15)	124,935	21,330	146,265	970
NET POSITION:	2 042 172	228 265	2 270 427	1.049
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	3,042,172	228,265	3,270,437	1,948
				27.201
Children's programs	1.017	-	1.017	27,291
Endowment care - nonexpendable	1,017	-	1,017	-
Community development	172,052	26046	172,052	-
Debt service	46,441	36,046	82,487	-
Health and sanitation	30,812	10,971	41,783	-
Public protection	66,125	-	66,125	-
Public ways and facilities	392,404	-	392,404	-
Other programs	26,888	9,727	36,615	-
Unrestricted	(2,198,345)	(507,675)	(2,706,020)	
Total net position	\$ 1,579,566	\$ (222,666)	\$ 1,356,900	\$ 29,239

Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020
(Dollars in Thousands)

		P	rogram Revenue	es
			Operating	Capital
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
FUNCTION/PROGRAM ACTIVITIES:				
Primary government:				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 336,802	\$ 167,806	\$ 175,964	\$ -
Public protection	2,209,120	461,197	549,153	-
Public ways and facilities	239,741	90,253	73,903	31,850
Health and sanitation	759,480	38,649	466,843	-
Public assistance	1,236,525	1,669	1,014,474	-
Education	32,607	249	9,952	-
Recreation and cultural services	22,939	8,316	917	603
Interest on long-term debt	69,034			
Total governmental activities	4,906,248	768,139	2,291,206	32,453
Business-type activities:				
Riverside University Health Systems -				
Medical Center	738,306	631,853	_	355
Waste Resources Department	104,445	102,903	_	_
Housing Authority	99,066	93,796	_	_
Flood Control	2,245	1,605	_	_
Riverside University Health Systems -	, -	,		
Community Health Centers	95,371	64,500	_	_
County Service Areas	254	369	-	-
Total business-type activities	1,039,687	895,026	_	355
Total primary government	\$ 5,945,935	\$ 1,663,165	\$ 2,291,206	\$ 32,808
Component unit:				
Children and Families Commission	\$ 28,996	\$ -	\$ 24,475	\$ -
Total component unit	\$ 28,996	\$ -	\$ 24,475	\$ -

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Other taxes

Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue

Investment earnings

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Changes in net position before extraordinary item

Extraordinary item

Extraordinary item

Changes in net position

NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED (Note 3)

NET POSITION, END OF YEAR

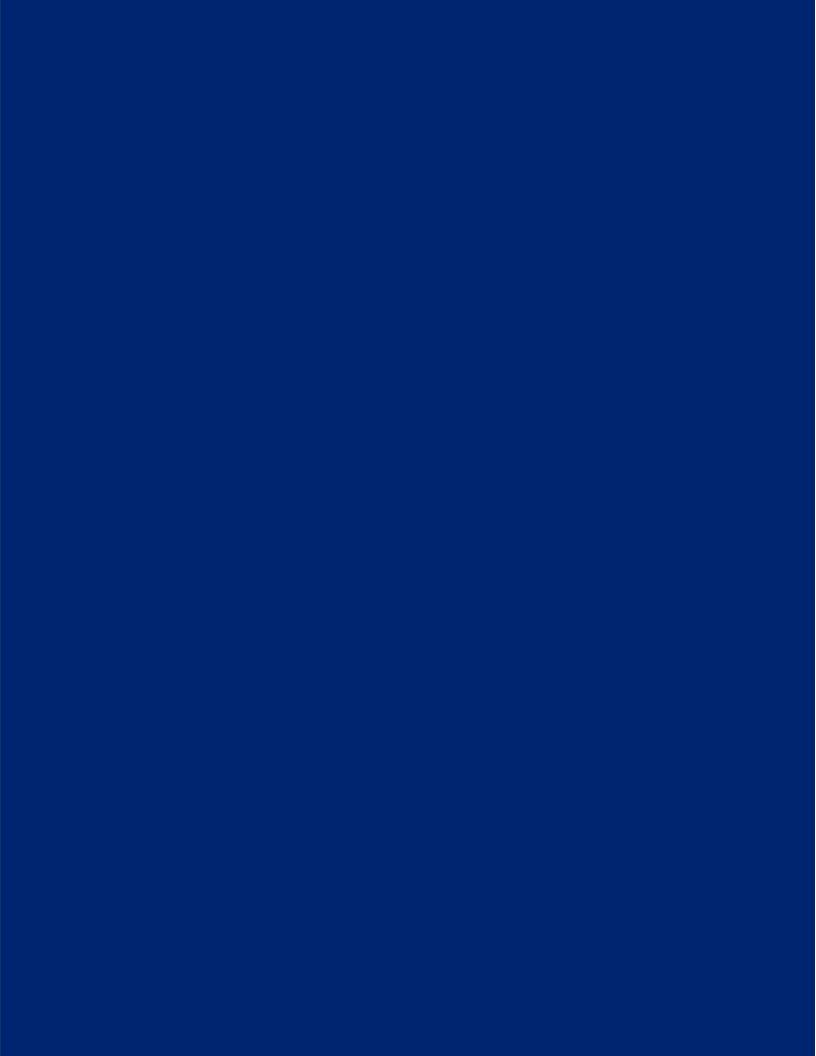
	enses) Revenu mary Governn	es and Changes i	n Net Position Component Unit	
	Business-		Children and	-
Governmental Activities	type Activities	Total	Families Commission	
	7 ictivities		Commission	FUNCTION/PROGRAM ACTIVITIES:
				Primary government:
				Governmental activities:
\$ 6,968	\$ -	\$ 6,968		General government
(1,198,770)	-	(1,198,770)		Public protection
(43,735)	-	(43,735)		Public ways and facilities
(253,988)	-	(253,988)		Health and sanitation
(220,382)	-	(220,382)		Public assistance
(22,406)	-	(22,406)		Education
(13,103)	-	(13,103)		Recreation and cultural services
(69,034)		(69,034)		Interest on long-term debt
(1,814,450)		(1,814,450)		Total governmental activities
				Business-type activities:
				Riverside University Health Systems -
-	(106,098)	(106,098)		Medical Center
-	(1,542)	(1,542)		Waste Resources Department
-	(5,270)	(5,270)		Housing Authority
-	(640)	(640)		Flood Control
				Riverside University Health Systems -
-	(30,871)	(30,871)		Community Health Centers
	115	115		County Service Areas
	(144,306)	(144,306)		Total business-type activities
(1,814,450)	(144,306)	(1,958,756)		Total primary government
				Component unit:
			\$ (4,521)	Children and Families Commission
			\$ (4,521)	Total component unit
				General revenues:
				Taxes:
424,417	_	424,417	_	Property taxes
30,745	-	30,745	_	Sales and use taxes
30,996	-	30,996	_	Other taxes
320,206	_	320,206	-	Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue
44,139	4,841	48,980	573	Investment earnings
248,806	-	248,806	1,391	Other
(55,533)	55,533		-	Transfers
1,043,776	60,374	1,104,150	1,964	Total general revenues and transfers
(770,674)	(83,932)	(854,606)	(2,557)	Changes in net position before extraordinary item
				Extraordinary item
	(285)	(285)	-	Extraordinary item
(770,674)	(84,217)	(854,891)	(2,557)	Changes in net position
2,350,240	(138,449)	2,211,791	31,796	NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED (Note 3)
\$ 1,579,566	\$ (222,666)	\$ 1,356,900	\$ 29,239	NET POSITION, END OF YEAR



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# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS







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Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Assets:		General	Tra	nsportation		Flood Control		Teeter Debt Service
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$	308,199	\$	156,300	\$	276,355	\$	_
Accounts receivable (Notes 1 and 6)	Ψ	18,686	Ψ	6,101	Ψ	112	Ψ	_
Interest receivable (Note 6)		4,046		228		511		44
Taxes receivable (Note 6)		12,206		16		1,462		54,541
Due from other governments (Note 6)		360,840		13,899		1,396		54,541
Due from other funds (Note 7)		20,597		13,077		288		1,446
Inventories		2,075		1,244		200		1,440
Prepaid items and deposits		62		2,264		_		_
Restricted cash and investments (Notes 4 and 5)		417,867		2,207		1,866		35,025
Advances to other funds (Note 7)		4,869		_		-,		-
Total assets		1,149,447		180,052		281,990		91,056
Deferred outflows of resources		_		-		_		_
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,149,447	\$	180,052	\$	281,990	\$	91,056
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	77,946	\$	40,317	\$	4,434	\$	_
Salaries and benefits payable	Ψ	126,347	Ψ	3,799	4	1,564	Ψ	_
Due to other governments		126,314		2		448		_
Due to other funds (Note 7)		51,943		143		-		6,714
Interest payable		-		_		_		-
Deposits payable		14		501		-		_
Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 12)		303,583		24,193		532		_
Teeter notes payable (Note 13)		, -		, -		=		84,342
Advances from other funds (Note 7)		-		-		-		, -
Total liabilities		686,147		68,955		6,978		91,056
Deferred inflows of resources (Note 15)		61,618		-		1,462		_
Fund balances (Note 16):								
Nonspendable		2,466		1,245		1		_
Restricted		112,711		89,403		273,549		_
Committed		14,844		4,587				_
Assigned		13,702		15,862		-		_
Unassigned		257,959		- ,		-		_
Total fund balances		401,682		111,097	_	273,550	_	-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	1,149,447	\$	180,052	\$	281,990	\$	91,056

	CARES Act bronavirus Relief		Pension oligation	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds	ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Assets:
\$	283,487	\$	_	\$	394,414	\$	1,418,755	Cash and investments (Note 4)
Ψ	-	Ψ	4,393	Ψ	1,032	Ψ	30,324	Accounts receivable (Notes 1 and 6)
	593		9		485		5,916	Interest receivable (Note 6)
	-		-		1,904		70,129	Taxes receivable (Note 6)
	-		_		12,849		388,984	Due from other governments (Note 6)
	_		_		1,229		23,560	Due from other funds (Note 7)
	_		_		-		3,319	Inventories
	_		_		5,367		7,693	Prepaid items and deposits
	-		8,711		34,716		498,185	Restricted cash and investments (Notes 4 and 5)
	-		_		-		4,869	Advances to other funds (Note 7)
	284,080		13,113		451,996		2,451,734	Total assets
	-						-	Deferred outflows of resources
\$	284,080	\$	13,113	\$	451,996	\$	2,451,734	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources
								LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:
\$	=	\$	126	\$	34,376	\$	157,199	Accounts payable
	-		-	·	5,465		137,175	Salaries and benefits payable
	-		_		100		126,864	Due to other governments
	_		-		1,928		60,728	Due to other funds (Note 7)
	-		-		-		-	Interest payable
	-		_		519		1,034	Deposits payable
	282,306		_		18,167		628,781	Advances from grantors and third parties (Note 12)
	-		-		-		84,342	Teeter notes payable (Note 13)
	-		-		1,000		1,000	Advances from other funds (Note 7)
	282,306		126		61,555		1,197,123	Total liabilities
	_				6		63,086	Deferred inflows of resources (Note 15)
								Fund balances (Note 16):
	-		-		6,073		9,785	Nonspendable
	1,774		5,057		308,886		791,380	Restricted
	-		-		16,221		35,652	Committed
	-		7,930		59,255		96,749	Assigned
	-		-		-		257,959	Unassigned
	1,774		12,987		390,435		1,191,525	Total fund balances
\$	284,080	\$	13,113	\$	451,996	\$	2,451,734	Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances



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Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

(Bonars in Thousands)		
Fund balances - total governmental funds (page 31)		\$ 1,191,525
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		4,919,647
Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		143
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB and Pensions are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		115
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	\$ 46,159 662,148	708,307
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue cannot be recognized until it is available to liquidate liabilities of the current period; under accrual accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as earned, regardless of its availability. Any liability of earned but unavailable revenue must be eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.		35,599
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		32,377
Bonds payable Capital lease obligations Certificates of participation	(1,854,575) (90,809) (41,669)	
Loans payable	(330)	
Accrued interest payable	(9,676)	
Accreted interest payable Accrued remediation cost	(219,686) (2,208)	
Compensated absences	(220,683)	
Net OPEB liability	(46,801)	
Net Pension liability	(2,866,326)	(5,352,763)
Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB and Pensions are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	(385)	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	(92,962)	(93,347)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of equipment, fleet management, printing, information technology, supply services, risk management, and temporary assistance to individual funds. Since internal service funds predominantly service governmental activities, the assets and liabilities of these funds are included as governmental activities in the statement of net position.		
meraded as governmental activities in the statement of het position.		170,455
Net position of governmental activities (page 25)		\$ 1,579,566

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	General	Transportatio	n		Flood Control		Teeter Debt Service
REVENUES:		•				_	
Taxes	\$ 336,983	\$ 7,7	75	\$	61,726	\$	-
Licenses, permits, and franchise fees	18,939	3,3	28		-		-
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	54,332		26		-		-
Use of money and property:							
Investment earnings	24,881	1,9	39		4,311		244
Rents and concessions	15,232		-		289		-
Aid from other governmental agencies:							
Federal	646,890	14,1	99		5,399		-
State	1,483,441	80,6	23		581		-
Other	126,723	7,2	38		-		-
Charges for services	510,103	71,7	47		5,632		-
Other revenue	63,228	2,8	72		15,503		-
Total revenues	3,280,752	189,7	47		93,441		244
EXPENDITURES:	_						
Current:							
General government	120,724		-		-		-
Public protection	1,477,295	5,3	46		-		-
Public ways and facilities	-	182,3	31		74,329		-
Health and sanitation	627,950		-		-		-
Public assistance	1,010,175		-		-		-
Education	628		-		-		-
Recreation and cultural services	2,111		-		-		-
Debt service:							
Principal	9,682	9:	27		-		-
Interest	19,388	•	40		-		2,968
Cost of issuance	330		-		-		305
Capital outlay	24,409				-		-
Total expenditures	3,292,692	188,6	44		74,329		3,273
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	_						
over (under) expenditures	(11,940)	1,10	03		19,112		(3,029)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	158,712	9,3	29		133		3,032
Transfers out	(179,954)	(3,4			(2,964)		(3)
Issuance of debt	-		-		-		-
Issuance of refunding bonds	-		-		-		-
Redemption of bonds	-		-		-		-
Capital leases	24,409				-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,167	5,92	20		(2,831)		3,029
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(8,773)	7,0	23		16,281		-
Fund balances, beginning of year, as previously reported	 412,401	108,79	91	_	257,269	_	
Adjustments to beginning fund balances (Note 3)	(1,946)	(4,7	17)	_		_	
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	410,455	104,0			257,269	_	
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 401,682	\$ 111,09	97	\$	273,550	\$	

(	CARES					
	Act		Other		Total	
Co	ronavirus	Pension	Governmental	G	overnmental	
	Relief	Obligation	Funds		Funds	
						REVENUES:
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 78,841	\$	485,325	Taxes
	-	-	899		23,166	Licenses, permits, and franchise fees
	-	-	745		55,103	Fines, forfeitures, and penalties
						Use of money and property:
	1,774	1,328	4,858		39,335	Investment earnings
	-	-	12,801		28,322	Rents and concessions
						Aid from other governmental agencies:
	148,786	-	65,930		881,204	Federal
	-	-	9,272		1,573,917	State
	-	-	58,724		192,685	Other
	-	4,563	68,576		660,621	Charges for services
	150.560		23,140		104,743	Other revenue
	150,560	5,891	323,786		4,044,421	Total revenues
						EXPENDITURES:
		46.250	06.004		262.104	Current:
	120	46,379	96,001		263,104	General government
	128	517,386	13,282		2,013,437	Public protection
	-	11,048	20,026		287,734	Public ways and facilities
	-	63,376	2,475		693,801	Health and sanitation
	-	76,515	65,750		1,152,440	Public assistance
	-	350	23,767		24,745	Education
	-	927	17,502		20,540	Recreation and cultural services
		25.020	40.120		02.757	Debt service:
	-	25,020	48,128		83,757	Principal
	-	12,065	34,509		68,970	Interest
	-	3,882	296		4,813	Cost of issuance
	120	75( 049	16,698		41,107	Capital outlay
	128	756,948	338,434		4,654,448	Total expenditures
	150 422	(751.057)	(14 (40)		((10.027)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues
	150,432	(751,057)	(14,648)		(610,027)	over (under) expenditures
		• • • • •				OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):
	(149 659)	36,948	234,483		442,637	Transfers in
	(148,658)	719,995	(165,988)		(500,976) 719,995	Transfers out Issuance of debt
	-	/19,993	12,875		12,875	Issuance of debt Issuance of refunding bonds
	_	-	(12,559)		(12,559)	Redemption of bonds
	_	_	(12,337)		24,409	Capital leases
	(148,658)	756,943	68,811		686,381	Total other financing sources (uses)
	1,774	5,886	54,163		76,354	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES
		7,101	324,469		1,110,031	Fund balances, beginning of year, as previously reported
			11,803		5,140	Adjustments to beginning fund balances (Note 3)
_		7,101	336,272		1,115,171	Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated
\$	1,774	\$ 12,987	\$ 390,435	\$	1,191,525	FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR



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Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020
(Dollars in Thousands)

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 35)		\$	76,354
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different		φ	70,334
because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay and other capital projects as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.			
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ 248,203		
Less loss on disposal of capital assets	(3,916)		
Less current year depreciation	(191,608)		52,679
Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.			
Principal repayment Issuance of long-term debt	97,167 (757,279)		(660,112)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue cannot be recognized until it is available to liquidate liabilities of the current period; under accrual accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as earned, regardless of its availability. Also, any liability of earned but unavailable revenue must be eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.			(1,856)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Change in accrued interest	418		
Change in accreted interest	(24,112)		
Change in long-term compensated absences	(6,752)		
Change in pollution remediation obligation	(420)		
OPEB expense	2,388		(200, ((0))
Pension expense	(271,190)		(299,668)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net income (loss) of the internal service funds is			
reported with governmental activities.			61,929
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 27)		\$	(770,674)

# Budgetary Comparison Statement General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance With		
	C	riginal		Final	Amounts		Final Bu Over(Un	_
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	333,852	\$	333,852	\$	336,983	\$ 3	,131
Licenses, permits, and franchise fees		20,778		19,825		18,939		(886)
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		62,488		64,487		54,332	(10	,155)
Use of money and property:								
Investment earnings		18,227		18,227		24,881	6	,654
Rents and concessions		35,080		35,394		15,232	(20	,162)
Aid from other governmental agencies:								
Federal		714,989		749,388		646,890	(102	,498)
State	1	1,551,852		1,617,165		1,483,441	(133	,724)
Other		121,086		121,086		126,723	5	,637
Charges for services		638,148		559,098		510,103	(48	,995)
Other revenue		106,694		49,820		63,228	13	,408
Total revenues	3	3,603,194		3,568,342		3,280,752	(287	,590)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government:								
Salaries and employee benefits		113,305		113,198		104,178	(9	,020)
Services and supplies		83,773		89,475		80,870	•	,605)
Other charges		109,233		54,849		6,645	•	,204)
Capital assets		2,791		2,768		2,644		(124)
Intrafund transfers		(75,305)		(75,305)		(73,613)	1	,692
Appropriation for contingencies		17,638		13,016		-	(13	,016)
Total general government		251,435		198,001		120,724	(77	,277)
Public protection:								
Salaries and employee benefits		966,383		992,043		963,662	,	3,381)
Services and supplies		494,840		518,952		485,798	•	,154)
Other charges		51,322		46,814		34,873		,941)
Capital assets		8,494		20,443		10,103	(10	,340)
Intrafund transfers		(14,036)		(14,118)		(17,141)	(3	,023)
Total public protection	1	1,507,003		1,564,134		1,477,295	(86	,839)
Health and sanitation:								
Salaries and employee benefits		339,115		339,627		291,383	(48	3,244)
Services and supplies		159,406		163,117		148,261	(14	,856)
Other charges		311,491		316,356		250,803	(65	,553)
Capital assets		1,171		1,165		270		(895)
Intrafund transfers		(73,963)		(73,963)		(62,767)		,196
Total health and sanitation		737,220		746,302		627,950	(118	3,352)

Budgetary Comparison Statement General Fund (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Variance With	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget Over(Under)	
Public assistance:				<u> </u>	
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 372,720	\$ 398,176	\$ 350,594	\$ (47,582)	
Services and supplies	129,861	130,834	113,561	(17,273)	
Other charges	547,033	570,703	546,128	(24,575)	
Capital assets	80	130	53	(77)	
Intrafund transfers	(295)	(295)	(161)	134	
Total public assistance	1,049,399	1,099,548	1,010,175	(89,373)	
Education:					
Salaries and employee benefits	337	326	296	(30)	
Services and supplies	337	343	332	(11)	
Total education	674	669	628	(41)	
Recreation and cultural services:					
Salaries and employee benefits	318	273	267	(6)	
Services and supplies	1,832	1,950	1,928	(22)	
Other charges	159	7	-	(7)	
Capital assets	1	1	-	(1)	
Intrafund transfers	(71)	(84)	(84)		
Total recreation and cultural services	2,239	2,147	2,111	(36)	
Debt service:					
Principal	90,545	23,067	9,682	(13,385)	
Interest	14,516	30,548	19,388	(11,160)	
Cost of issuance	-	330	330	-	
Total debt service	105,061	53,945	29,400	(24,545)	
Capital outlay	-	-	24,409	24,409	
Total expenditures	3,653,031	3,664,746	3,292,692	(372,054)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(49,837)	(96,404)	(11,940)	84,464	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	-	158,712	158,712	-	
Transfers out	-	(179,954)	(179,954)	-	
Capital leases	-	-	24,409	24,409	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(21,242)	3,167	24,409	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(49,837)	(117,646)	(8,773)	108,873	
Fund balance, beginning of year,					
as previously reported	412,401	412,401	412,401	-	
Adjustment to beginning fund balance (Note 3)			(1,946)	(1,946)	
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated	412,401	412,401	410,455	(1,946)	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 362,564	\$ 294,755	\$ 401,682	\$ 106,927	

Budgetary Comparison Statement Transportation Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
	C	Original		Final	1	Amounts	Over(Under)		
REVENUES:									
Taxes	\$	8,493	\$	8,493	\$	7,775	\$	(718)	
Licenses, permits, and franchise fees		3,433		3,433		3,328		(105)	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		16		16		26		10	
Use of money and property:									
Investment earnings		1,517		1,517		1,939		422	
Aid from other governmental agencies:									
Federal		33,184		33,184		14,199		(18,985)	
State		80,539		80,539		80,623		84	
Other		9,496		9,496		7,238		(2,258)	
Charges for services		126,374		117,337		71,747		(45,590)	
Other revenue		9,116		8,824		2,872		(5,952)	
Total revenues		272,168		262,839		189,747		(73,092)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Public protection		8,826		8,697		5,346		(3,351)	
Public ways and facilities		267,806		269,674		182,331		(87,343)	
Debt service:									
Principal		1,243		1,243		927		(316)	
Interest		102		102		40		(62)	
Total expenditures		277,977		279,716		188,644		(91,072)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(5,809)		(16,877)		1,103		17,980	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		-		9,329		9,329		-	
Transfers out		-		(3,409)		(3,409)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		5,920		5,920		_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(5,809)		(10,957)		7,023		17,980	
Fund balance, beginning of year, as									
previously reported		108,791		108,791		108,791		-	
Adjustment to beginning fund balance (Note 3)			_			(4,717)		(4,717)	
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated		108,791		108,791		104,074		(4,717)	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	102,982	\$	97,834	\$	111,097	\$	13,263	

Budgetary Comparison Statement Flood Control Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

Original Final Amounts Over(UREVENUES:	1,110
REVENUES:	
Taxes \$ 60,616 \$ 60,616 \$ 61,726 \$	2.246
Use of money and property:	2 2 4 6
Investment earnings 2,065 2,065 4,311	2,246
Rents and concessions 167 167 289	122
Aid from other governmental agencies:	
Federal - 5,399	5,399
State 599 599 581	(18)
Charges for services 4,654 4,654 5,632	978
Other revenue 16,594 16,461 15,503	(958)
Total revenues 84,695 84,562 93,441	8,879
EXPENDITURES:	
Current:	
Public ways and facilities 140,218 137,254 74,329 (6	2,925)
Total expenditures 140,218 137,254 74,329 (6	2,925)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	
over (under) expenditures (55,523) (52,692) 19,112	1,804
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Transfers in - 133 133	-
Transfers out - (2,964) (2,964)	-
Total other financing sources (uses) - (2,831) (2,831)	_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (55,523) (55,523) 16,281	1,804
Fund balance, beginning of year 257,269 257,269 257,269	-
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR \$ 201,746 \$ 201,746 \$ 273,550 \$	1,804

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule CARES Act Coronavirus Relief Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>					Actual		Variance with		
	0	riginal		Final	Amounts		Final Budge Over(Under			
REVENUES										
Use of money and property:										
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,774	\$	1,774		
Aid from other governmental agencies:										
Federal		-		150,000		148,786		(1,214)		
Total revenues		-		150,000		150,560		560		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Public protection		-		1,342		128		(1,214)		
Total expenditures		-		1,342		128		(1,214)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		-		148,658		150,432		1,774		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers out		-		(148,658)		(148,658)		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(148,658)		(148,658)		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		1,774		1,774		
Fund balance, beginning of year		_		_		_		_		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,774	\$	1,774		

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

Governmental

	Bi	usiness-type A	ctivities - Enter	rprise Funds		Activities
	Riverside University		21100	prise r unus		Internal
	Health Systems -	Waste	Housing			Service
ASSETS:	Medical Center	Resources	Authority	Other	Total	Funds
Current assets:	0 64.745	A 110.000	<b>5.405</b>	Ф. 1.200	A 101 200	A 266.506
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$ 64,745	\$ 119,869	\$ 5,485	\$ 1,290	\$ 191,389	\$ 366,506
Accounts receivable - net (Notes 1 and 6) Interest receivable (Note 6)	39,526	11,249 370	1,734	852 14	53,361 387	7,346 602
Taxes receivable (Note 6)	_	570	-	12	12	002
Due from other governments (Note 6)	218,456	200	_	2,015	220,671	1,005
Due from other funds (Note 7)	25,307	-	_	40,115	65,422	1,254
Advances to other funds (Note 7)		19,469	_	-	19,469	-,
Inventories	9,673	348	_	239	10,260	2,459
Land held for sale	· -	_	36,620	-	36,620	_
Prepaid items and deposits	7,698	_	24	354	8,076	756
Restricted cash and investments (Notes 4 and 5)	36,238	74,540	10,504	6,455	127,737	-
Total current assets	401,643	226,045	54,370	51,346	733,404	379,928
Noncurrent assets:						
Loans receivable (Note 6)	-	2,000	96,305	-	98,305	-
Capital assets (Note 8):	50.002	25.640	2 (21		07.262	17.464
Nondepreciable assets	58,083	25,648	3,631	24.176	87,362	17,464
Depreciable assets Total noncurrent assets	348,617	72,191	8,921	24,176	453,905	63,565
Total assets Total assets	406,700 808,343	99,839	108,857	24,176	639,572	81,029
		325,884	163,227	75,522	1,372,976	460,957
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 15)	92,739	8,749	2,702	5,232	109,422	34,372
LIABILITIES: Current liabilities:						
Cash overdrawn			_	36,300	36,300	
Accounts payable	34,409	8,384	109	12,185	55,087	32,945
Salaries and benefits payable	28,457	1,702	728	4,004	34,891	9,023
Due to other governments	216,104	254	-	8,474	224,832	7
Due to other funds (Note 7)	28,465	-	14	288	28,767	741
Interest payable	150	_	-	55	205	-
Deposits payable	12	38	-	133	183	_
Other liabilities	4,937	275	2,546	171	7,929	2,545
Accreted interest payable (Note 14)	1,236	-	-	-	1,236	-
Accrued closure and post-closure care costs (Note 10)	-	1,024	-	-	1,024	-
Accrued remediation costs (Note 23)	-	868	-	-	868	47
Compensated absences (Notes 1 and 14)	23,865	1,387	154	2,489	27,895	9,613
Capital lease obligations (Note 14)	12,801	-	-	1,701	14,502	11,781
Bonds payable (Note 14) Estimated claims liabilities (Notes 14 and 17)	4,664	-	-	-	4,664	60.964
Total current liabilities	355,100	13,932	3,551	65,800	438,383	60,864
Noncurrent liabilities:	333,100	13,932	3,331	65,800	438,383	127,566
Compensated absences (Note 2)	11,754	2,080	1,388	1,280	16,502	5,259
Advances from other funds (Note 7)	18,469	2,000	1,527	1,200	19,996	3,342
Accreted interest payable (Note 14)	70,702	_	-	_	70,702	5,5 12
Accrued closure and post-closure care costs (Note 10)		101,444	_	_	101,444	_
Accrued remediation costs (Note 23)	_	42,544	_	_	42,544	63
Capital lease obligations (Notes 1 and 2)	204,950	-	_	22,650	227,600	26,697
Bonds payable (Note 14)	54,209	-	-	-	54,209	· -
Estimated claims liabilities (Notes 14 and 17)	-	-	-	-	-	194,522
Net OPEB liability (Notes 14 and 22)	7,848	497	-	1,040	9,385	2,684
Total OPEB liability (Notes 14 and 22)	-	1,480	-	-	1,480	-
Net pension liability (Notes 14 and 20)	406,221	40,794	15,277	18,988	481,280	169,798
Other long-term liabilities (Note 14)			11,050	-	11,050	
Total noncurrent liabilities	774,153	188,839	29,242	43,958	1,036,192	402,365
Total liabilities	1,129,253	202,771	32,793	109,758	1,474,575	529,931
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 15)	11,979	6,777	922	1,652	21,330	4,102
NET POSITION:						
Net investment in capital assets	130,076	97,839	525	(175)	228,265	42,551
Restricted for debt service	36,046	-	-	-	36,046	-
Restricted for health and sanitation	-	10,971	-	-	10,971	-
Restricted other	193	-	9,534	-	9,727	-
Unrestricted	(406,465)	16,275	122,155	(30,481)	(298,516)	
Total net position	\$ (240,150)	\$ 125,085	\$ 132,214	\$ (30,656)	(13,507)	\$ (38,704)
Adjustments to reflect the consolidation of						
internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds					(209,159)	
Net position of business-type activities					\$ (222,666)	=

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	,	(Donais iii 1	nousanus)				Governmen	. 1			
Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds											
	Riversi	ide Universit		tivities - Ente	iprise runus		Activities Internal				
		th Systems -	Waste	Housing			Service				
		lical Center	Resources	Authority	Other	Total	Funds				
OPERATING REVENUES:											
Net patient revenue (Notes 1 and 18)	\$	576,732	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,909	\$ 593,641	\$	_			
Charges for services	-	3,087	97,406	2,929	15,452	118,874	342,10	64			
Other revenue		52,034	5,497	90,867	34,113	182,511	36,9				
Total operating revenues	-	631,853	102,903	93,796	66,474	895,026	379,14				
OPERATING EXPENSES:								_			
Cost of materials used			224	_	_	224	1,68	20			
Personnel services		430,578	28,350	14,105	53,599	526,632	135,5				
Communications			28,330	14,103	279						
Insurance		1,030		1	718	1,537	8,78				
		10,848	1,167	2 (49		12,733	33,70				
Maintenance of building and equipment		16,965	3,494	2,648	1,962	25,069	39,22				
Insurance claims		70.204	2 200	-	2.002	02.604	145,30				
Supplies		78,304	2,298	2.072	3,002	83,604	22,2				
Purchased services		114,693	6,090	2,872	24,543	148,198	32,60				
Depreciation and amortization		26,041	7,274	1,088	2,959	37,362	19,28				
Rents and leases of equipment		6,907	2,358	161	7,224	16,650	73,2	19			
Public assistance			8	77,180	-	77,188		-			
Utilities		4,235	318	712	592	5,857	2,70	57			
Closure and post-closure care costs		-	5,627	-	-	5,627		-			
Remediation costs		-	768	-	-	768		-			
Other		20,019	44,574	18	346	64,957	6,7				
Total operating expenses		709,620	102,777	98,785	95,224	1,006,406	521,20				
Operating income (loss)		(77,767)	126	(4,989)	(28,750)	(111,380)	(142,00	<u>52)</u>			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):											
Investment income (loss)		553	3,663	970	(345)	4,841	4,80	03			
Interest expense		(8,651)	-	(4)	(1,288)	(9,943)	(48	81)			
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(1,812)	93	2		(1,717)	28	87_			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(9,910)	3,756	968	(1,633)	(6,819)	4,60	09			
Income (loss) before capital contributions											
and transfers		(87,677)	3,882	(4,021)	(30,383)	(118,199)	(137,45	53)			
Capital contributions		355	-	-	-	355	174,95	55			
Transfers in (Note 7)		38,614	45	25	23,854	62,538	8,48	80			
Transfers out (Note 7)		(5,661)	(362)	(170)	(812)	(7,005)	(5,6)	74)			
Change in net position before extraordinary item	1	(54,369)	3,565	(4,166)	(7,341)	(62,311)	40,30	08			
Extraordinary item		-		(285)		(285)		_			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(54,369)	3,565	(4,451)	(7,341)	(62,596)	40,30	08			
Net position, beginning of year,						·		_			
as previously reported		(185,781)	121,520	136,665	(23,315)		(78,79	97)			
Adjustments to beginning net position (Note 3)		-	-		-			15)			
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		(185,781)	121,520	136,665	(23,315)		(79,01				
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	(240,150)	\$ 125,085	\$ 132,214	\$ (30,656)		\$ (38,70				
		(= . 5,10 5)			, (23,020)		- (55,71	<del>- · /</del>			

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds

(21,621)

Change in net position of business-type activities

\$ (84,217)

Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020
(Dollars in Thousands)

		Busin	ess-	type Activi	ities	- Enterpris	se Funds		Governmental Activities	
	Heal	ide University th Systems - lical Center		Waste esources	F	Housing authority	Other	Total		Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities Cash receipts (payments due) from customers Cash receipts (payments due) from other funds Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$	604,071 (20,053) (149,057) (372,899)	\$	99,405 - (58,282) (23,100)	\$	93,731 - (81,805) (12,269)	\$ 66,388 (24,116) (24,620) (45,314)	\$ 863,595 (44,169) (313,764) (453,582)	\$	71 382,906 (382,688) (119,634)
Program loans Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		62,062		18,023	_	229 (114)	(27,662)	229 52,309		(119,345)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Advances to other funds Transfers received Transfers paid Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		38,614 (5,661) 32,953		2,000 45 (362)		25 (170)	23,854 (812) 23,042	2,000 62,538 (7,005)		8,265 (5,674) 2,591
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities										
Proceeds (loss) from sale of capital assets Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal proceeds of (payments on) capital leases Capital contributions		(1,812) (225,068) 208,645 355		93 (16,566) -		(283) (57) -	(1,507) (1,267)	(2,002) (243,198) 207,378 355		287 (22,464) (2,284) 174,955
Principal paid on bonds payable Interest paid on long-term debt Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related		(13,365) (8,614)		- (1 6 450)		(4)	(1,392)	(13,365) (10,010)		(481)
financing activities  Cash flows from investing activities		(39,859)		(16,473)		(344)	(4,166)	(60,842)		150,013
Investment income (loss)  Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		553 553		4,192 4,192		972 972	(321)	5,396 5,396	_	5,603 5,603
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		55,709		7,425		369	(9,107)	54,396		38,862
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	45,274 100,983	\$	186,984 194,409	\$	15,620 15,989	(19,448) \$ (28,555)	228,430 \$ 282,826	\$	327,644 366,506
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Position Cash and investments per Statement of Net Position Restricted cash and investments per Statement of Net	\$	64,745	\$	119,869	\$	5,485	\$ (35,010)	\$ 155,089	\$	366,506
Position Total cash and cash equivalents per Statement of Net Position	\$	36,238 100,983	\$	74,540 194,409	\$	10,504 15,989	\$ (28,555)	\$ 282,826	\$	366,506

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (Continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Busin	iess-t	ype Activi	ties	- Enterpris	se Funds		vernmental Activities
	Riverside University Health Systems - Medical Center		Waste Resources		Housing Authority		Other	Total	Internal Service Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash									
provided by (used in) operating activities									
Operating income (loss)	\$	(77,767)	\$	126	\$	(4,989)	\$ (28,750)	\$(111,380)	\$ (142,062)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net									
cash provided by (used in) operating activities									
Depreciation and amortization		26,041		7,274		1,088	2,959	37,362	19,284
Decrease (Increase) accounts receivable		6,784		(3,397)		(1,300)	477	2,564	4,502
Decrease (Increase) taxes receivable		-		-		-	(1)	(1)	-
Decrease (Increase) due from other funds		(20,053)		-		-	(24,115)	(44,168)	(737)
Decrease (Increase) due from other governments		(34,566)		(101)		1,235	(563)	(33,995)	71
Decrease (Increase) inventories		(2,014)		(1)		-	(25)	(2,040)	(109)
Decrease (Increase) prepaid items and deposits		(1,750)		-		(18)	(247)	(2,015)	35
Increase (Decrease) accounts payable		(1,449)		3,074		(322)	7,873	9,176	(9,631)
Increase (Decrease) due to other funds		24,943		-		(15)	273	25,201	(947)
Increase (Decrease) due to other governments		81,438		200		(19)	6,139	87,758	(133)
Increase (Decrease) deposits payable		7		-		-	(13)	(6)	-
Increase (Decrease) accrued closure costs		-		5,627		-	-	5,627	-
Increase (Decrease) accrued remediation costs		-		768		-	-	768	(48)
Increase (Decrease) other liabilities		2,769		(363)		2,161	46	4,613	(789)
Increase (Decrease) estimated claims liability		-		-		-	-	_	(4,724)
Increase (Decrease) net pension liability		28,152		2,708		772	3,769	35,401	4,734
Increase (Decrease) net OPEB liability		4,257		1,148		-	569	5,974	1,400
Increase (Decrease) deferred OPEB		(4,644)		(769)		-	(618)	(6,031)	-
Increase (Decrease) deferred pensions		25,322		1,522		1,182	3,406	31,432	8,178
Increase (Decrease) service concession arrangement		- -		(434)		-	_	(434)	-
Increase (Decrease) salaries and benefits payable		2,216		360		(10)	888	3,454	1,076
Increase (Decrease) compensated absences		2,376		281		(108)	271	2,820	555
Decrease (Increase) loans receivable		-		-		229	-	229	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	62,062	\$	18,023	\$	(114)	\$ (27,662)	\$ 52,309	\$ (119,345)
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Capital lease obligations	\$	215,594					\$ 14	\$ 215,608	\$ 26,708

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	]	Pension Trust	vestment Trust		Private- Purpose Trust		Custodial Funds		Total
ASSETS:									
Cash and investments	\$	2,146	\$ 405	\$	76,697	\$	461,920	\$	541,168
Receivables:									
Accounts receivable		748	-		-		16,259		17,007
Interest receivable		-	20		30		9,117		9,167
Taxes receivable		-	-		-		47,434		47,434
Investment at fair value:									
Short-term investments		-	360		-		220,801		221,161
Federal agency		-	4,803		-		2,949,708		2,954,511
Mutual funds		72,896	-		-		-		72,896
Commercial paper		-	270		-		165,739		166,009
Negotiable CDs		-	162		-		99,453		99,615
Medium term notes		-	92		-		56,226		56,318
Municipal bonds		-	141		-		86,611		86,752
Bonds - U.S. Treasury		-	2,194		-		1,347,170		1,349,364
Prepaid items and deposits		-	-		3,649		-		3,649
Due from other governments		-	-		1,694		-		1,694
Land held for sale			 		13,450		_		13,450
Total assets		75,790	 8,447		95,520		5,460,438	_	5,640,195
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred charge on refunding		-	 		34,597		-		34,597
LIABILITIES:									
Cash overdrawn		-	-		-		16,253		16,253
Accounts payable		-	6,996		6		119,736		126,738
Due to other governments		511	-		-		137,243		137,754
Interest payable		-	-		6,747		-		6,747
Accreted interest payable		-	-		12,428		-		12,428
Bonds payable		-	-		673,151		-		673,151
Total liabilities		511	6,996		692,332		273,232		973,071
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred charge on refunding			 		1,669				1,669
NET POSITION:									
Restricted for:									
Pensions		75,279	-		-		-		75,279
Pool participants		´ -	1,451		-		5,183,282		5,184,733
Individuals, organizations & other governments		-	´ -		(563,884)		3,924		(559,960)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	75,279	\$ 1,451	\$	(563,884)	\$	5,187,206	\$	4,700,052
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Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

ADMENONS		Pension Trust		Investment Trust		Private- Purpose Trust		Custodial Funds		Total
ADDITIONS										
Contributions:	Φ.	1.600	•		•		Φ.		•	1.600
Members	\$	1,680	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,680
Employer		854		-		-		-		854
Contributions to pooled investments		-		-		-		1,047,718		1,047,718
Contributions to private-purpose trust		-	_			-				<del></del>
Total contributions		2,534	_				_	1,047,718	_	1,050,252
Property taxes-Successor Agency Redevelopment						20.704				20.704
Property Tax Trust Fund Distirbution		-		-		39,704		-		39,704
Investment earnings:										
Net increase in fair value of investments		1,740		211		517		78,479		80,947
Interest, dividends, and other		1,286				716		4		2,006
Total investment earnings		3,026		211		1,233		78,483		82,953
Less investment costs:										
Investment activitiy costs						-				
Net investment earnings		3,026		211		1,233		78,483		82,953
Property tax collection other governments		-		-		_		5,969,287		5,969,287
Other custodial fund collections		-		-		-		2,285,650		2,285,650
Gain or (loss) on sale of property		-		-		(41)		-		(41)
Miscellaneous		9		-		45		35		89
Total additions		5,569		211		40,941		9,381,173	_	9,427,894
DEDUCTIONS										
Benefit paid to participants or beneficiaries		2,225		-		-		-		2,225
Administrative expense		382		-		4,947		1		5,330
Distributions to shareholders		-		27,227		-		668,925		696,152
Beneficiary payments to individuals, organizatons and other governments		-		-		-		2,548,567		2,548,567
Property taxes distributed to other governments		-		-		-		6,098,014		6,098,014
Interest expense		-		-		29,202		-		29,202
Loss on bond refunding		-		-		2,758		-		2,758
Debt issuance cost		-		-		505		-		505
Other expense		-		-		181		-		181
Total deductions		2,607		27,227		37,593		9,315,507		9,382,934
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		2,962		(27,016)		3,348		65,666		44,960
Net position, beginning of the year		72,317		4,757,540		(569,178)		-		4,260,679
Adjustments to beginning net position (Note 3)		-		(4,729,073)		1,946		5,121,540		394,413
Net position beginning of the year, as restated			_	28,467		(567,232)	_	5,121,540	_	4,655,092
Net position, end of the year	\$	75,279	\$	1,451	\$	(563,884)	\$	5,187,206	\$	4,700,052
1 to postaton, one of the year	Ψ	13,217	Ψ	1,771	Ψ	(303,004)	Ψ	3,107,200	Ψ	1,700,032

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Reporting Entity**

The County of Riverside (the County) is a legal subdivision of the State of California charged with general governmental powers. The County's powers are exercised through a five member Board of Supervisors (the Board), which, as the governing body of the County, is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. Services provided by the County include general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, and recreation and cultural services.

### **Component Units**

While each of these component units is legally separate from the County, the County is financially accountable for these entities. Financial accountability is primarily demonstrated by the County's Board acting as, or appointing, the governing board for each of the component units and its ability to impose its will. Because of their relationship with the County and the nature of their operations, component units are, in substance, part of the County's operations and, accordingly, the activities of these component units are combined, or blended, with the activities of the County for purposes of reporting in the accompanying basic financial statements. The discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County.

In conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of twelve component units have been included and combined with financial data of the County. Eleven component units have an integral relationship with and serve as an extension of the County. Using the criteria of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, management has determined that each entity is presented as a blended component unit due to the composition of each governing board and the control of the day-to-day activities through the budget process. One component unit is presented discretely. Each blended and discretely presented component unit has a June 30 fiscal year-end.

### **Blended Component Units**

Housing Authority of the County of Riverside (Housing Authority). The Board is the governing body of the Housing Authority. Among its duties, it approves the Housing Authority's budget, rates and charges for the use of facilities, and appoints the management. The County is responsible for all financial debt. The Housing Authority is reported as a proprietary fund type.

Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (Flood Control). The Board is the governing body of Flood Control. Among its duties, it approves Flood Control's budget, tax rates, contracts, and appoints the management. The County is responsible for all financial debt. Flood Control is reported as both governmental and proprietary fund types.

Riverside County Regional Park and Open-Space District (Park District). The Board is the governing board of the Park District. Among its duties, it approves the Park District's budget, contracts, fees and charges for park use, and appoints the management. The County is responsible for all financial debt and management has operational responsibility. The Park District is reported as both governmental and fiduciary fund types.

County of Riverside Asset Leasing Corporation (CORAL). The Board appoints the governing board of CORAL and CORAL provides services entirely to the County through the purchase of land and construction of facilities, which are then leased back to the County. The County is responsible for all financial debt, and management has operational responsibility. CORAL is reported as a governmental fund type.

Riverside County Service Areas (CSAs). The Board is the governing body of the CSAs. Among its duties, it approves the CSAs' budgets, approves parcel fees, and appoints the management. The County is responsible for all financial debt and management has operational responsibility. The CSAs are reported as either governmental or proprietary fund types.

Riverside County Public Financing Authority (Public Financing Authority). The Board is the governing body of the Public Financing Authority. The Public Financing Authority was formed for the purpose of assisting in financing public improvements of the County, the Riverside County Redevelopment Successor Agency and other local agencies. The County is responsible for all financial debt and management has operational responsibility. The Public Financing Authority is reported as a governmental fund type.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Blended Component Units (Continued)**

Riverside County Infrastructure Financing Authority (IFA). The Board is the governing body of the IFA and the County is responsible for all its financial debt. The IFA is a joint exercise of powers authority, duly organized and existing under and pursuant to that certain Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement dated September 15, 2015, by and between the County and the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District. The IFA is authorized and empowered to issue bonds for the purpose of financing and refinancing public capital improvements of the County. The IFA is reported as a governmental fund type.

County of Riverside District Court Financing Corporation (District Corporation). The Board is the governing body of the District Corporation. The District Corporation assists the County by providing for the acquisition, construction and renovation of U.S. District Court facilities. The County is responsible for all financial debt, and management has operational responsibility. The District Corporation is reported as a governmental fund type.

*In-home Support Services Public Authority (IHSS PA)*. The Board is the governing body of the IHSS PA. The IHSS PA acts as the employer of record for purposes of collective bargaining for Riverside In-home Support Services providers and performs other IHSS PA functions as required and retained by the County. Management has operational responsibility. The IHSS PA is reported as a governmental fund type.

Perris Valley Cemetery District (the District). The Board is the governing body of the District. The District is a public cemetery district operating under the provisions of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California. The District was created in July 1927 for the purpose of operating a public cemetery for the residents of Perris Valley. Management has operational responsibility. The District is reported as a governmental fund type.

Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority (the Authority). The Board appoints two of the three members of the governing board of the Authority. The San Bernardino County Board of Supervisors appoints the third member. The Authority was created by a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement (the Agreement) effective as of July 18, 2007, between Riverside County and San Bernardino County. The Authority was created for the purpose of securitizing the payments to be received by the County from the nation-wide Tobacco Settlement Agreement (the Payments) for such purposes, but not limited to, issuance, sale, execution and delivery of bonds secured by those Payments or the lending of money based on thereof, or to securitize, sell, purchase or otherwise dispose of some or all of such Payments of the County. The Authority is a blended component unit of the County because the Authority is providing services solely to the County and the County's Board has the ability to impose its will by removing the Authority's governing board at will. The County is responsible for all financial debt. The Authority is reported as a governmental fund type.

### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

Riverside County Children and Families Commission (the Commission). The County Board established First 5 Riverside, also known as Riverside County Children and Families Commission, in 1999 under the provisions of the California Children and Families Act of 1998. The Commission was formed to develop, adopt, promote, and implement early childhood development programs.

A governing board of nine members, that administers the Commission, is appointed by the County Board. The Commission includes one member of the County Board. The Commission is a component unit of the County because the County's Board has the ability to remove some of the Commission's governing board at will. It is discretely presented because its governing board is not substantially the same as the County's governing board and it does not provide services entirely or exclusively to the County.

### Presentation of Financial Information Related to County Fiduciary Responsibilities

The basic financial statements also include an Investment Trust fund to account for cash and investments held by the County Treasurer for numerous self-governed school and special districts. The financial reporting for these governmental entities, which are independent of the County, is limited to the total amount of cash and investments and other assets. School and special district boards that are separately elected and that are independent of the County Board, administer activities of the school districts and special districts. The County Auditor-Controller makes disbursements upon the request of the responsible self-governed special district officers. The Board has no effective authority to govern, manage, approve budgets, assume financial accountability, establish revenue limits, or appropriate surplus funds available in these entities. Therefore, these entities are fiscally independent of the County. Twenty-

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Presentation of Financial Information Related to County Fiduciary Responsibilities (Continued)

eight cities and numerous self-governed special districts provide services to the residents of the County. The operations of these entities have been excluded from the basic financial statements since each entity conducts its own day-to-day operations and is controlled by its own governing board.

### **Basis of Presentation**

### Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, excluding fiduciary activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County, and between the County and its discretely presented component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities that rely, to a significant extent, on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Expenses by function have been adjusted for any internal service profit/loss existing at fiscal year-end. In addition, 41.2%, or \$31.2 million, of the County's \$74.0 million indirect costs, allocated through the Countywide Cost Allocation Program (COWCAP), have been included in the expenses of those functions, which can obtain reimbursement through State and Federal Programs or other charges. Program revenues include (1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Proprietary fund *operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Nonoperating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. *Operating* expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are reported as *nonoperating* expenses.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General fund is the County's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out the basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for through other funds. For the County, the general fund includes such activities as general government, public protection, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, and recreation and cultural services.

Transportation fund accounts for revenue consisting primarily of the County's share of highway user taxes which are supplemented by Federal funds, vehicle code fines, and fees and reimbursements for engineering services provided. The fund was established to provide for maintenance and construction of roadways and for specialized engineering services to other governmental units and the public.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

Flood Control special revenue fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to providing flood control in various geographical zones. The fund is primarily financed by ad valorem property taxes, developer fees, and local cooperative agreements.

CARES Act Coronavirus Relief fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the federal funding from the Coronavirus Relief Fund in response to Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

Teeter debt service fund accounts for revenue from the collection of delinquent taxes, which is then used to pay principal of the debt issued to finance the Teeter plan.

Pension obligation debt service fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the funding of unfunded pension liability through the issuance of pension obligation bonds.

The County reports the following major enterprise funds:

Riverside University Health Systems - Medical Center (RUHS-MC) accounts for the maintenance of physical plant facilities and providing quality care to all patients in accordance with accreditation standards; the bylaws, rules and regulations of the medical staff; and the RUHS-MC. Revenue for this fund is primarily from charges for services, and secondarily from the County's general fund.

Waste Resources department (Waste Resources) accounts for solid waste revenues, expenses, and the allocation of net income for solid waste projects initiated for the public's benefit. The fund facilitates management and accounting of solid waste projects. Waste Resources prepares and maintains the County's solid waste management plan, provides environmental monitoring in accordance with state and federal mandates, and administers landfill closure and acquisition.

Housing Authority was established to provide affordable, decent, safe housing opportunities to low and moderate income families including elderly and handicapped persons, while supporting programs to foster economic self-sufficiency.

The County reports the following additional fund types:

Internal service funds account for the County's records management and archives, fleet services, central mail services, supply services, purchasing, Riverside County Information Technology (RCIT) enterprise solutions division project (accounting, purchasing, and human resources information system), risk management, temporary assistance pool, custodial services, maintenance services, real estate, and flood control equipment on a cost-reimbursement basis. Internal service funds are presented in summary form as part of the proprietary fund financial statements. In the government-wide financial statements, the changes in net position at the end of the fiscal year, as presented in the statement of activities, were allocated to the functions of both the governmental and business-type activities, to reflect the entire activity for the year. Since the predominant users of the internal services are the County's governmental activities, the asset and liability balances of the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental activities column at the government-wide level.

Pension trust fund accounts for resources held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of a defined benefit pension plan for County employees not eligible for social security or California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) participation. The County's pension trust fund uses the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

Investment trust fund accounts for the external portion of the County Treasurer's investment pool held in trust, as defined by GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. External investment pool participants include entities legally separate from the County, such as school and special districts governed by local boards, regional boards, and authorities. This fund accounts for assets, primarily cash and investments, held or invested by the County Treasurer and the related County liability to disburse these monies on demand to the related external entities. The County's investment trust fund uses the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

### **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

Private-purpose trust fund accounts for resources held and administered by the County in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments based on trust arrangements. The fund accounts for the resources held and administered by the County in a fiduciary capacity for the Redevelopment Successor Agency. The County's private purpose trust fund uses the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

Custodial funds account for assets held by the County in a custodial capacity. The funds reported as custodial funds are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds or investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The external portion of investment pools that are not held in trust, as defined by GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, are reported in a separate external investment pool column, under the custodial fund classification. These funds account for the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance to individuals, private organizations, or other governments and include property taxes and special assessments collected on behalf of cities, special districts, and other taxing agencies. The County's custodial funds use the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting.

The government-wide, proprietary, pension trust, investment trust, and private-purpose trust fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis of accounting, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales taxes are recognized when the underlying transactions occur. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligible requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund type financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues and other governmental fund type financial resources (e.g., bond issuance proceeds) are recognized when they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property and sales taxes are considered available for the year levied and are accrued when received within sixty days after fiscal year-end. Revenue received from expenditure driven (cost-reimbursement) grants, as defined by GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions*, is considered available and accrued if expected to be received within twelve months after fiscal year-end. All other revenue streams are considered available and accrued if they are expected to be received within ninety days after the fiscal year-end. Since revenue from these sources are not available to meet current period liabilities, these sources are financed through proceeds received from Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs) which are outstanding for a twelve month period. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental fund financial statements. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Reconciliations are presented to explain the adjustments necessary to reconcile the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements. These reconciliations are presented because governmental fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

### Cash and Investments

The County pools cash resources of its various funds to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance of the pooled cash account is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as part of the County's pooled investments.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the County considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted cash and investments) with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

Securities, including U.S. Treasury and Agency securities, are carried at fair value/cost based on current market prices on a monthly basis. Repurchase agreements are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices, except for repurchase agreements maturing within ninety days of June 30, 2020, which are carried at cost. Bond anticipation notes are carried at fair value/cost. Commercial paper is carried at amortized cost/cost. Investments in bankers' acceptances and nonparticipating guaranteed investment contracts are carried at cost. Participating guaranteed investment contracts are carried at fair value based on net realizable value. Mutual funds are carried at fair value based on the funds' share price. Local Agency Obligations are carried at cost based on the value of each participating dollar.

The fair value of a participant's position in the pool is not the same as the value of the pooled shares. The method used to determine the value of participants' equity withdrawn is based on the book value, amortized cost, and accrued interest of the participants' percentage participation at the date of such withdrawal.

State law requires that the County Treasurer hold all operating monies of the County, school districts, and certain special districts. Collectively, these mandatory deposits constituted approximately 78.9% of the funds on deposit in the County treasury. In addition, the Auditor-Controller determined districts and agencies constituting approximately 21.1% of the total funds on deposit in the County treasury represented discretionary deposits.

### Receivables

The RUHS-MC accounts receivable are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by contractual allowances and the estimated uncollectible amounts. The estimated allowance for uncollectibles and allowance for contractuals are \$122.3 million and \$217.1 million, respectively. The RUHS-MC has contracted with a Medi-Cal managed care plan to provide services to patients enrolled with Medicare and Medi-Cal programs. The RUHS-MC receives a fixed monthly premium payment for each patient enrolled. Revenue under this agreement is recognized in the period in which the RUHS-MC is required to provide services.

### Property Taxes

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the Government Code and the Revenue and Taxation Code. Property is assessed by the County Assessor and State Board of Equalization at 100.0% of full cash or market value (with some exceptions) pursuant to Article XIIIA of the California State Constitution and statutory provisions. The total for fiscal year 2019-20 gross assessed valuation (for tax purposes) of the County was \$308.94 billion.

The property tax levy to support general operations of the various local government jurisdictions is limited to 1.0% of the full cash value of taxable property and distributed in accordance with statutory formulas. Amounts needed to finance the annual requirements of voter-approved debt (approved by the electorate prior to June 20, 1978) are excluded from this limitation and are calculated and levied each fiscal year. The rates are formally adopted by either the Board or the city councils and, in some instances, the governing board of a special district.

The County is divided into tax rate areas, which are unique combinations of various jurisdictions servicing a specific geographic area. The rates levied within each tax rate area vary only in relation to levies assessed as a result of voter-approved indebtedness.

Property taxes are levied on both real and personal property and are recorded as receivables at the date of levy. Secured property taxes are levied on or before the first business day of September of each year. These taxes become a lien on real property on January 1 proceeding the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. Tax payments can be made in two equal installments; the first is due November 1 and is delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is due February 1 and is delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes that are delinquent and unpaid as of June 30 are declared to be tax defaulted and are subject to redemption penalties, costs, and interest when paid. If the delinquent taxes are not paid at the end of five years, the property is sold at public auction and the proceeds are used to pay the delinquent amounts due and any excess is remitted, if claimed, to the taxpayer.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

Supplemental tax liens are created when there is a change in ownership of property or upon completion of new construction. Tax bills for these new tax liens are issued throughout the fiscal year and contain various payments and delinquent dates but are generally due within one year. If the new tax liens are lower, the taxpayer receives a tax refund rather than a tax bill.

Unsecured personal property taxes are not a lien against real property. These taxes are due on January 1, and become delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31. During fiscal year 1993-94, the County authorized an alternative property tax distribution method referred to as the "Teeter plan." This method allows for a 100.0% distribution of the current secured property tax levy to entities electing the alternative method, as compared to the previous method where only the current levy less and delinquent taxes was distributed. This results in the general fund receiving distributions of approximately 50.0-55.0% in December, 40.0-45.0% in April and the remaining balance in the fall of each year.

The Teeter plan also provides that all of the payments of redemption penalties and interest on delinquent secured property taxes of participating agencies flow to a Tax Loss Reserve Fund (TLRF). Any amounts on deposit in the TLRF greater than 1.0% of the tax levy for participating entities may flow to the County general fund. For fiscal year 2019-20, \$18.4 million was transferred from the TLRF to the general fund.

### Prepaid Items and Inventories

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The prepaid items recorded in the governmental funds do not reflect current appropriable resources and thus, an equivalent portion of fund balance is nonspendable. The consumption method is used to account for prepaid items. Under the consumption method, prepaid items are recorded as expenditures during the period benefited by the prepayment.

Inventories, which consist of materials and supplies held for consumption, are valued at cost (on a first-in, first-out basis). Inventories for all governmental funds are valued at average cost. The consumption method is used to account for inventories. Under the consumption method of accounting, inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Material amounts of inventory are reported as assets of the respective fund. Reported inventories of governmental funds are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance reservation to indicate that portion of fund balance not available for future appropriation.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Capital assets received by the County through a Service Concession Arrangement and donated capital assets, including works of art and historical treasures, are recorded at the estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general capital assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, bridges, traffic signals, park trails and improvements, flood control channels, storm drains, dams, and basins. The capitalization threshold for equipment is \$5.0 thousand; buildings, land and land improvements is \$5.0 thousand; and infrastructure and intangibles is \$150.0 thousand. Betterments result in more productive, efficient, or long-lived assets. Significant betterments are considered capital assets when they result in an improvement of \$5.0 thousand or more.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized (assets under capital leases) using the straight-line method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives in the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

### Infrastructure

Flood channels	99 years	Buildings	25-50 years
Flood storm drains	65 years	Improvements	10-20 years
Flood dams and basins	99 years	Equipment	2-20 years
Roads	20 years		
Traffic signals	10 years		
Parks trails and improvements	20 years		
Bridges	50 years		
Flood storm drains Flood dams and basins Roads Traffic signals Parks trails and improvements	65 years 99 years 20 years 10 years 20 years	Improvements	10-20 years

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements, which significantly increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives, are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the changes in financial position.

### Leases

The County leases various assets under both operating and capital lease agreements. For governmental funds, assets under capital leases and the related lease obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. For

proprietary funds, the assets and related lease obligations are recorded in the appropriate enterprise or internal service fund and the government-wide financial statements.

### Restricted Assets

The County maintains various restricted asset accounts as a result of debt agreements and certain state statutes. The agreements authorizing the issuance of CORAL and Housing Authority obligations include certain covenants pertaining to the disposition of bond proceeds for construction, acquisition, and bond redemption purposes. Waste Resources has restricted assets to meet requirements of state and federal laws and regulations to finance closure and post-closure maintenance activities at landfill sites. The general fund has restricted assets for program money where use is legally or contractually restricted.

### Employee Compensated Absences

County policy permits employees in some bargaining units to accumulate earned, but unused vacation, holiday, and sick pay benefits. Vacation and holiday pay are accrued when incurred. For other bargaining units, annual leave is earned and accrued, but not vacation or sick leave. Proprietary funds report accrued vacation and holiday pay as a liability of the individual fund while governmental funds record amounts that are due and payable at year-end as a liability of the fund and amounts due in the future as a liability in the government-wide financial statements. At June 30, 2020, the amount of accrued vacation, holiday pay, and sick leave reported in the government-wide statement of net position was \$280.3 million.

The County allows unlimited accumulation of sick leave. Upon service retirement, disability retirement, or death of an employee or officer, and subject to the provisions of any applicable agreement between the employing agency and CalPERS, unused accumulated sick leave for most employees with at least 5 but less than 15 years of service shall be credited at the rate of 50.0% of current salary value thereof provided, however, that the total payment shall not exceed a sum equal to 960 hours of full pay.

Unused accumulated sick leave for employees with more than 15 or more years of service shall be credited at the rate of the current salary value provided, however, that the total payment shall not exceed a sum equal to 960 hours of full pay. In addition, the employee may also elect to place the payable amount of sick leave into a VEBA (Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Association) account, which may be used for future health care costs.

### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63 and GASB Statement No. 65, the County recognizes deferred outflows of resources and inflows of resources. The deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position or fund balance by the government that is applicable to the future reporting period. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position or fund balance by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Refer to Note 15 for a detailed listing of the deferred inflows and outflows of resources the County has recognized.

### Long-term Debt

The County reports long-term debt of governmental funds in the government-wide statement of net position. Certain

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

other governmental fund obligations not expected to be financed with current available financial resources are also reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate proprietary fund and the government-wide statement of net position.

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, bond issuance costs, and deferred losses on refundings are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount, and deferred losses on refundings.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received.

### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as it is reported by the CalPERS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs

Waste Resources provides for closure and post-closure care costs over the life of the operating landfills as the permitted airspace of the landfill is used. Accordingly, the entire closure and post-closure care cost is recognized as expense by the time the landfills are completely filled. Waste Resources also recognizes as expense closure and post-closure care costs for inactive landfills that have been closed under state and federal regulations.

Waste Resources, under state and federal regulations, may be required to perform corrective action for contaminate releases at any of its active or inactive landfills. Waste Resources provides for remediation costs for landfills upon notification from the local water quality board that a specific landfill is considered to be in the evaluation monitoring phase. Upon notification, Waste Resources provides for these costs based on the most recent cost study information available.

### Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables, as appropriate. These transactions are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/due from other funds" (the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/advances from other funds" (the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the governmental fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are neither available for appropriation nor available as financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

### Net Position

The government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, or unrestricted net position.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

Restricted Net Position – This category presents net position with external restrictions imposed on its use by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws and regulations of other governments, or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or legislation.

*Unrestricted Net Position* – This category represents net position of the County, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

### Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance may be categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. All of the County's governmental fund balances will be comprised of the following categories:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amounts that are constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties such as creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations.
- Committed fund balance amounts that are committed can only be used for specific purposes determined by
  formal action from the Board, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may
  be changed or lifted only by the County's Board taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint
  originally.
- Assigned fund balance amounts that have been set aside and are intended to be used for a specific purpose
  but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board delegates the County Executive Officer or an Executive
  Officer designee for the establishment of assignments within the general fund. Assigned amounts cannot
  cause a deficit in unassigned fund balance.
- Unassigned fund balance funds that are not reported in any other category and are available for any purpose within the general fund.

### Fund Balance Policy

On September 13, 2011, the Board approved Policy B-30, Governmental fund balance policy, to ensure fund balance is accurately classified and reported on the annual financial statements per GASB Statement No. 54. This policy applies to governmental fund types which include the general fund, special revenue funds, capital projects funds, debt service funds, and permanent funds.

The purpose of this policy is to establish the guidelines for:

- The use of reserves with a restricted purpose versus an unrestricted purpose when both are available for expenditures.
- The establishment of stabilization arrangements for governmental funds.
- The minimum fund balance allowable for governmental funds.

The Board establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of an ordinance or resolution (ordinances and resolutions are considered of equal authority with respect to fund balance). This is done through adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments that occur throughout the year.

### Spending Prioritization for Fund Categories

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it shall be the policy of the Board to consider restricted amounts to be reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it shall be the policy of the Board that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

Minimum Fund Balance Policy for Governmental Funds

Establishing guidelines for minimum fund balance for governmental funds is essential to ensuring a prudent level of fund balance is maintained for unanticipated expenditures, delays in revenue receipt, or revenue shortfalls.

The County shall commit a portion of the general fund for disaster relief. The use of these funds will be restricted to one-time or short-term expenditures that are the result of a natural disaster or act of terrorism. The funds restricted for this purpose shall be at least 2.0% of discretionary revenue or \$15.0 million, whichever is greater.

No formal action is required to remove an assignment. Assignments within the general fund must be established by the County Executive Officer or an Executive Officer designee.

Special revenue fund balances shall be kept at the higher of the minimum level dictated by the funding source or an amount that does not fall below zero. In the event that the fund balance drops below the established minimum levels, the department with primary responsibility for expending the special revenue will develop a plan to replenish the balance to established minimum levels within 2 years and submit the plan to the Board for approval.

The County shall maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in its general fund of at least 25.0% of the fiscal year's estimated discretionary revenue. A significant portion of the minimum unassigned fund balance may be used for one-time or short-term expenditures caused by an economic crisis and should be designated within an "Economic Uncertainty" account. Use of these stabilization funds should be as the last resort in balancing the County budget. The general fund unassigned fund balance of \$258.0 million is 30.8% of discretionary revenue.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **Current Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. GASB Statement No. 84 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 95

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. The primary objective of this statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

### **Future Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements**

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as deferred inflows of

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Future Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements (Continued)**

resources or deferred outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. GASB Statement No. 87 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The County has elected not to early implement this statement.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 89

In June 2018, GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period The objectives of this statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. GASB Statement No. 89 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The County has elected not to early implement this statement.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 90

In August 2018, GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests—an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61. The primary objectives of this statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. GASB Statement No. 90 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 91

In May 2019, GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The primary objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. GASB Statement No. 91 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The County has elected not to early implement this statement.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 92

In January 2020, GASB Statement 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. GASB Statement No. 92 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The County has elected not to early implement this statement.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 93

In March 2020, GASB Statement 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. GASB Statement No. 93 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The County has elected not to early implement this statement.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 94

In March 2020, GASB Statement 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

# NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Future Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements (Continued)**

to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end

of the arrangement. GASB Statement No. 94 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The County has elected not to early implement this statement.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 96

In May 2020, GASB Statement 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). GASB Statement No. 96 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The County has elected not to early implement this statement.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 97

In May 2020, GASB Statement 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. GASB Statement No. 97 for paragraphs 6-9 is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. All other requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The County has elected not to early implement this statement.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### **Budgetary Data**

On or before October 2 of each fiscal year, after conducting public hearings concerning the proposed budget, the County Board adopts a budget in accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000-29144 and 30200 of the Government Code of the State of California (the Government Code), commonly known as the County Budget Act, and Board Resolution No. 90-338. Annual budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Budgeted governmental funds consist of the general fund, major funds, and some nonmajor funds (all special revenue funds, certain debt service funds, and certain capital projects funds). Annual budgets are not adopted for the following funds: CORAL, District Court Financing Corporation, the CORAL Capital Projects Fund, Redevelopment Agency (RDA) Housing Successor Agency, Public Financing Authority, Infrastructure Financing Authority and the Perris Valley Cemetery Permanent Fund.

As adopted by the Board, expenditures are controlled by the County at the budgetary unit level, which is the organization level, for each appropriation (object) class. The appropriation classes are salaries and benefits, services and supplies, other charges, capital assets, transfers out, and intrafund transfers. The separately prepared Expenditure by Appropriation – Budget and Actual report, showing budgetary comparisons at the object level of control, is available in the Auditor-Controller's Office.

Each year the original budget, as published in a separate report titled the "Adopted Budget," is adjusted to reflect increases or decreases in revenues and changes in fund balance. These changes are offset by an equal change in available appropriations. The County Executive Officer is authorized by the Board to transfer appropriations between appropriation classes within the same budgetary unit. Transfers of appropriations between budgetary units require approval of the Board (legal level of control). Any deficiency of budgeted revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end.

Budgetary comparison statements are prepared for the general fund, special revenue funds, certain debt service funds, and certain capital projects funds. The budgetary comparison statements are a part of the basic financial statements. Each budgetary comparison statement provides three separate types of information: (1) the original adopted budget; (2) the final budget, which included legally authorized changes regardless of when they occurred; and (3) the actual amount of inflows and outflows in the budget-to-actual comparison.

### **Individual Fund Deficits**

For the year ended June 30, 2020, Enterprise funds (EF) and Internal Service Funds (ISF) individual Fund Deficits are as follows (In thousands):

### Proprietary Funds:

EF - Riverside University Health Systems - Medical Center	\$ 240,150
EF - Flood Control	\$ 1,495
EF - Riverside University Health Systems - Community Health Centers	\$ 29,760
ISF - Information Services	\$ 34,623
ISF - Central Mail	\$ 175
ISF - Supply	\$ 130
ISF - Risk Management	\$ 1,223
ISF - EDA Facilities Management	\$ 28,867

The primary reason for the fund deficits in all funds listed is due to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability related to GASB Statement No. 68 and GASB Statement No. 75.

### **Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations**

For the year ended June 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded appropriations in capital outlay by \$24.4 million in the general fund. This excess of expenditures resulted from the acquisition of \$24.4 million of capital leases. Accordingly, this is being funded by other financing sources-capital leases.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 3 – RESTATEMENTS OF BEGINNING FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION

The County's beginning net position or fund balance has been restated to reflect the cumulative effect of prior year adjustments. A summary of the restatements as of June 30, 2020 is as follows (In thousands):

### **Government-wide:**

	Primary Governme					
	Go	vernmental	tal Business-ty			
Description	Activities			Activities		
Government-wide net position as of June 30, 2019, as previously reported	\$	2,350,465	\$	(138,449)		
Government-wide financial statements:						
Prior period adjustments:						
Capital assets adjustment (1)		(5,150)		-		
Fund financial statements:						
Prior period adjustments:						
GASB Statement No. 84 Implementation (2)		4,925		-		
Net position as of June 30, 2019, as restated	\$	2,350,240	\$	(138,449)		

### **Fund Financials:**

				G	overnm	ental Fu	nds			Pr	oprietary Funds
				г 1			3.7	·	1		Internal
			Majo	Funds			Nonma ublic cilities	jor Fun	d	Serv	vice Funds_
Description		Genera	l Fund	Transp	ortation		vements apital		er Special evenue	Ma	Risk nagement
Fund balances or net position as of June 30, 2019, as previously repo Prior Period Adjustments:	rted	\$ 4	412,401	\$	108,791	\$	164,816		19,137	\$	(41,092)
GASB Statement No. 84 Implementation (2) Fund type correction (3)			(1,946)		- (4,717)		- 4,717		7,086		(215)
Fund balances or net position as of June 30, 2019, as restated		\$ 4	110,455	\$	104,074	\$	169,533	\$	26,223	\$	(41,307)
		Fiducia	ry Fund	s			(	Custodi	al Funds		
	I	nvestment	P	rivate		ernal stment	Propert	y Tax	Payro	011	Other
Description		Trust	Purpo	se Trust	P	ool	Assess	ment	Deducti	ons	Custodial Fund
Fund balances or net position as of June 30, 2019, as previously reported $$	\$	4,757,540	\$	(569,178)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Prior Period Adjustments:											
GASB Statement No. 84 Implementation (2)		(4,729,073)	1	1,946	4	,726,908	1	28,727	1	0,646	255,259
Fund balances or net position as of June 30, 2019, as restated	\$	28,467	\$	(567,232)	\$ 4	,726,908	\$ 1	28,727	\$ 1	0,646	\$ 255,259

- (1) The prior period adjustment was made to correct an overstatement in construction in progress and record prior period costs previously not reported for land and easements.
- (2) The adjustment was made to reflect the prior period cost related to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84 for Fiduciary Activities.
- (3) A prior period adjustment of \$4.7 million was made to restate the beginning balance of Transportation Fund by reimbursing the Public Facilities Improvements Capital Projects Fund for expenditures erroneously recorded which results in net to zero.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2020, cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows (In thousands):

	Discretely										
	Presented										
	Go	vernmental	Bus	siness-type	Con	mponent		Fiduciary			
	A	Activities	A	ctivities		Unit		Funds	Total		
Cash and investments	\$	1,785,261	\$	191,389	\$	27,949	\$	5,547,794	\$7,552,393		
Restricted cash and investments		498,185		127,737		-		-	625,922		
Total cash and investments	\$	2,283,446	\$	319,126	\$	27,949	\$	5,547,794	\$8,178,315		

As of June 30, 2020, cash and investments consist of the following (In thousands):

Deposits	\$ 166,631
Investments	8,011,684
Total cash and investments	\$ 8,178,315

### **Investment in State Investment Pool**

The County is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The State Treasurer's Office reports its investments at fair value. The fair value of securities in the State Treasurer's pooled investment program, including LAIF, generally is based on quoted market prices. The State Treasurer's Office performs a quarterly fair value valuation of the pooled investment program portfolio and a monthly fair value valuation of all securities held against carrying cost. The quarterly report on the resources Pooled Money Investment Account is posted to the State Treasurer's Office website at <a href="https://www.treasurer.ca.gov">www.treasurer.ca.gov</a>. The fair value of the County's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the County's prorated share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. As of June 30, 2020, reported under investments, CORAL had \$2.5 million and RUHS-Medical Center had \$11.6 million for a total amount of \$14.1 million in LAIF.

### **Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements**

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements of the respective component units, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the County's investment policy. These provisions allow for the acquisition of investment agreements with maturities of up to 30 years.

### **Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the measurement of how changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the more sensitive to changes in market interest rates is its fair value. One of the ways the County Treasurer manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity to ensure the cash flow and liquidity required for operations.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)**

### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The investment policy of the County contains certain limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, the County should provide information about the concentration of credit risk associated with its investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of total County investments. These investments are identified on the investment table below.

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law or a letter of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure County deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. GASB Statement No. 40 requires that a disclosure is made with respect to custodial credit risks relating to deposits. The County has cash deposits with fiscal agents in excess of federal depository insurance limits held in collateralized accounts with securities held by Union Bank in the amount of \$324 million. Investment securities are registered and held in the name of the County.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

### Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the County's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the County by the California Government Code or the County's investment policy, whichever is more restrictive. The table also identifies certain provisions that address interest rate, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. A copy of the County's investment policy can be found at <a href="https://www.countytreasurer.org/">www.countytreasurer.org/</a>.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Municipal bonds (MUNI)	4 Years	15%	5% **
U.S. treasuries	5 Years	100%	N/A
Local agency obligations (LAO)	3 Years	2.5%	2.5%
Federal agencies	5 Years	100%	N/A
Commercial paper (CP)	270 Days	40%	5% *
Certificate & time deposits (NCD & TCD)	1 Year	25%	5% *
Repurchase agreements (REPO)	45 Days	40% / 25%	20%
Reverse REPOS	60 Days	10%	10%
Medium term notes (MTNO) or Corporate Notes	3 Years	20%	5% *
CalTRUST short term fund	Daily Liquidity	1%	1%
Money market mutual funds (MMF)	Daily Liquidity	20%	N/A
Local agency investment fund (LAIF)	Daily Liquidity	Max \$50M	N/A
Cash/deposit account	N/A	N/A	N/A
Supra-national agency bond (SUPRA)	4 Years	20%	10%

<sup>\*</sup> Maximum of 5% per issuer in combined commercial paper, certificate & time deposits, and medium term notes.

<sup>\*\*</sup> For credit rated below AA-/Aa3, 2% maximum in one issuer only for State of California debt.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the County's Investment Policy (Continued)

As of June 30, 2020, the County and Component Units had the following investments (In thousands):

	June 30, 2020	Interest Rate Range	Maturity	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)	Minimum Legal Rating (I)
County treasurer investments		-			
Investments by fair value level					
U.S. treasuries	\$ 2,031,874	0.07 - 2.63%	07/20 - 11/24	0.47	N/A
Federal home loan mortgage corporation	1,325,088	0.12 - 3.00%	07/20 - 06/25	2.77	N/A
Federal national mortgage association	359,415	0.20 - 2.88%	07/20 - 06/25	2.09	N/A
Federal home loan bank	1,817,332	0.05 - 2.70%	07/20 - 03/25	0.73	N/A
Federal farm credit bank	766,106	0.20 - 2.70%	08/20 - 06/25	1.71	N/A
Farmer mac	155,965	0.19 - 2.96%	03/21 - 06/23	0.24	N/A
Municipal notes	130,631	1.37 - 4.00%	07/20 - 04/22	1.06	AA-/Aa3/AA-
Commercial paper	249,977	0.14 - 1.63%	07/20 - 09/20	0.07	A1/P1/F1
Corporate notes	84,803	1.65 - 2.25%	09/20 - 03/21	0.46	AA/Aa2/AA
Total County treasurer investments by fair value level	6,921,191				
Investments measured at amortized cost					
Farmer mac	25,003	0.72%	03/21	0.10	N/A
Certificates of deposit	100,000	1.62 - 1.65%	11/20	0.39	AA/Aa2/AA
Negotiable certificates of deposit	50,000	1.85%	07/20	0.00	A1/P1/F1
Managed rate accounts	375,000	0.09 - 0.50%	07/20	0.00	N/A
CalTRUST short term fund	4,024	1.09%	07/20	0.00	N/A
Money market mutual funds (II)	329,000	0.10 - 0.16%	07/20	0.00	AAA
Total investments measured at amortized cost	883,027				
Total County treasurer investments	7,804,218				
Investments measured at amortized cost					
Money market funds	100,145	0.00 - 0.16%		N/A	AAA/Aaa
Certificates of deposit	1,000	0.30%	10/19 - 10/20		
Local agency investment fund	14,139	1.89%	07/20	N/A	N/A
Money market mutual funds (II)	87,764	0.01 - 5.92%			
Investment agreements	4,418	4.83%	02/35		
Total blended component unit investments measured at amortized cost	207,466				
Total blended component unit investments	207,466				
Total investments	\$ 8,011,684				

<sup>(</sup>I) Investment ratings are from Standard and Poor's (S&P) and Moody's Investor Service (Moody's).

<sup>(</sup>II) Government Code requires money market mutual funds to be rated.

N/A — Not Applicable

N/R --- Not Required

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 4 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

### Fair Value Measurements

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020 (In thousands):

·		Fair Val	ue Measuremen	ts Using		
Rating (1)	% of	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs	1 20 2020	
June 30, 2020	Portfolio	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	June 30, 2020	County treasurer investments
						Investments by fair value level
	26.04%	\$ 2,031,874			\$ 2,031,874	U.S. treasuries
AA+/Aaa	16.98%	Ψ 2,031,074	\$ 1,325,088		1,325,088	Federal home loan mortgage corporation
AA+/Aaa	4.61%		359,415		359,415	Federal national mortgage association
AA+/Aaa	23.29%		1,817,332		1,817,332	Federal home loan bank
AA+/Aaa	9.82%		766,106		766,106	Federal farm credit bank
N/R	2.00%		155,965		155,965	Farmer mac
AAA/Aaa	1.67%		130,631		130,631	Municipal notes
AAA/Aaa	3.20%		249,977		249,977	Commercial paper
AAA/Aaa	1.09%		84,803		84,803	Corporate notes
	88.69%	2,031,874	4,889,317	-	6,921,191	Total County treasurer investments by fair value level
						Investments measured at amortized cost
N/A	0.32%				25,003	Farmer mac
AAA/Aaa	1.28%				100,000	Certificates of deposit
AA-/Aa2	0.64%				50,000	Negotiable certificates of deposit
N/R	4.81%				375,000	Managed rate accounts
AAA/Aaa	0.05%				4,024	CalTRUST short term fund
AAA/Aaa	4.22%				329,000	Money market mutual funds (II)
	11.31%				883,027	Total investments measured at amortized cost
	100.00%	2,031,874	4,889,317		7,804,218	Total County treasurer investments
						•
						Investments measured at amortized cost
AAA/Aaa	48.27%				100,145	Money market funds
	0.48%				1,000	Certificates of deposit
N/R	6.82%				14,139	Local agency investment fund
N/R/Aaa	42.30%				87,764	Money market mutual funds (II)
	2.13%				4,418	Investment agreements
	100.00%				207,466	Total blended component unit investments measured at amortized cost
	100.00%				207,466	Total blended component unit investments
		\$ 2,031,874	\$ 4,889,317	\$ -	\$ 8,011,684	
						=

<sup>(</sup>I) Investment ratings are from Standard and Poor's (S&P) and Moody's Investor Service (Moody's).

The County and its component units categorize their fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 — Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the County has the ability to access.

Level 2 — Inputs to the valuation methodology include: quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 — Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Unobservable inputs reflect the County's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the County's own data.

<sup>(</sup>II) Government Code requires money market mutual funds to be rated.

N/A - Not Applicable

N/R - Not Required

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

# NOTE 5 – RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The amount of assets restricted by legal and contractual requirements at June 30, 2020, is as follows (In thousands):

Governmental Activities			
General Fund		\$	417,867
			1.066
Flood Control			1,866
Teeter Debt Service			35,025
Pension Obligation			8,711
Other Governmental Funds			
CORAL			
Local Agency Investment Fund 2,538			
Restricted Cash and Other Investments 9,816	12,354		
District Court Financing Corporation	840		
Infrastructure Financing Authority	7,157		
Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization	12,541		
Public Financing Authority	1,824		
Total Other Governmental Funds		_	34,716
Total Governmental Activities			498,185
Business-type Activities			
Riverside University Health Systems - Medical Center			
Local Agency Investment Fund	11,601		
Restricted Cash and Other Investments	24,637		
Total Riverside University Health Systems - Medical Center		•	36,238
Waste Resources			74,540
Housing Authority			10,504
Flood Control			6,455
Total Business-type Activities			127,737
Total Restricted Cash and Investments		\$	625,922

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

# NOTE 6 – RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end of major individual funds, nonmajor funds, and internal service funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows (In thousands):

Receivables									Total
Governmental activities:						D	ue From	Gov	ernmental
	Accounts	Int	Interest		Taxes	Otl	ner Govts	Activities	
General fund	\$ 18,686	\$	4,046	\$	12,206	\$	360,840	\$	395,778
Transportation	6,101		228		16		13,899		20,244
Flood Control	112		511		1,462		1,396		3,481
Teeter debt service	-		44		54,541		-		54,585
CARES Act Comavirus Relief	-		593		-		-		593
Pension Obligation	4,393		9		-		-		4,402
Other governmental funds	1,032		485		1,904		12,849		16,270
Internal service funds	7,346		602		-		1,005		8,953
Total receivables	\$ 37,670	\$	6,518	\$	70,129	\$	389,989	\$	504,306
							-		

											A	llowance		Total
Receivables									D	ue From		for	Bu	siness-type
Business-type activities:	Accoun		Interest		Taxes		Loans		Other Govts		Uncollectibles		Activities	
Riverside University Health Systems -														
Medical Center	\$	378,935	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	218,456	\$	(339,409)	\$	257,982
Waste Resources		11,249		370		-		2,000		200		-		13,819
Housing Authority		2,129		3		-		96,305		-		(395)		98,042
Other		10,709		14		12		-		2,015		(9,857)		2,893
Total receivables	\$	403,022	\$	387	\$	12	\$	98,305	\$	220,671	\$	(349,661)	\$	372,736

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 7 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

### (a) Interfund Receivables/ Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020 is as follows (In thousands):

Due to/from other funds: Receivable Fund

Payable Fund	General Fund	Flood Control	Teeter Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds
General Fund				
Delinquent property tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,446	\$ -
Operating contribution	-	-	-	-
Interfund activity	-	-	-	1,089
Total General Fund				
Transportation				
Interfund activity	143	-	-	-
Total Transportation				
Teeter Debt Service				
Interfund activity	6,714	-	-	-
<b>Total Teeter Debt Service</b>				
Other Governmental Funds				
Interfund activity	1,023	-	-	140
<b>Total Other Governmental Funds</b>				
Riverside University Health Systems-Medical Center				
Interfund activity	11,962	-	-	-
Total Riverside University Health Systems-Medical Center				
Housing Authority				
Interfund activity	14	-	-	-
Total Housing Authority				
Other Enterprise Funds				
Interfund activity	-	288	-	-
<b>Total Other Enterprise Funds</b>				
Internal Service Funds				
Interfund activity	741	-	-	-
<b>Total Internal Service Funds</b>				
Total Receivable	\$ 20,597	\$ 288	\$ 1,446	\$ 1,229

These interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, and (2) payments between funds are made.

Advances to/from other funds:

The General Fund advanced \$3.3 million to the Economic Development Agency for the internal service fund start up costs.

The General Fund advanced Housing Authority \$1.5 million to pay off the principal and interest on predevelopment loans.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 7 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

### (a) Interfund Receivables/ Payables (Continued)

U S N	Riverside University Health Systems- Medical Enterprise Center Funds		Internal Service Funds	Total Paya	ble
					General Fund
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,	Delinquent property tax
	17,706	15,729	-	33,	Operating contribution
	7,601	7,873	499	17,	Interfund activity
				51,	Total General Fund
					Transportation
	-	-	-		43 Interfund activity
					43 Total Transportation
					Teeter Debt Service
	-	-	-	6,	Interfund activity
				6,	Total Teeter Debt Service
					Other Governmental Funds
	-	10	755	1,	228 Interfund activity
				1,	Total Other Governmental Funds
					Riverside University Health Systems-Medical Center
	-	16,503	-	28,	Interfund activity
				28,	Total Riverside University Health Systems-Medical
					Housing Authority
	-	-	-		14 Interfund activity
					14 Total Housing Authority
					Other Enterprise Funds
	-	-	-		188 Interfund activity
					88 Total Other Enterprise Funds
					Internal Service Funds
	-	-	-		41 Interfund activity
				-	Total Internal Service Funds
\$	25,307	\$ 40,115	\$ 1,254	\$ 90,	Total Receivable

Advances to/from other funds (Continued):

Waste Resources advanced \$1.0 million to Public Facilities Capital Project Improvement Fund for East County Detention Cent Waste Resources advanced \$18.5 million to RUHS-MC for Huron Consulting Services.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

# NOTE 7 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

### **Transfers**

(b) Between Funds within the Governmental Activities:1

Transfer In Teeter Other Flood Debt Governmental Pension Transfer Out General Fund Transportation Control Service Obligation Funds General Fund \$ \$ \$ \$ - \$ \$ 23,938 \*To finance capital projects \*For debt service payments 3,032 66,968 75 21,196 \*Operating contribution \*For professional services 3,056 6,693 \*To fund pension obligation 26,371 Total general fund Transportation 18 \*To finance capital projects 2,438 \*For professional services 4 949 \*To fund pension obligation Total transportation CARES Act Coronavirus Relief \*Operating contribution 36,590 217 77,142 Total cares act coronavirus relief Flood Control \*For debt service payments 2,963 \*To fund pension obligation **Total Flood Control** Teeter Debt Service \*For debt service payments 3 Total teeter debt service Other Governmental Funds \*To finance capital projects 33,114 3,495 14,162 \*For debt service payments 12,084 \*For Fire protection services 69,683 \*For professional services 15,562 2,486 7,425 1,890 \*Operating contribution 1,134 \*To fund pension obligation 152 580 Total other governmental funds Riverside University Health System-Medical Center \*To fund pension obligation 5,661 Total Riverside University Health System-Medical Center Waste Resources \*To fund pension obligation 362 **Total Waste Resources** Housing Authority 170 \*To fund pension obligation **Total Housing Authority** Other Enterprise Funds \*To fund pension obligation 812 Total other enterprise funds Internal Service Funds \* Business Services 133 \*Operating contribution 36 \*To fund pension obligation 2,042 **Total Internal Service Funds** 

133

3,032

36,948

234,483

\$ 158,712 \$

<sup>1)</sup> These transfers were eliminated in the consolidation, by column, for the Governmental and Business-type Activities.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

# NOTE 7 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

### **Transfers (Continued)**

(b) Between Governmental and Business-type Activities:

			Traı	nsfers In						
Universit Systems	Riverside niversity Health ystems Medical Waste Center Resources		· ·					iternal ervice Funds	Total Transfers Out	*Principal purpose for transfer
										General Fund
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 23,938	*To finance capital projects
	10,000		-	-		-		-	80,000	*For debt service payments
	7,601		-	-		7,873		3,151	39,896	*Operating contribution
	-		-	-		-		-	9,749	*For professional services
	-		-	-		-		-	26,371	*To fund pension obligation
									179,954	Total general fund
										Transportation
	-		-	-		-		-	18	*To finance capital projects
	-		-	-		-		-	2,442	*For professional services
	-		-	-		-		-	949	*To fund pension obligation
									3,409	Total transportation
										CARES Act Coronavirus Relief
	17,705		45	25		15,729		1,205	148,658	*Operating contribution
									148,658	Total cares act coronavirus relief
										Flood Control
	-		-	-		-		-	2,963	*For debt service payments
	-		-	-		-		-	1	*To fund pension obligation
									2,964	Total Flood Control
										Teeter Debt Service
	_		_	_		_		_	3	*For debt service payments
									3	Total teeter debt service
										Other Governmental Funds
	3,277		_	_		_		_	54,048	*To finance capital projects
	-		_	_		_		_	12,084	*For debt service payments
	_		_	_		_		_	69,683	*For Fire protection services
	_		_	_		_		_	25,473	*For professional services
	_		_	_		252		692	3,968	*Operating contribution
	_		_	_				-	732	*To fund pension obligation
									165,988	Total other governmental funds
									105,700	Riverside University Health System-Medical Center
			_						5,661	*To fund pension obligation
									5,661	Total Riverside University Health System-Medical Center
									5,001	Waste Resources
									262	*To fund pension obligation
	-		-	-		-		-	362	Total Waste Resources
										-
									170	Housing Authority
	-		-	-		-		-	170	*To fund pension obligation
									170	Total Housing Authority
									012	Other Enterprise Funds
	-		-	-		-		-	812	*To fund pension obligation
									812	Total other enterprise funds
								_		Internal Service Funds
	-		-	-		-		3,432	3,432	* Business Services
	31		-	-		-		-	200	*Operating contribution
	-		-	-		-		-	2,042	*To fund pension obligation
									5,674	Total Internal Service Funds
\$	38,614	\$	45	\$ 25	\$	23,854	\$	8,480	\$ 513,655	Total transfers in

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

# NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows (In thousands):

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2019 Restated	A	dditions	_	eletions/	Transfers		Balance ne 30, 2020
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land & easements	\$	587,652	\$	11,329	\$	(1,602)	\$	-	\$ 597,379
Construction in progress		762,613		201,657		(1,542)		(64,560)	898,168
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		1,350,265		212,986		(3,144)		(64,560)	1,495,547
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Infrastructure		3,736,104		27,814		-		49,805	3,813,723
Land improvements		110		-		-		-	110
Structures and improvements		1,879,416		5,635		(887)		10,019	1,894,183
Equipment		616,025		40,157		(26,989)		4,727	633,920
Total capital assets, being depreciated		6,231,655		73,606		(27,876)		64,551	6,341,936
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Infrastructure		(1,698,394)		(117,160)		-		33	(1,815,521)
Land improvements		(30)		(1)		-		-	(31)
Structures and improvements		(580,748)		(47,823)		526		-	(628,045)
Equipment		(372,747)		(45,908)		25,469		(24)	(393,210)
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,651,919)		(210,892)		25,995		9	(2,836,807)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		3,579,736		(137,286)		(1,881)		64,560	3,505,129
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	4,930,001	\$	75,700	\$	(5,025)	\$	-	\$ 5,000,676

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

# **NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows (In thousands):

	I	Balance			I		Balance		
	Jul	y 1, 2019	A	Additions	Α	djustments	Trans fers	Jun	e 30, 2020
Business-type activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land & easements	\$	21,524	\$	12	\$	(12)	\$ -	\$	21,524
Construction in progress		49,089		15,645		(4,406)	(3,320)		57,008
Concession arrangements		8,830		-		-	-		8,830
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		79,443		15,657		(4,418)	(3,320)		87,362
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Infrastructure		105,537		3,768		4,394	-		113,699
Land improvements		21,402		1		-	-		21,403
Structures and improvements		285,609		192,146		(68)	1,839		479,526
Equipment		206,319		34,701		(7,543)	1,495		234,972
Total capital assets, being depreciated		618,867		230,616		(3,217)	3,334		849,600
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Infrastructure		(60,438)		(3,740)		-	-		(64,178)
Land improvements		(15,498)		(727)		-	-		(16,225)
Structures and improvements		(139,288)		(10,175)		-	-		(149,463)
Equipment		(147,655)		(22,720)		4,560	(14)		(165,829)
Total accumulated depreciation		(362,879)		(37,362)		4,560	(14)		(395,695)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		255,988		193,254		1,343	3,320		453,905
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	335,431	\$	208,911	\$	(3,075)	\$ -	\$	541,267

### Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows (In thousands):

General government	\$ 48,735
Public protection	13,476
Health and sanitation	1,147
Public assistance	200
Public ways and facilities	117,561
Recreation and cultural services	3,004
Education	7,485
Depreciation on capital assets held by the County's internal service funds is charged to the various functions based on their use of the assets	19,284
Total depreciation expense – governmental functions	\$ 210,892

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 8 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type functions as follows (In thousands):

RUHS-Medical Center	\$ 26,041
Waste Resources	7,274
Housing Authority	1,088
RUHS-CHC	2,927
Flood Control	21
County Service Areas	11
Total depreciation expense – business-type functions	\$ 37,362

### **Capital Leases**

Leased property under capital leases by major class (In thousands):

	Gov	ernmental	Business-type		
	A	ctivities	Activities		
Land	\$	488	\$	-	
Structures and improvements		62,124		190,733	
Equipment		127,917		43,979	
Less: Accumulated amortization		(76,536)		(22,902)	
Total leased property, net	\$	113,993	\$	211,810	

### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

Activity for the Riverside County Children and Families Commission for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows (In thousands):

	Ba	lance	Deletions/					Balance	
	July 1, 2019		Additions Adjustments		Trans fers		June 30, 2020		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	373	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	\$	373
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		373		-	-		-		373
Capital assets, being depreciated									
Building and improvements		1,898		-	-		-		1,898
Machinery and equipment		107		-	-		-		107
Total capital assets, being depreciated		2,005		-	-		-		2,005
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Building and improvements		(275)		(54)	-		-		(329)
Machinery and equipment		(91)		(10)	-		-		(101)
Total accumulated depreciation		(366)		(64)	-		-		(430)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,639		(64)	_		-		1,575
Total capital assets, net	\$	2,012	\$	(64)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,948

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 9 – SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (SCA)

GASB Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements (SCA), defines an SCA as a type of public-private or public-public partnership. As used in GASB Statement No. 60, an SCA is an arrangement between a government (the transferor) and an operator in which all of the following criteria are met:

- a) The transferor conveys to the operator the right and related obligation to provide public service through the use and operation of a capital asset (referred to in the statement as a "facility") in exchange for significant consideration, such as an up-front payment, installment payments, a new facility, or improvements to an existing facility.
- b) The operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties.
- c) The transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve what services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services.

The County has determined that the following arrangements meet the criteria set forth above (where the County is the transferor) and therefore included these SCAs in the County's financial statements. GASB Statement No. 60 also provides guidance on accounting treatment if the County were acting as an operator of another government's facility. The County has determined that there are no incidences where the County would qualify as such an operator.

### McIntyre Park Campground

On October 15, 1985, and as later amended, the Park District (the Park) entered into an agreement with California East Coast, Inc. (the "Company"), under which the Company will operate and collect user fees from a campground, camp store, boat launch and recovery ramp, day-use area and marina fuel station through a lease with the Park at McIntyre County Park through the year 2047. The Company will pay the Park between ten and seventeen percent of the revenues it earns from the operation of the campground. The Company is required to operate and maintain the campground in accordance with the Lease Contract. The Park reports the campground as a capital asset with a carrying amount of \$51.6 thousand at year-end. The Park has received no upfront payments or installment payments that are required to be reported as a deferred inflow of resources on the financial statements. The Park also has no contractual obligations to sacrifice financial resources that meet the criteria to be recognized as a liability.

### **Cove RV Resort**

On or about January 1, 1970, and as later amended, the County and later the Park entered into an agreement with Cavan Inc. The lease was assigned to J&W Enterprises, then to Alpine Capital LLC, then Reynolds Riviera Resorts, and lastly to The Cove RV Resort (the "Company") as of December 2016. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company is permitted to engage in the operation of a travel trailer park, rental of spaces in the park, food service operations including a grocery store, boat launching ramp, and other associated camping functions through June 2044. The Company will pay the Park the greater of \$833 or seven percent of gross receipts earned from operation of the RV Park. The Park reports the RV Resort as a capital asset with a carrying amount of \$131.4 thousand at year-end. The Park has received no upfront payments or installment payments that are required to be reported as a deferred inflow of resources on the financial statements. The Park also has no contractual obligations to sacrifice financial resources that meet the criteria to be recognized as a liability.

### Lake Skinner Recreation Area

On or about November 1, 2007, the Park entered into an agreement with Pyramid Enterprise, Inc. d.b.a. Rocky Mountain Recreation Company of Piru, California (the "Company") to sublease its rights to Lake Skinner Recreation Area Concessionaire. Under the provisions of the agreement, the Company is permitted to engage in the operation of a marina, camp store, cafe, parking lots, laundry facility, fueling station, and bike shop. The monthly payment from the Company to the Park will be the greater of the combination of 7% of all retail gross sales, 9% of all rental gross sales, and 2% of all fuel gross sales or \$2.5 thousand. The Park has received no upfront payments or installment payments that are required to be reported as a deferred inflow of resources on the financial statements. The Park also has no contractual obligations to sacrifice financial resources that meet the criteria to be recognized as a liability. The term of the agreement is 10 years, renewable in 5 year increments.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 9 – SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (SCA) (Continued)

### **Gopher Hole Camp Store**

On February 7, 2018, the Park entered into an agreement with Pyramid Enterprises, Inc. d.b.a. Rocky Mountain Recreation Company of Piru, California (the "Company") to lease the Rancho Jurupa Regional Park Gopher Hole camp store. Under the provisions of the agreement, the Company is permitted to engage in the operation of the store, office, storage 107, and storage 102. The Company will pay the Park ten percent of gross receipts earned from operation of the store each month. All remaining areas will remain under the control and responsibility of the Park. The term of the agreement is 3 years, with the option to renew 2 more years.

#### **Edom Hill Transfer Station**

On November 2, 2002, the Department of Waste Resources entered into a 30-year agreement with Burrtec Recovery and Transfer LLC (Burrtec), under which Burrtec has the rights to construct the Edom Hill Transfer Station in order to serve the traditional users/waste-shed of the closed Edom Hill Landfill and operate the transfer station.

### Cove Waterpark and Dropzone Waterpark

On April 18, 2017, the Economic Development Agency (the Agency) entered into a 5-year agreement with Standguard Aquatics, Inc., a Georgia Corporation (the "Company") to operate and maintain the Cove Waterpark and the Dropzone Waterpark (the "Waterparks") in a clean, safe and good condition. The Waterparks are to be operated as paid recreational and competitive use facilities with food and beverage and other concessions as provided by the Agency. The Company shall pay the Agency a quarterly percentage rent. The percentage rent shall be calculated by multiplying the gross revenues from the Waterparks for the applicable quarterly period by a factor of 10 percent. The Agency has received no upfront payments or installment payments that are required to be reported as a deferred inflow of resources on the financial statements. The Agency also has no contractual obligations to sacrifice financial resources that meet the criteria to be recognized as a liability. The term of the agreement is 5 years, renewable in one 5 year extension.

A summary of the important details and capital assets pertaining to the SCAs are described below (In thousands).

Minimum

	Date SCA Entered Into	Term of SCA	Expiration of SCA	Revenue Sharing	Rent Payment (per month)
McIntyre Park Campground	10/15/1985	62 years	10/15/2047	Between 10.0% and 17.0% of the revenues it earns from the operation of the campground.	\$ -
Cove RV Resort	1/1/1970	74 years	6/30/2044	Greater of \$833 or 7.0% of gross receipts earned from operation of the RV park.	-
Lake Skinner Recreation Area	11/1/2007	15 years	10/31/2022	Greater of the combination of 7.0% of all retail gross sales, 9.0% of all rental gross sales, and 2.0% of all fuel gross sales or \$2.5 thousand.	_
Gopher Hole Camp Store	2/7/2018	3 years	2/7/2021	10.0% of monthly gross revenues from the operation of the store.	-
Edom Hill Transfer Station	11/2/2002	30 years	11/2/2032	Service Fee ranging from \$4.41 to \$4.13 per ton, Disposal fee of \$23.00 per ton, and City Mitigation Fee of \$1 per ton for all incoming solid waste.	-
Cove and Dropzone Waterparks	4/18/2017	5 years	5/18/2022	10.0% of the quarterly gross revenues from the operation of the waterparks.	\$ -

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 9 – SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (SCA) (Continued)

Capital assets balance for the SCAs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and over the terms of the agreements are as follows (In thousands):

	St	tructures, & ructure
McIntyre Park Campground	\$	52
Cove RV Resort		131
Lake Skinner Recreation Area		_
Gopher Hole Camp Store		-
Edom Hill Transfer Station		8,830
Cove and Dropzone Waterparks		44,419
	\$	53,432

The deferred inflows of resources activity for the SCA for the year ended June 30, 2020 are as follows (In thousands):

		alance		itions/	<b>A</b>	1 ـ		alance
SCA Capital Assets	July	1,2019	Resta	tements	Amor	tization	June	30,2020
McIntyre Park Campground <sup>2</sup>	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Cove RV Resort <sup>2</sup>		-		-		-		-
Lake Skinner Recreation Area <sup>2</sup>		-		-		-		-
Gopher Hole Camp Store <sup>2</sup>		-		-		-		-
Edom Hill Transfer Station		5,790		-		(434)		5,356
Cove and Dropzone Waterparks <sup>2</sup>		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows	\$	5,790	\$	_	\$	(434)	\$	5,356

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Amortization calculated using the straight-line method for the term of the agreement for the SCA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> No upfront payments received or installment payments that are required to be reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 10 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require Waste Resources to place a final cover on all active landfills when closed and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. Waste Resources will recognize the remaining estimated cost of \$9.6 million as the remaining estimated capacity of 14.8 million tons is filled. Waste Resources expects all currently permitted landfill capacities to be filled by 2107. The total estimated closure liability of \$23.0 million and post-closure care costs of \$45.5 million is based on what it would cost to perform all closure and post-closure care costs at present value. Actual costs may be different due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

In addition to the liability amounts calculated per the California Department of Resources, Recycling, and Recovery (CalRecycle) regulations that are designated to the Escrow Funds, Waste Resources is also responsible for the post-closure care costs related to twenty-six (26) other landfill sites that have been inactive or closed since before 1988. Liability for these sites fluctuates dependent on the needs of each site and changes to, or the implementation of, laws and regulations. As of June 30, 2020, the post-closure liability is estimated at \$33.9 million.

Cumulative expenses, percentage of landfill capacity used to date, outstanding recognized liability, and the estimated remaining landfill life by operating landfill are as follows (In thousands):

			Capacity Used as of	standing cognized	Estimated Years
Facility Name (City)	То	otal Estimate	June 30, 2020	iability	Remaining
Badlands (Moreno Valley)	\$	10,811	77.1%	\$ 8,336	2
Blythe (Blythe)		5,219	35.3%	1,843	27
Edom Hill (Cathedral City)		5,808	100.0%	5,808	0
Lamb Canyon (Beaumont)		8,470	59.3%	5,024	9
Desert Center (Desert Center)		451	59.1%	267	67
Mecca II (Mecca)		1,020	98.8%	1,007	78
Oasis (Oasis)		886	84.7%	752	43
Total Closure Estimate	\$	32,665		\$ 23,037	

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 10 - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE COSTS (Continued)

#### **Post-Closure Escrow Fund Landfill Sites**

Facility Name (City)	Estimated Liability				
Badlands (Moreno Valley)	\$	8,596			
Blythe (Blythe)		2,667			
Coachella (Coachella)		2,603			
Double Butte (Winchester)		6,605			
Edom Hill (Cathedral City)		3,915			
Highgrove (Riverside)		4,433			
Lamb Canyon (Beaumont)		6,144			
Mead Valley (Perris)		3,557			
Anza (Anza)		2,690			
Desert Center (Desert Center)		1,297			
Mecca II (Mecca)		1,603			
Oasis (Oasis)		1,431			
Total Post-Closure Estimate	\$	45,541			

Waste Resources is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a trust fund to finance closure and post-closure care. Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations (CCR) requires solid waste landfill operators to demonstrate the availability of financial resources to conduct closure and post-closure maintenance activities. Waste Resources expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional closure and post-closure requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations), these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users.

In accordance with Sections 22228 and 22245 of the CCR, the County has implemented Pledge of Revenue agreements between the County and the California Department of Resources, Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle) for the six active landfills and the six closed landfills to demonstrate financial responsibility for post-closure maintenance costs. Waste Resources has determined that the projected net revenues, after current operating costs, from tipping fees during the 30-year period of post-closure care maintenance will, during each year of this period, be greater than the yearly monitoring and post-closure care maintenance costs for each landfill. It is agreed that the amount of these Pledge of Revenue agreements may increase or decrease to match any adjustments to the identified cost estimates, which is mutually agreed to by Waste Resources and CalRecycle.

#### **NOTE 11 – OPERATING LEASES**

The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases entered into by the County that have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2020 (In thousands):

Year Ending June 30	
2021	\$ 47,267
2022	40,834
2023	34,902
2024	27,732
2025	19,025
2026 - 2030	41,228
2031 - 2035	9,710
2036 - 2040	775
2041 - 2045	279
2046 - 2050	108
Total Minimum Payments	\$ 221,860

Total rental expenditure/expense for the year ended June 30, 2020, was \$141.4 million, of which \$16.7 million was recorded in the enterprise funds.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 12 – ADVANCES FROM GRANTORS AND THIRD PARTIES

Under both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when earned. Therefore, the government-wide statement of net position as well as governmental and enterprise funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received as of year-end, but not yet earned. Assets recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete are offset by a corresponding liability for advances from grantors and third parties.

The balance as of June 30, 2020, of advances from grantors and third parties is as follows (In thousands):

		Balance e 30, 2020
General Fund:	•	120.264
Advances on state and federal grants for mental health services	\$	138,264
Advances on state funding for social services		95,637
Advances on state grants and third party advances for public health services		25,232
Advances on state grants for probation services		21,391
Advances on state and federal grants for sheriff services		7,289
Advances on state grants and other federal grants for environmental health services		4,015
Advances on state and federal grants for 2020 census and homeless assistance		3,555
Advances on state grants and third party advances for emergency management services		2,461
Advances on state grants for district attorney services		1,931
Advances on state grants for public safety		1,803
Advances on state grants for planning and engineering services		654
Advances on state grants for public defender services		348
Advances on state grants for veteran services		318
Advances on state grants and third party advances for animal services		297
Advances on state and federal grants for fire protection services		208
Advances for election services		115
Other advances		65
Total general fund		303,583
Transportation Special Revenue Fund:		
Developer fees		12,387
Utility relocation		6,556
Advances from developers for road and construction projects		3,870
Survey fees		861
Deposit based fees		410
Advances for community facilities districts improvement projects		109
Total transportation special revenue fund		24,193
Flood Control Special Revenue Fund:		
Advances for flood control projects		532
Total flood special revenue fund		532
CARES Act Coronavirus Relief Fund:	•	
Advances from the federal government for COVID-19 related expenditures		282,306
Total CARES act fund		282,306
Other Governmental Funds:		
Advances on state grant for homeless housing relief programs		11,922
Advances on state grant for bio-terrorism programs		2,145
Advances on state grant for health care services		1,434
Advances for facility renewal projects		1,241
Camping and recreation fees		553
Advances on state grant for community service block grant		542
Developer impact fees		306
Advances for aviation projects		19
Advances from third parties for recreational events		1
Other advances		4
Total other governmental funds		18,167
Grand total of advances from grantors and third parties	\$	628,781
6		

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 13 – SHORT-TERM DEBT

### Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs)

On July 1, 2019, the County issued \$340.0 million of tax exempt Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs), which was paid by June 30, 2020. The notes were issued with a yield rate of 1.25% and a stated interest rate of 5.0%. This was to provide needed cash to cover the projected intra-period cash-flow deficits of the County's General Fund during the fiscal year July 1 through June 30.

### **Tax-Exempt Commercial Paper Notes (Teeter)**

In December 1993, the County adopted the Teeter Plan, the alternative method for the distribution of secured property taxes and other assessments. In order to fulfill the requirements of the plan, the County obtained cash for the "buyout" of delinquent secured property taxes and the annual advance of current unpaid taxes to all entities that elected to participate in the Teeter Plan. The current financing takes place through the sale of Tax-Exempt Commercial Paper Notes (Teeter Notes). During fiscal year 2019-20, the County retired \$75.8 million and issued \$84.3 million 2019 Series A teeter obligation notes (tax-exempt) which includes a premium of \$228.0 thousand, leaving an outstanding balance of \$84.3 million at June 30, 2020.

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows (In thousands):

	Bala	ance					Balance	
	June 30	June 30, 2019		Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2020		
TRANs	\$	-	\$	340,000	\$ (340,000)	\$	-	
Teeter notes		75,754		84,342	(75,754)		84,342	
Total	\$	75,754	\$	424,342	\$ (415,754)	\$	84,342	

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 14 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Long-term obligations of the County consist of capital lease obligations, bonds, notes, and other liabilities that are payable from the general, debt service, enterprise, and internal service funds. The calculated legal debt limit for the County is \$3.72 billion.

### **Capital Leases**

Capital leases for governmental funds are recorded both as capital expenditures and as other financing sources at inception in the fund financial statements, with the liability and the asset recorded in the government-wide statement of net position. Capital leases are secured by a pledge of the leased capital asset.

See Note 8 (Capital Assets) for assets under capital leases and related disclosure information by major asset class.

The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020 (In thousands):

	Gov	ernmental	Bus	iness-type
Year Ending June 30	Activities		A	ctivities
2021	\$ 26,546		\$	15,712
2022		20,624		14,771
2023		16,041		13,964
2024		10,852		13,628
2025		9,862		11,934
2026-2030		36,735		45,618
2031-2035		33,265		38,064
2036-2040		1,104		39,976
2041-2045		-		56,665
Total minimum payments		155,029		250,332
Less amount representing interest		(25,742)		(8,230)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	129,287	\$	242,102

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 14 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)**

The following is a summary of governmental activities long-term liabilities transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020 (In thousands):

		_								mounts
	Balance June 30, 2019		New		Payments		Balance			e Within
			A	Additions		Reclass	June 30, 2020		One Year	
<b>Governmental activities:</b>										
Debt long-term liabilities:										
Bonds payable	\$	1,189,065	\$	732,870	\$	(67,360)	\$	1,854,575	\$	87,905
Capital lease obligations		102,905		51,117		(24,735)		129,287		22,571
Certificates of participation	60,265		-			(18,596)		41,669		18,570
Bonds from Direct Placement		980		-		(650)		330		330
Total debt long-term liabilities		1,353,215		783,987		(111,341)		2,025,861		129,376
Other long-term liabilities:										
Accreted interest payable		195,574		25,117		(1,005)		219,686		-
Compensated absences (a)		228,248		7,389		(82)		235,555		141,045
Estimated claims liabilities (b)		260,110		53,055		(57,779)		255,386		60,864
Total other long-term liabilities		683,932		85,561		(58,866)		710,627		201,909
Total governmental activities –	\$	2,037,147	\$	869,548	\$	(170,207)	\$	2,736,488	\$	331,285

<sup>(</sup>a) General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Internal Service Funds are used to liquidate the compensated absences.

The following is a summary of business-type and discretely presented component unit activities long-term liabilities transactions for the year ended June 30, 2020 (In thousands):

							Ar	nounts	
	Balance		New	<b>Payments</b>	Balance		Due	Within	
	June	30, 2019	Additions	/ Reclass	June	e 30, 2020	One Year		
<b>Business-type activities:</b>									
Debt long-term liabilities:									
Bonds payable, net of un-amortized									
discount and losses	\$	64,254	\$ -	\$ (5,381)	\$	58,873	\$	4,664	
Capital lease		34,724	215,414	(8,036)		242,102		14,502	
Total debt long-term liabilities		98,978	215,414	(13,417)		300,975		19,166	
Other long-term liabilities:									
Accreted interest payable		79,922	6,540	(14,524)		71,938		1,236	
Compensated absences		41,577	2,959	(139)		44,397		27,895	
Other long-term liabilities (a)		11,007	43	-		11,050		-	
Total other long-term liabilities		132,506	9,542	(14,663)		127,385		29,131	
Total business-type activities - long-									
term liabilities	\$	231,484	\$ 224,956	\$ (28,080)	\$	428,360	\$	48,297	

<sup>(</sup>a) For Business-type Activities under Other long-term liabilities consists of the following: Housing Authority has three notes payable, totaling \$11.0 million.

									ue
Bala	nce					Bal	lance	Wi	thin
June 30	,2019	Addi	tions	Payı	ments	June 3	30, 2020	One	Year
\$	304	\$	50	\$	(12)	\$	342	\$	191
\$	304	\$	50	\$	(12)	\$	342	\$	191
	June 30		<b>June 30, 2019 Addi</b> \$ 304 \$	<b>June 30, 2019 Additions</b> \$ 304 \$ 50	June 30, 2019         Additions         Payr           \$ 304         \$ 50         \$	June 30, 2019         Additions         Payments           \$ 304         \$ 50         \$ (12)	June 30, 2019         Additions         Payments         June 3           \$ 304         \$ 50         \$ (12)         \$	June 30, 2019         Additions         Payments         June 30, 2020           \$ 304         \$ 50         \$ (12)         \$ 342	Balance June 30, 2019AdditionsPaymentsBalance June 30, 2020Wi One\$ 304\$ 50\$ (12)\$ 342\$

Amounte

The County has an unused line of credit in the amount of \$17.1 million.

<sup>(</sup>b) Internal Service Funds are used to liquidate the estimated claims liabilities.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The following schedules provide details of all certificates of participation, bonds payable, and notes payable for the County that are outstanding as of June 30, 2020 (In thousands):

Type of Indebtedness	Original orrowing	Interest Rates to Maturity	Final Maturity	tstanding at 2 30, 2020
Governmental activities:				_
Certificates of Participation				
CORAL				
1990 Monterey Avenue: Serial Certificates	\$ 8,800	Variable	2020	\$ 800
2009 Series A - Public Safety Communication				
and Woodcrest Library Refunding Projects	45,685	Variable	2039	19,955
2009 Larson Justice Center Refunding:				
Serial Certificates	 24,680	2.00% - 5.00%	2021	 7,172
Total CORAL	 79,165			27,927
Flood Control				
Zone 4 - 2015 Negotiable Promissory Note	 21,000	2.00% - 5.00%	2025	 13,742
Total Flood Control	 21,000			13,742
Total certificates of participations	\$ 100,165			\$ 41,669
Bonds payable				
CORAL				
2012 CAC Annex Refunding Project	\$ 33,360	2.00% - 5.00%	2031	\$ 24,369
2008 A Southwest Justice Center: Term Certificates	78,895	5.16%	2032	62,040
2013 Probation & RCIT: Term Bonds (Series A)	66,015	5.00% - 5.25%	2043	48,440
2014 Lease Refunding Court Facilities Project, Series A	10,890	2.00% - 5.00%	2033	7,711
2019 Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding Series A	 12,875	1.87% - 3.40%	2044	 12,875
Total CORAL	 202,035			 155,435
Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds				
Pension Obligation Bonds (Series 2005-A)	400,000	4.91% - 5.04%	2035	218,830
Pension Obligation Bonds (Series 2020)	 719,995	2.17% - 3.17%	2038	 719,995
Total Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds	 1,119,995			 938,825
Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority				
Series 2007 C-1	\$ 53,542	6.63%	2036	\$ 53,542
Series 2007 C-2	29,653	6.75%	2045	29,653
Series 2007 D	23,458	7.00%	2057	23,457
Series 2007 E	18,948	7.63%	2057	18,949
Series 2007 F	27,076	8.00%	2057	27,076
Series 2019	 100,000	3.68%	2028	 91,970
Total Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority	252,677			 244,647

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 14 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Bonds payable (continued)				
Riverside County Public Financing Authority				
Series 2012	17,640	3.00% - 5.00%	2021	11,470
Series 2015	325,000	2.00% - 5.00%	2046	 330,122
Total Riverside County Public Financing Authority	342,640	_		341,592
Riverside County Infrastructure Financing Authority	<u>y</u>			
Series 2015 A	72,825	2.00% - 5.00%	2054	67,251
Series 2016 A	36,740	2.00% - 4.00%	2032	37,815
Series 2017 A	46,970	3.00% - 4.00%	2045	47,067
Series 2017 B	11,595	3.00% - 5.00%	2038	11,272
Series 2017 C	10,610	3.125% - 5.00%	2047	 10,671
Total Riverside Infrastructure Financing Authority	178,740	_		174,076
Total bonds payable	\$ 2,096,087	=		\$ 1,854,575
Bonds from direct placement				
CORAL				
2011 Monroe Park Building Refunding	\$ 5,535	3.54%	2021	\$ 330
Total 2011 Monroe Park Building Refunding	5,535	_		 330
Total bonds from direct placement	\$ 5,535	=		\$ 330
Total governmental activities	\$ 2,201,787	=		\$ 1,896,574
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				
Bonds payable				
Riverside University Health Systems - Medical Cente	r (RUHS-MC)			
1997 A Serial Capital Appreciation Bonds (net of				
future capital appreciation of \$130.5 million)	\$ 41,170	5.70% - 6.01%	2026	\$ 24,142
2012 Term bonds (Series A)	87,510	2.00% - 5.00%	2029	 34,731
Total RUHS-MC	128,680	_		 58,873
Total bonds payable	\$ 128,680	=		\$ 58,873
Total business-type activities	\$ 128,680	_		\$ 58,873

As of June 30, 2020, annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows (In thousands):

Governmental	Bono	ds from Di	rect Plac	ement	Се	rtificates of	f Partici	pation						
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Prin	ncipal	Interest		Pr	incipal	In	terest						
2021	\$	330	\$	6	\$ 18,570		\$	1,407						
2022		-		-		9,110		784						
2023		-		-		2,660		513						
2024		-		-		2,795		378						
2025	-		-			-		2,935		241				
2026 - 2030		-		-		1,060		768						
2031 - 2035		-		-		1,405		523						
2036 - 2040		-		-		1,880		196						
Total requirements		330		6		40,415		4,810						
Bond discount/premium, net			-		-		-					1,254		
Total	\$ 330		\$	6	\$	41,669	\$	4,810						

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 14 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements of governmental activities (Continued)

Governmental	Bonds	Payable		
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest		
2021	\$ 87,905	\$ 61,238		
2022	92,305	63,155		
2023	103,610	59,573		
2024	111,210	55,592		
2025	102,565	51,199		
2026 - 2030	486,898	200,934		
2031 - 2035	454,005	108,860		
2036 - 2040	140,200	47,337		
2041 - 2045	131,101	22,325		
2046 - 2050	37,592	596		
2051 - 2055	22,331	-		
2056 - 2060	47,150	4,671		
Total requirements	1,816,872	675,480		
Bond discount/premium, net	37,703			
Total	\$ 1,854,575	\$ 675,480		

As of June 30, 2020, annual debt service requirements of business-type activities unit to maturity are as follows (In thousands):

Business-type		Bonds 1	Payab	le	Ot	ther Long-to	erm Liabi	lities
Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Pr	incipal	I	nterest	Principal		Inte	erest
2021	\$	4,664	\$	16,086	\$	_	\$	-
2022		4,376		16,374		_		-
2023		4,125		16,626		_		-
2024		3,878		16,873		_		-
2025		3,655		17,096		-		-
2026 - 2030		34,579		19,758		6,795		-
2031 - 2035		-		-		551		-
2036 - 2040		-		_		_		-
2041 - 2045		-		_		_		-
2046 - 2050		-		_		_		-
2051 - 2055		_		_		_		_
2056 - 2060		-		_		_		-
2061 - 2065		_		_		_		_
2066 - 2070		-		_		3,704		-
Total requirements		55,277		102,813		11,050		_
Bond discount/premium, net		3,596						
Total	\$	58,873	\$	102,813	\$	11,050	\$	_

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 14 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)**

#### **Accreted Interest Payable**

The following is a summary of the changes in accreted interest payable for the year ended June 30, 2020 (In thousands):

	В	alance					В	alance
	June	e 30, 2019	Αc	lditions	Re	ductions	June	e 30, 2020
Governmental Activities: Certificates of Participation: Court Financing (U.S. District Court								
Project)	\$	1,005	\$	-	\$	(1,005)	\$	-
Bonds:								
Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority		194,569		25,117		-		219,686
Total governmental-type activities	\$	195,574	\$	25,117	\$	(1,005)	\$	219,686
Business-type Activities:  Lease Revenue Bonds:								
Riverside University Health Systems -								
Medical Center (1997A Hosp)	\$	79,922	\$	6,540	\$	(14,524)	\$	71,938
Total business-type activities	\$	79,922	\$	6,540	\$	(14,524)	\$	71,938

The accreted interest payable balances at June 30, 2020, represent accreted interest on the 2007 Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority Bonds and the 1997 A Hospital Serial Capital Appreciation Bonds. The original issues were \$294.1 million for the 2007 Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority Bonds and \$41.2 million for the 1997 A Hospital Serial Capital Appreciation Bonds. The total accreted value on the bonds upon maturity will be \$171.6 million for the 1997 A Hospital Serial Capital Appreciation Bonds and \$3.47 billion for the 2007 Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority Bonds. The County is under no obligation to make payments of accreted value or redemption premiums, if any, or interest on the Series 2007 Bonds.

The increases of \$25.1 million and \$6.5 million represent current year's accretion for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. The accumulated accretion for business-type activities was \$71.9 million at June 30, 2020. The accumulated accretion for the Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority in governmental activities was \$219.7 million. The un-accreted balances at June 30, 2020 are \$21.0 million for the 1997-A Hospital RUHS-MC project, and \$3.25 billion for the Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority Bonds.

### **Bonds, Certificates of Participation / Refunding**

In September 2019, CORAL issued \$12.9 million in taxable lease revenue refunding bonds, Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2019 Series A. The 2019 Series A Bonds are being issued for the purpose of refunding a portion of the outstanding 2013 Series A Bonds (Public Defender/Probation Building and Riverside County Technology Solutions Center Projects) and pay the cost incurred in connection with the issuance of the bonds. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$513.0 thousand.

In April 2020, the County issued \$720.0 million in taxable pension obligation bonds, Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, Series 2020. The Series 2020 bonds were issued under a Trust Agreement, dated as of February 1, 2005, as supplemented by a First Supplemental Trust Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2020 between the County and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Trustee, to refund a portion of the County's obligations to the California Public Employee's Retirement System (CalPERS) under the CalPERS Contract, evidencing a portion of the County's obligation to pay the County's unfunded accrued actuarial liability to CalPERS and pay the costs of issuance related to the Series 2020 Bonds.

### **Defeasance of Debt**

In December 2009, CORAL issued \$24.7 million of certificates of participation (2009 Larson Justice Center Project Refunding Certificate of Participation) to provide funds to refund and prepay the certificates of participation relating to the 1998 Larson Justice Center Project with an outstanding principal amount of \$23.7 million; to fund the reserve fund; and to pay certain costs of issuance incurred in connection with this refunding. The requisition price exceeded the net carry amount of the old debt by \$1.0 million. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 14 – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

### **Defeasance of Debt (continued)**

over the new debt's life. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$3.7 million and a reduction of \$1.5 million in future debt service payments.

In December 2009, CORAL also issued \$45.7 million of certificates of participation (2009 Public Safety Communication and Woodcrest Library Projects Refunding Certification of Participation) to provide funds to refund and redeem the certificates of participation relating to 2007 Series B Public Safety Communication Project with an outstanding principal amount of \$37.4 million; to provide funds to refund and retire the series 2006 Certificates of Participation Anticipation Note relating to Woodcrest Library Project with an outstanding principal amount of \$6.0 million; to fund capitalized interest on a portion of the certificates of participation through July 1, 2012; to fund a security deposit with respect to base rental payable under the sublease; and to pay certain costs of issuance incurred in connection with this refunding. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carry amount of the old debts by \$2.3 million. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt's life. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$3.3 million and an addition of \$6.9 million in future debt service payments.

On February 28, 2011, CORAL issued \$5.5 million in private placement bonds (2011 Monroe Building) to provide funds to refund and redeem the notes payable relating to the 2007 Monroe Park Building loan with an outstanding principal amount of \$5.4 million and to pay certain costs of issuance incurred in connection with this refunding. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$140.0 thousand. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt's life. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$527.2 thousand and a reduction of \$339.2 thousand in future debt service payments.

In February 2012, CORAL issued \$33.4 million in lease revenue bonds (2012 County Administrative Center Refunding Projects) to provide funds to refund and prepay the certificates of participation relating to 2001 County Administrative Center (CAC) Annex with an outstanding principal amount of \$31.4 million; to fund the reserve fund; to pay certain costs of issuance incurred in connection with this refunding; and to acquire two office buildings located in Indio, California. The requisition price exceeded the net carry amount of the old debt by \$2.0 million. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt's life. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$5.0 million and a reduction of \$3.6 million in future debt service payments.

In July 2012, CORAL issued \$90.5 million in lease revenue bonds (2012 Series A and Taxable Series B County of Riverside Capital Projects) to provide funds to refund and prepay CORAL's Leasehold Revenue Bonds, 1997 Series B with an outstanding principal amount of \$64.4 million; to provide funds (\$30.0 million) for improvements to the Medical Center Campus; deposit funds into the debt service reserve fund; and pay certain costs of issuance incurred in connection with this refunding. The refunding resulted in a redemption premium of \$639.4 thousand for the 1997 Series B lease revenue bonds and a net premium of \$6.9 million for the 2012 Series A and Taxable Series B. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carry amount of the old debt by \$26.6 million. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt's life. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$8.0 million and a reduction of \$7.1 million in future debt service payments.

In June 2014, CORAL issued \$11.0 million in lease revenue bonds (2014 A Court Facilities Project) to provide funds mainly to refund the 2003 A Historic Courthouse Projects, 2003 B Capital Facilities Project Refunding, and 2003 Bankruptcy Court Project (a County bond) with a total outstanding principal amount of \$20.0 million; and to pay certain costs of issuance incurred in connection with this refunding. The refunding resulted in a premium of \$756.0 thousand for the 2014 A and B Court Facilities Project. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carry amount of the old debt by \$1.5 million. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt life. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$4.2 million and a reduction of \$3.3 million in future debt service payments.

In October 2016, the Infrastructure Finance Authority issued \$36.7 million in lease revenue bonds (2016 Series A) for the purpose of refunding the outstanding Riverside County Palm Desert Financing Authority Lease Revenue Bonds (County Facilities Projects) 2008 Series A, with a total outstanding principal amount of \$40.4 million, to finance the acquisition, construction and installation of certain capital improvements to be owned and operated by the County,

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

#### **Defeasance of Debt (continued)**

and to pay costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the bonds. The refunding resulted in an unamortized bond premium of \$5.2 million, loss on refunding of \$3.8 million, and a net carry amount of \$41.3 million. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carry amount of the old debt by \$3.8 million. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt life. The transaction resulted in an economic loss of \$451 thousand and an increase of \$273 thousand in future debt service payments.

In December 2017, the Infrastructure Financing Authority issued \$47.0 million in lease revenue refunding bonds, 2017 Series A. The 2017 Series bond is being issued for the purpose of refunding the outstanding Riverside Community Properties Development, Inc. Lease Revenue Bonds, 2013 (Riverside County Law Building Project) and pay the costs incurred in connections with the issuance of the bonds. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carry amount of the old debt by \$3.8 million. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt life. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$8.3 million and a decrease of \$4.4 million in future debt service payments.

In December 2017, the Infrastructure Financing Authority also issued 2017 Series B & C lease revenue bonds (County of Riverside Capital Projects) for \$11.6 million and 10.6 million respectively. The 2017 Series B lease revenue bonds were issued to refund the outstanding Southwest Communities Financing Authority 2008 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A with a principal balance outstanding of \$13.2 million. The 2017 Series C lease revenue bonds were issued to provide funds to finance the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements to be owned and operated by the County. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carry amount of the old debt by \$2.0 million. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt life. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$11.9 million and a decrease of \$7.4 million in future debt service payments.

In May 2019, the Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority (the Authority) issued \$100.0 million of tobacco settlement asset-backed refunding bonds, Series 2019 Turbo Current Interest Bonds. The proceeds of Series 2019 Turbo Current Interest Bonds along with other available funds under the Authority, were deposited into an escrow account to refund and defease the outstanding 2007 Series A Turbo Current Interest Bonds and 2007 Series B Turbo Convertible Capital Appreciation Bonds, to fund the Debt Service Reserve Account and Debt Service Account for the Series 2019 Turbo Current Interest Bonds, and pay the cost of issuance incurred in connection with the issuance of the Series 2019 Turbo Current Interest Bonds. The bonds have an interest rate of 3.68%. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carry amount of the old debt by \$3.8 million. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the new debt life. The transaction resulted in an economic loss of \$54.3 million and an increase of \$52.8 million in future debt service payments.

In September 2019, CORAL issued \$12.9 million in taxable lease revenue refunding bonds, Taxable Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, 2019 Series A. The 2019 Series A Bonds are being issued for the purpose of refunding a portion of the outstanding 2013 Series A Bonds (Public Defender/Probation Building and Riverside County Technology Solutions Center Projects) and pay the cost incurred in connection with the issuance of the bonds. The transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$513.0 thousand.

#### Single Family and Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds

Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds have been issued to provide funds to purchase mortgage loans secured by first trust deeds on newly constructed single-family residences. The purpose of this program is to provide low interest rate home mortgage loans to persons who are unable to qualify for conventional mortgages at market rates. Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds are issued to provide permanent financing for apartment projects located in the County to be partially occupied by persons of low or moderate income.

A total of \$23.2 million of Mortgage Revenue Bonds have been issued and \$16.3 million is outstanding as of June 30, 2020. These bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the County. The bonds are payable solely from payments made on and secured by a pledge of the acquired mortgage loans and certain funds and other monies held for the benefit of the bondholders pursuant to the bond indentures. In the opinion of the County officials, these bonds are not payable from any revenues or assets of the County, and neither the full faith and credit nor the taxing authority of

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

### Single Family and Multi-Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds (continued)

Housing Bond Conduit Financing the County, the State, or any political subdivision thereof is obligated to the payment of the principal or interest on the bonds. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the basic financial statements.

#### **Special Assessment Bonds**

Various special districts in the County reporting entity have issued special assessment bonds, totaling \$83.3 million at June 30, 2020, to provide financing or improvements benefiting certain property owners. Special assessment bonds consist of Community Facilities District Bonds and Assessment District Bonds. The County, including its special districts, is not liable for the payment of principal or interest on the bonds, which are obligations solely of the benefited property owners. Certain debt service transactions relating to certain special assessment bonds are accounted for in the agency funds.

The County is not obligated and does not expect to advance any available funds from the County general fund to the Community Facilities Districts or the Assessment Districts for any current or future delinquent debt service obligations. The County Special Districts continue to use all means available to bring current any delinquent special assessment taxes, including workouts, settlement agreements, and foreclosure actions when necessary.

### **State Appellate Court Financing**

In November 1997, the Public Financing Authority of the County issued \$13.5 million of Lease Revenue Bonds for the State of California Court of Appeal Fourth Appellate District, Division Two Project. The State of California executed a lease coincident with the term of the financing and those lease payments are the sole security for the financing. The State is the ultimate obligor under the terms of the financing and neither the County nor the Public Financing Authority will have any ongoing payment obligation. The State has committed to indemnify the County in the lease.

### **Interest Rate Swap**

Objective of the Interest Rate Swap: As a means to lower financing costs and to reduce the risks to CORAL associated with the fluctuation in market interest rates, CORAL entered into an amended and restated interest rate swap in connection with the Southwest Justice Center Series 2008 Series A Leasehold Revenue Bonds in the notional amount of \$76.3 million. The intention of the swap was to effectively change the variable interest rate on the bonds to a synthetic fixed-rate of 5.2%.

Terms: The bonds and the related swap agreement mature on November 1, 2032, and the swap's notional amount of \$76.3 million approximately matches a portion of \$78.9 million variable-rate bonds. The swap was effective at the same time the bonds were issued on May 24, 2000, and was amended and restated as of December 10, 2008. The interest rate swap agreement was novated in January 2012 to substitute Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. as the new counterparty. The notional value of the swap and the principal amount of the associated debt decline starting in fiscal year 2014-15. Under the amended and restated swap agreement, CORAL pays Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. a fixed payment rate of 5.2%.

CORAL receives an interest rate equal to an amount not to exceed the maximum interest rate payable on the bonds, expressed as a decimal, equal to 64.0% of the monthly London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) in the relevant calculation period. Conversely, the bonds' variable-rate coupons have historically been similar to the Bond Market Association Municipal Swap Index (BMA). Under GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, the interest rate swap contract qualifies as a derivative financial instrument and a cash flow hedging. CORAL's net cash outflow or payment under the interest rate swap contract was \$234.3 thousand for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Fair Value: As of June 30, 2020 and 2019, the swap had a negative fair value of \$21.3 million and \$18.6 million, respectively, a decrease in fair value of \$2.7 million occurred during the fiscal year 2019-20. The fair value was recorded in the CORAL's statement of net position as interest rate swap liability and deferred outflows of resources in the assets section. Because the coupons on the Southwest Justice Center Series 2008 A Leasehold Revenue Refunding Bonds adjust to changing interest rates, the bonds do not have a corresponding fair value increase. The fair value was the quoted market price from Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. at June 30, 2020.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 14 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

#### **Interest Swap Rate (continued)**

Credit Risks: The swap counterparty was rated Aa3 by Moody's and AA- by Standard & Poor's and Fitch as of February 2013. The swap agreement specifies that if the long-term senior unsecured debt rating of Wells Fargo, N.A. is withdrawn, suspended or falls below BBB (Standard & Poor's) or Baa2 (Moody's), a collateral agreement will be executed within 30 days or the fair value of the swap will be fully collateralized by the counterparty.

Basis Risks: The swap exposes CORAL to basis risk should the relationship between LIBOR and BMA converge, changing the synthetic rate on the bonds. If a change occurs that results in the rates moving to convergence, the expected cost savings may not be realized. As of June 30, 2020, CORAL's rate was 64.0% of LIBOR, or 0.1%, whereas BMA or the reset rate on bonds was 0.1%. The synthetic rate on the bonds at June 30, 2020 was 5.2%.

Termination Risks: CORAL always has the right to terminate the swap. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. is limited in so far as both CORAL and the insurer are not performing. The swap may be terminated by CORAL if Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.'s credit quality rating falls below A- as issued by Standard & Poor's or A3 by Moody's. Additionally, the swap may be terminated by Wells Fargo, N.A. if CORAL's credit quality rating falls below BBB+ as issued by Standard & Poor's or Baal as issued by Moody's or if the bonds credit quality ratings fall below BBB+ as issued by Standard & Poor's or Baal as issued by Moody's. If the swap is terminated, the variable rate bonds would no longer carry synthetic interest rates. Also, if at the time of termination the swap had a negative fair value, CORAL would be liable to Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. for a payment equal to the swaps' fair value.

#### **Changes in Long-term Liabilities**

Swap Payment and Associated Debt: Using rates as of June 30, 2020, debt service requirements of the variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, were as follows (In thousands):

	Variable 1	Rate Bonds			
Fiscal Year Ending			Net Swap Total		
June 30, 2020	Principal	Interest Payme		Interest	
2021	\$ 3,410	\$ 865	\$ 2,231	3,096	
2022	3,620	814	2,100	2,914	
2023	3,825	760	1,961	2,721	
2024	4,035	703	1,814	2,517	
2025	4,135	644	1,662	2,306	
2026-2030	20,270	2,215	5,714	7,929	
2031-2033	6,100	382	981	1,363	
	\$ 45,395	\$ 6,383	\$ 16,463	\$ 22,846	

As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

### **Disclosure of Pledged Revenues**

Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority, a blended component unit of the County, issued \$252.7 million of tobacco asset-backed bonds. The bonds are solely secured by pledging a portion of County Tobacco Assets made payable to the County pursuant to agreements with the State and other parties. The County Tobacco Assets are tobacco settlement revenues required to be paid to the State of California under the Master Settlement Agreement. The Agreement was entered into by participating cigarette manufacturers, 46 states, including California, and six other U.S. jurisdictions, in November 1998 in settlement of certain cigarette smoking-related litigation. The portion of revenues that will be used to pay the debt service are the County Tobacco Assets to the extent consisting of or relating to amounts due to the County after the first \$10.0 million has been paid to the County in each year beginning on January 1, 2008 and ending on December 31, 2020. Beginning on January 1, 2021 and ending on December 31, 2026 the portion of revenues that will be used to pay the debt service are the County Tobacco Assets to the extent consisting of or relating to amounts due to the County after the first \$11.5 million has been paid to the County in each year. Finally, the County Tobacco Assets to the extent consisting of or relating to amounts due to the County from and after January 1, 2027, and the County Tobacco Assets to the extent consisting of or relating to the applicable percentage of a lump sum payment of 10.8% to the County and 85.9% to the Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority for calendar year 2019. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, \$21.5 million was received by the Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority; \$10.0 million, or 46.4 %, was distributed to the County per the above agreement, leaving \$11.5 million, or 53.6 %, of the specific tobacco settlement revenues available to be pledged (see page 173). The County is under no obligation to make payments of the principal or accreted value or redemption premiums, if any, or interest on the Series 2007 bonds in the event that revenues are insufficient for the payment thereof.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 15 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the County recognized deferred outflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements. These items are a consumption of net position or fund balance by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. The County has three items that are reportable on the government-wide statement of net position: the first item relates to outflows from changes in the net pension liability (Notes 20 and 21), the second item relates to changes in the OPEB liability (Note 22) and the third item relates to the interest rate swap (Note 14) that have met all requirements other than timing. Deferred outflows of resources that are reported in the proprietary funds are included in the government-wide statement of net position.

Deferred outflows of resources balances for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows (In thousands):

	Balance e 30, 2020
Government-wide deferred outflows of resources:	
Governmental activities:	
Interest rate swap	\$ 21,328
OPEB	48,780
Pension	693,898
Total governmental activities	764,006
Business-type activities:	
OPEB	9,715
Pension	99,707
Total business-type activities	 109,422
Total government-wide deferred outflows of resources	\$ 873,428
Discretely presented component unit	 _
deferred outflows of resources:	
Pension	\$ 1,311
Total discretely presented component unit	
deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,311

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 15 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Continued)

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the County recognized deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. These items are an acquisition of net position or fund balance by the County that is applicable to a future reporting period. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities.

The largest portions of the County's deferred inflows of resources are pensions, Senate Bill (SB) 90 and Teeter tax loss reserve. Pensions are related to GASB Statement No. 68, which can be found in Notes 20 and 21. SB90 is California SB90 of 1972, which established a requirement that the State of California reimburse local government agencies for the costs of new programs or increased levels of service on programs mandated by the State. Teeter tax loss reserve pursuant to California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 4703 was established as a tax loss reserve fund for covering losses that may occur in the amount of tax liens as a result of special sales of tax defaulted property.

Deferred inflows of resources balances for the year ended June 30, 2020 were as follows (In thousands):

		salance e 30, 2020
Government-wide deferred inflows of resources:	Jun	50, 2020
Governmental activities:		
Teeter tax loss reserve	\$	27,487
OPEB	Ψ	403
Pension		97,045
Total governmental activities		124,935
Business-type activities:		12 1,933
Service concession arrangement		5,356
OPEB		53
Housing Opportunities for Persons with Aids (HOPWA) grant		587
Pension		15,334
Total business-type activities		21,330
Total government-wide deferred inflows of resources	\$	146,265
Governmental funds deferred inflows of resources:		
General Fund:		
SB 90	\$	24,174
Teeter tax loss reserve		27,487
Property tax		5,899
Miscellaneous unavailable revenue		4,058
Total general fund		61,618
Flood Control Special Revenue Fund:		
Property tax		1,372
Special assessments		90
Total flood control special revenue fund		1,462
Other Governmental Funds:		
Property tax		6
Total other governmental funds		6
Total governmental funds deferred inflows of resources	\$	63,086
Discretely presented component unit		
deferred inflows of resources:		
Pension	\$	970
Total discretely presented component unit	*	
deferred inflows of resources	\$	970

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 16 – FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. (See Note 1 for a description of each category.) A detailed schedule of fund balances as of June 30, 2020 is as follows (In thousands):

		Major 1	Funds			
	General Fund	Transportation	Flood Control	CARES Act Coronavirus Relief	Pension Obligation	Total Major Governmental Funds
Fund balances:				•		
Nons pendable						
Inventory	\$ 2,075	\$ 1,244	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,319
Prepaid items	62	-	-	-	-	62
Imprest cash	329	1	1	-	-	331
Permanent fund		-	-	-	-	
Total nonspendable	2,466	1,245	1	-		3,712
Restricted						
Aging	-	-	-	-	-	-
Air quality planning	105	-	-	-	-	105
Airport	-	-	-	-	-	-
Auto theft interdiction	1,272	-	-	-	-	1,272
CAP local initiative program	-	-	-	-	-	-
CARES Act	-	-	-	1,774	-	1,774
Construction & capital projects	3,086	-	-	-	-	3,086
Court services	11,197	-	-	-	-	11,197
Debt services	2,070	-	-	-	5,057	7,127
District attorney	14,854	-	-	-	-	14,854
Domestic violence	2,599	-	-	-	-	2,599
Emergency medical services	7,296	-	-	-	-	7,296
Emergency preparedness	-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
Environmental health	381	-	-	-	-	381
Public ways and facilities	-	-	273,549	-	-	273,549
Fire protection	-	-	-	-	-	-
Geographical info system	1 405	-	-	-	-	1 405
Hazmat	1,495	-	-	-	-	1,495
Humane services	134	4.001	-	-	-	134
Landscape maintenance Libraries	-	4,091	-	-	-	4,091
Mental health	14,227	-	-	-	-	14,227
Modernization	9,511	-	-	-	_	9,511
Other purposes	16,101	-	-	-	_	16,101
Parks and recreation	10,101	-	_	-	_	10,101
Public assistance	4,666	-	_	-	_	4,666
Public health	2,079	_		_	_	2,079
Public protection	4,637	_	_	_	_	4,637
Roads	-,037	85,312	-	_	-	85,312
Sheriff patrol	10,317		_	_	_	10,317
Teeter tax losses	6,684	_	_	_	_	6,684
Total restricted	112,711	89,403	273,549	1,774	5,057	482,494

Note: Encumbrances - see Note 23 - Contingencies and Commitments

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 16 – FUND BALANCES (Continued)

			Nonmajor Funds	S			
					Total		_
Spe	ecial	Debt	Capital		Nonmajor	Total	
Rev	enue	Service	Projects	Permanent	Governmental	Governmental	
	nds	Funds	Funds	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Fu	iius	Tulius	Tunus	Tunu	Tunus	Tunus	Fund balances:
Ф		¢.	¢.	ф	Ф	Ф 2.210	Nons pendable
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,319	Inventory
	5,007	-	-	-	5,007	5,069	Prepaid items
	49	-	-		49	380	Imprest cash
	-	-	-	1,017	1,017	1,017	Permanent fund
	5,056			1,017	6,073	9,785	Total nonspendable
							Restricted
	355	_	_	_	355	355	Aging
	917	_	_	_	917	1,022	Air quality planning
	685	-	-	-	685	685	Air quality planning Airport
	083	-	-	-	083		Auto theft interdiction
	2.050	-	-	-	2.050	1,272	
	2,059	-	-	-	2,059	2,059	CAP local initiative program
	-	-		-		1,774	CARES Act
	-	-	123,732	-	123,732	126,818	Construction & capital projects
	-	-	-	-	-	11,197	Court services
	-	26,221	1,667	-	27,888	35,015	Debt services
	-	-	-	-	-	14,854	District attorney
	-	-	-	-	-	2,599	Domestic violence
	-	-	-	-	-	7,296	Emergency medical services
	1,403	-	_	-	1,403	1,403	Emergency preparedness
	_	_	_	_	_	381	Environmental health
	_	_	13,693	_	13,693	287,242	Public ways and facilities
	8,857	_	-	_	8,857	8,857	Fire protection
	2,116	_	_	_	2,116	2,116	Geographical info system
	2,110	<del>-</del>	_	_	2,110	1,495	Hazmat
	_	<del>-</del>	_	_	_	134	Humane services
	29,328	-	-	-	29,328	33,419	Landscape maintenance
		-	-	-			Libraries
	25,096	-	-	-	25,096	25,096	
	-	=	=	-	-	14,227	Mental health
	-	-	-	-	-	9,511	Modernization
	-	-	-	-	_	16,101	Other purposes
	4,718	-	12,092	-	16,810	16,810	Parks and recreation
	35,257	-	-	-	35,257	39,923	Public assistance
	7,400	-	-	-	7,400	9,479	Public health
	792	-	-	-	792	5,429	Public protection
	609	-	-	-	609	85,921	Roads
	11,889	-	=	-	11,889	22,206	Sheriff patrol
	-	-	-	_	-	6,684	Teeter tax losses
1	31,481	26,221	151,184	-	308,886	791,380	Total restricted

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

NOTE 16 - FUND BALANCES (Continued)

**Major Funds CARES Act Total Major** Coronavirus Pension Governmental General Fund Transportation Flood Control Relief Obligation **Funds** Fund balances: Committed Code enforcement \$ \$ 4,236 \$ \$ \$ 4,236 Construction & capital projects EDA special projects Environmental programs 1,260 351 1,611 Legal services 300 300 Other purposes 613 613 Parks Sheriff correction 12,331 12,331 Solar program Youth protection 340 340 **Total committed** 14,844 4,587 19,431 Assigned Airports Capital improvement projects 313 313 Construction & capital projects 7,930 7.930 Debt service Equipment 7,326 7,326 Other purposes 84 84 Probation 2,415 2,415 Professional services 304 304 Public health 229 229 Public protection 1,647 1,647 8,536 Roads 8,536 Sheriff correction 8,710 8,710 Small business assistance grant program Total assigned 13,702 15,862 7,930 37,494 Unassigned 257,959 257,959 Total fund balances 401,682 \$ 111,097 \$ 273,550 \$ 1,774 \$ 12,987 \$ 801,090

Note: Encumbrances - see Note 23 – Contingencies and Commitments

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 16 – FUND BALANCES (Continued)**

_					nmajor Funds	Non			
	Total overnmental Funds	ll jor ental ( ls	No Gove	Permanent Fund	Capital Projects Funds		Debt Service Funds		Special Revenue Funds
Fund balances: Committed									
Code enforcement	4,236	- \$	\$	-	_	\$	_	\$	_
Construction & capital projects	9,358	9,358	Ψ	, _	9,358	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
EDA special projects	190	190		_	<i>&gt;</i> ,550		_		190
Environmental programs	1,611	-		_	_		_		-
Legal services	300	_		_	_		_		_
Other purposes	741	128		_	_		_		128
Parks	5,433	5,433		_	_		_		5,433
Sheriff correction	12,331	-		-	-		_		-
Solar program	1,112	1,112		-	-		-		1,112
Youth protection	340	-		-	-		-		-
Total committed	35,652	6,221		-	9,358		-		6,863
Assigned									
Airports	1,804	1,804		_	_		_		1,804
Capital improvement projects	313	-		_	_		_		-,
Construction & capital projects	19,727	19,727		_	19,727		_		_
Debt service	7,930	-		_	-		_		_
Equipment	7,326	_		_	_		_		_
Other purposes	2,288	2,204		-	-		-		2,204
Probation	2,415	_		-	-		-		-
Professional services	304	-		-	-		-		-
Public health	229	-		-	-		-		-
Public protection	1,647	-		-	-		-		-
Roads	8,536	-		-	-		-		-
Sheriff correction	8,710	-		-	-		-		-
Small business assistance grant prog	35,520	35,520		-	-		-		35,520
Total assigned	96,749	9,255		-	19,727		-		39,528
Unassigned	257,959								-
Total fund balances	1,191,525	0,435 \$	\$	1,017	180,269	\$	26,221	\$	182,928



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### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 17 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The County is self-insured for general liability, medical malpractice, and workers' compensation claims. The County records estimated liabilities for general liability, medical malpractice, and workers' compensation claims filed or estimated to be filed for incidents that have occurred. Estimated liability accruals include those incidents that are reported as well as an amount for those incidents that were incurred but are not reported (IBNR) at fiscal year-end. The funding of these estimates is based on actuarial experience and projections. The County fully self-insures short term disability and unemployment insurance. Life insurance and long-term disability programs are fully insured. Depending on the plan, group health, dental, and vision may be either self-insured or fully insured.

The County supplements its self-insurance for general liability, medical malpractice, and workers' compensation with catastrophic excess insurance coverage. General liability claims are self-insured to \$5 million for each occurrence with a \$2 million corridor and the balance (to \$25 million for each occurrence of with an excess of the underlying policy of \$25 million for a total of \$50 million) is insured through Public Risk Innovation, Solutions, and Management (PRISM) formerly known as CSAC Excess Insurance Authority ("CSAC EIA"), a joint powers authority and insurance risk sharing pool consisting of 55 counties in the State, as well as other non-county public entities. Medical malpractice is self-insured for the first \$1.1 million for each claim with a \$1.5 million limit on a claims-made basis in excess of the County's self-insured retention, followed by a \$20 million limit on an occurrence basis through PRISM, for a total limit of \$21.5 million in excess of the County's self-insured retention. Workers' compensation claims are self-insured to \$2 million for each occurrence and the balance of statutory limits (unlimited) is insured through PRISM. Long-term disability income claims are fully insured by an independent carrier.

The County's property insurance program provides insurance coverage for all-risk subject to a \$50,000 per occurrence deductible; flood coverage is subject to a \$100,000 per occurrence deductible within a 100-year flood zone and a \$50,000 deductible outside of a 100-year flood zone. In order to diversify risk, property exposure amongst all members within the program are categorized into "Towers" based on geography and building type. The County participates in four Towers, each of which provides \$100 million in all-risk including EQ and Flood limits. A \$300 million excess all risk only sits above the Towers, providing a total of \$600 million in all-risk limits for Towers I-VIII. With respect to earthquake coverage, each of the four Towers in which the County participates has a limit of \$100 million, with a \$365 million excess rooftop layer shared by Towers I-VI that is triggered by the depletion of the initial limit for one or more of the Towers in a policy year. The County has \$765 million in shared earthquake coverage that covers scheduled locations and buildings equal to or greater than \$1 million in value and lesser valued locations where such coverage is required by contract. Earthquake coverage is subject to a deductible equal to 5% of total value per unit per occurrence, subject to a \$100,000 minimum. Boiler and Machinery provides up to \$100 million in limits, subject to a \$5,000 deductible per event. Property insurance limits in each Tower are shared with other counties within that Tower on a per event basis. If a catastrophic event occurs and losses exceed the limits, the County would be responsible for such amounts.

The activities related to such programs are accounted for in Internal Service Funds (ISF). Accordingly, estimated liabilities for claims, including loss adjustment expenses, filed or to be filed, for incidents that have occurred through June 30, 2020 are reported in these funds. Where certain ISF funds have an accumulated deficit or insufficient reserves, the County provides funding to reduce the deficit and increase the reserves. If the funding is above the Board of Supervisors approved 70.0% confidence level, an appropriate reduction in funding including a one-time holiday on department charges may be granted. For fiscal year 2019-20, the Board approved to continue reduced funding at slightly below the 60.0% confidence level for the general liability ISF and for the workers' compensation ISF. Funding for the medical malpractice ISF was at the 70.0% confidence level. Revenues for these internal service funds are primarily provided by other County departments and are intended to cover the self-insured claim payments, insurance premiums, and operating expenses. The revenue is not used to cover catastrophic events and/or other uninsured liabilities. Cash available in the risk management and workers' compensation ISF at June 30, 2020, plus revenues to be collected during fiscal year 2020-21, are \$255.4 million. The liabilities are discounted at 2.0% for general liability and medical malpractice and 2.5% for workers' compensation.

	Αι	Auto & General Liabilities		Medical Malpractice		Workers'	Total
Unpaid claims, beginning of FY 2018-19	\$	121,256	\$	16,335	\$	122,519	\$ 260,110
Increase in provision for insured events of prior years		8,907		1,021		386	10,314
Incurred claims for current year		4,403		(230)		38,568	42,741
Claim payments		(28,237)		(1,525)		(28,017)	 (57,779)
Unpaid claims, end of FY 2019-20	\$	106,329	\$	15,601	\$	133,456	\$ 255,386

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 18 – MEDI-CAL AND MEDICARE PROGRAMS

RUHS-MC provides services to patients covered by various reimbursement programs. The principal programs are Medicare, the State of California Medi-Cal, the County Medically Indigent Services Program (MISP) and the Medi-Cal Managed Care Assembly Bill (AB) 85 Expansion Program. Net patient service revenue is recorded at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers, and others for services rendered. In addition, net patient service revenue includes a provision for doubtful accounts and estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with federal and state government programs and other third-party payers. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

Inpatient services rendered to Medi-Cal program beneficiaries are reimbursed at a per diem rate based upon estimated certified public expenditures (CPEs) and outpatient services are reimbursed under a schedule of maximum allowable reimbursement provided by the California Department of Health Care Services. Inpatient acute care services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are reimbursed based upon pre-established rates for diagnostic-related groups. Inpatient non-acute services, certain outpatient services, and defined capital and medical education costs related to Medicare beneficiaries are paid based on a cost-reimbursement methodology subject to payment caps and indexing formulas. RUHS-MC is reimbursed for cost reimbursable items at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by RUHS-MC and audit thereof by the Medicare fiscal intermediary. Normal estimation differences between final settlements and amounts accrued in previous years are reflected in net patient services revenue. The fiscal intermediary has audited RUHS-MC's Medicare cost reports through June 30, 2018 and Medi-Cal cost reports through June 30, 2017. RUHS-MC has received notices of program reimbursement (NPR), a written notice reflecting the intermediary's final determination of the total amount of reimbursement due to the medical center for Medicare through June 30, 2017. For Medi-Cal Fee for Service, RUHS-MC is settled through the California public hospital P-14 cost reports. Notice of final settlement has been received through June 30, 2009.

California's 1115 Waiver Renewal Medi-Cal 2020 was approved on December 30, 2015 by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. In connection with Medi-Cal 2020, the Global Payment Program (GPP) establishes a statewide pool of funding for uninsured by combining Disproportionate Share Hospital Program (DSH) and uncompensated care funding. GPP incentivizes Designated Public Hospitals (DPH) to deliver more cost-effective and higher value care for indigent, uninsured individuals. GPP combines funding into global budgets for DPHs to draw down by earning points for services provided to uninsured patients. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, RUHS-MC recognized \$44.9 million of GPP revenue. The Public Hospital Redesign and Incentives in Medi-Cal (PRIME) program is designed to build upon the foundational delivery system transformation work, expansion of coverage, and increased access to coordinated primary care achieved through the prior California Section 1115 Bridge to Reform demonstration. PRIME is a pay-for-performance program that uses evidence-based quality improvement methods to achieve performance targets and improve health outcomes for patients. RUHS-MC recognized \$24.0 million in PRIME for fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

### Redirection of 1991 State Health Realignment

Realignment was affected by California electing to implement a state-run Medicaid Expansion program through the Affordable Care Act (ACA). The State anticipates that counties' costs and responsibilities for the health care services for the indigent population has decreased for much of this population who became eligible for coverage through Medi-Cal or the Healthcare Exchange offering affordable coverage through Covered California. On June 27, 2013, Governor Brown signed into law AB 85 that provides a mechanism for the State to redirect State health realignment funding to fund social service programs.

The redirected amount was determined according to an agreed to formula option for California's twelve public hospital system counties, thirty-four County Medical Services Program (CMSP) counties, and the remaining twelve counties (Article 13 counties). The formula options were developed in consultation with the counties and California

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 18 - MEDI-CAL AND MEDICARE PROGRAMS (Continued)

Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) to ensure continued viability of the County safety net. For CMSP counties, AB 85 outlines that 60% of health-realignment that would have otherwise been received will be redirected, while the remaining two county groups had an option to either have 60% of health realignment redirected, or to use a formula-based approach that takes into account a County's cost and revenue experience, and redirect 80% (70% in FY 13-14) of the savings realized by the County.

RUHS-MC is fully reserved for any estimated liabilities due back to the State for any State health realignment overpayments. RUHS-MC recognized \$4.9 million in revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 from state health realignment.

### **NOTE 19 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS**

Under Title I (Section 6500 et seq.) of the Government Code, the County has participated in jointly governed organizations with various entities for a variety of purposes. The board of directors for each of these organizations is composed of one representative of each member organization. The County maintains no majority influence or budgetary control over the following entities and County transactions with these jointly governed organizations are not material to the financial statements. The following jointly governed organizations were not included as either blended or discretely presented component units in these financial statements.

A representation of the jointly governed organizations on which the County served at June 30, 2020 follows:

The California State Association of Counties (CSAC) Excess Insurance Authority was formed in October 1979 and has a current membership of 52 California counties. The CSAC operates programs for excess workers' compensation, two excess liability programs, two property programs, and medical malpractice. It also provides support services for selected programs such as claims administration, risk management, loss prevention and training, and subsidies for actuarial studies and claims audits.

Coachella Valley Association of Governments (the Association) was formed in November 1973. Currently, the Association includes the following members: the cities of Blythe, Cathedral City, Coachella, Desert Hot Springs, Indian Wells, Indio, La Quinta, Palm Desert, Palm Springs, and Rancho Mirage; the local tribes of Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians and the Cabazon Band of Mission Indians; and Riverside County. The purpose of the Association is to conduct studies and projects designed to improve and coordinate the common governmental responsibilities and services on an area-wide and regional basis.

Western Riverside Council of Governments was formed in November 1989 with the cities of Banning, Beaumont, Calimesa, Canyon Lake, Corona, Hemet, Lake Elsinore, Moreno Valley, Murrieta, Norco, Perris, Riverside, San Jacinto, and Temecula for the purpose of serving as a forum for consideration, study, and recommendation on areawide and regional problems.

Riverside County Habitat Conservation Agency (RCHCA) was formed in July 1990. The RCHCA is a Joint Powers Agreement Agency comprised of the cities of Corona, Hemet, Lake Elsinore, Moreno Valley, Murrieta, Perris, Riverside, and Temecula, and the County of Riverside for the purpose of planning, acquiring, administering, operating, and maintaining land and facilities for ecosystem conservation and habitat reserves for the Stephen's Kangaroo Rat and other endangered species under Article 1, Chapter 5, Division 7, Title 1 of the Government Code.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### NOTE 19 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

Riverside County Abandoned Vehicle Abatement Authority was formed in June 1993 with those cities within the County that have elected to create and participate in the authority, pursuant to Vehicle Code Section 22710. The purpose of the authority is to implement a program and plan for the abatement of abandoned vehicles.

The March Joint Powers Commission was formed in August 1993 with the cities of Moreno Valley, Perris, and Riverside to formulate and implement plans for the use and reuse of March Air Force Base.

The Salton Sea Authority was formed in August 1993 with Imperial County, Imperial Irrigation District, and Coachella Valley Water District to direct and coordinate actions relating to improvement of water quality, stabilization of water elevation, and to enhance recreational and economic development potential of the Salton Sea and other beneficial uses.

Coachella Valley Regional Airport Authority was formed in April 1994 with the cities of Coachella, Indian Wells, India, La Quinta, and Palm Desert for the purpose of acting as a planning commission for the continued growth and development of Thermal Airport and the surrounding area.

Inland Empire Health Plan was formed with the County of San Bernardino in June 1994 to be the administrative body and governing board to form and develop a managed health care system for Medi-Cal recipients in the two counties through the Local Initiative.

Palm Springs Visitors and Convention Bureau was formed in December 1995 with those member cities located in the Coachella Valley area of the County. The purpose of the authority is to encourage and promote all aspects of the hospitality, convention, and tourism industry in the Coachella Valley.

Western Riverside County Regional Conservation Authority / Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan was formed in January 2004 with the responsibility of issuing the permits required to implement the Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Plan, which will ultimately create a 500,000-acre reserve system in the County. The conservation plan's proposed reserve system protects habitat for 146 varieties of species.

Coachella Valley Conservation Commission (CVCC) was formed in October 2005. The CVCC is a Joint Powers Agreement Agency comprised of the cities of Coachella, Cathedral City, Desert Hot Springs, Indian Wells, Indio, La Quinta, Palm Desert, Palm Springs, Rancho Mirage and Riverside, and the Coachella Valley Water District as well as the Imperial Irrigation District. The purpose of the CVCC is to implement the Coachella Valley Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (CVMSHCP). The CVMSHCP's goal is to enhance and maintain biological diversity and ecosystem processes while allowing future economic growth.

Southern California Regional Airport Authority (SCRAA) was originally founded in 1985 by the joint powers authority to begin the process of regionalizing aviation. It has been reactivated in an attempt to reduce projected future passenger loads at Los Angeles International Airport (LAX) by spreading the growth in commercial air traffic to other regional airports. The Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) has also coordinated dispersal planning of the significant new MAP (million air passengers) that would have to be absorbed at other airports if LAX's future MAP is reduced.

Coachella Valley Enterprise Zone Authority (CVEZA) was formed in September 2010 by the Joint Powers Agreement comprised of the County of Riverside, the City of Indio, and the City of Coachella. The purpose of the authority is to manage, coordinate, market, and administer economic development programs and projects in the enterprise zone areas.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 20 – RETIREMENT PLAN**

#### **General Information about the Pension Plans**

Plan descriptions. The County, Flood Control, Park District, and Waste Resources contract with the CalPERS to provide retirement benefits to their employees. CalPERS is a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. State statutes, governed by the Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL), have established benefit provisions as well as other requirements. The County may select from a variety of optional benefit provisions offered by CalPERS. Upon selecting the benefit provisions and entering into a contractual agreement with CalPERS, the benefit provisions may be adopted through local ordinance. CalPERS issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) which details its plan assets, liabilities, and plan activity. The County receives an annual actuarial valuation report which summarizes plan assets, liabilities, and employer rates for its plans. Under GASB Statement No. 68, both the County (Miscellaneous and Safety) and Flood Control (Miscellaneous) are agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans, while the Park District (Miscellaneous) and Waste Resources (Miscellaneous) are cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans due to their pooling composite. Copies of the CalPERS CAFR may be obtained from: California Public Employees' Retirement System, 400 Q Street, P.O. Box 942701, Sacramento, CA 94229-2701.

Benefits provided. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLA), and death benefits to plan members and plan beneficiaries. The County has three retirement Tiers through the California Public Employee's Retirement System (CalPERS). Tier I - Applicable to employees hired prior to August 23, 2012. Formula is 3.0% at age 50 for County Safety plan employees and age 60 for other Miscellaneous plan employees. Tier II - Applicable to employees hired on or after August 23, 2012 through December 31, 2012. Formula is 2.0% at age 50 for County Safety plan employees and age 60 for other Miscellaneous plan employees. Tier III - Applicable to new CalPERS members hired on or after January 1, 2013 as a result of Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA). New lower retirement benefit formulas, final compensation periods, and contribution requirements were implemented. Formula is 2.7% at age 57 for County Safety plan employees and 2.0% at age 62 for other Miscellaneous plan employees. New members who were hired by Waste Resources on or after August 23, 2012 are applicable to the County Miscellaneous plan. Listed below is a table with the new retirement options and provision changes by plan.

		Employer Paid				
		Member		PEPRA		
		Contribution	Earliest	Compensation	Final	
_	Plan	(EPMC)	Retirement Age	Limits	Compensation	Effective Date
Tier I						
County Miscellaneous	3.0% at 60	No*	50	N/A	12 months	N/A
County Safety	3.0% at 50	No	50	N/A	12 months	N/A
Flood Control Miscellaneous	3.0% at 60	No	50	N/A	12 months	N/A
Park District Miscellaneous	3.0% at 60	No	50	N/A	12 months	N/A
Waste Resources Miscellaneous	3.0% at 60	No	50	N/A	12 months	N/A
Tier II						
County Miscellaneous	2.0% at 60	No	50	N/A	36 months	8/23/2012
County Safety	2.0% at 50	No	50	N/A	36 months	8/23/2012
Flood Control Miscellaneous	2.0% at 60	No	50	N/A	36 months	8/23/2012
Park District Miscellaneous	2.0% at 60	No	50	N/A	36 months	8/23/2012
Waste Resources Miscellaneous	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Tier III (PEPRA)						
County Miscellaneous	2.0% at 62	No	52	\$ 121,388	36 months	1/1/2013
County Safety	2.7% at 57	No	50	\$ 145,666	36 months	1/1/2013
Flood Control Miscellaneous	2.0% at 62	No	52	\$ 121,388	36 months	1/1/2013
Park District Miscellaneous	2.0% at 62	No	52	\$ 121,388	36 months	1/1/2013
Waste Resources Miscellaneous	2.0% at 62	No	52	\$ 121,388	36 months	1/1/2013

<sup>\*</sup>Riverside County Deputy District Attorneys Association Employee Contributions to the Retirement System: Classic Member Employees (as defined by the PEPRA) subject to the 3% at 60 Formula: Per Government Code Sec. 20692 the County has elected to pay the entire required member contribution (currently 8% of compensation earnable

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 20 – RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)**

### General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

of pensionable income) as Employer Paid Member Contributions ("EPMC"). Pursuant to Government Code Section 20636(c)(4) the County has agreed to report the value of the EPMC to PERS as compensation earnable.

Employees covered by benefit terms. At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

County Miscellaneous	County Safety	Flood Control Miscellaneous	Park District Miscellaneous	Waste Resources Miscellaneous
11,438	2,739	263	92	113
13,459	1,313	140	210	43
16,817	3,296	220	110	17
41,714	7,348	623	412	173
	Miscellaneous 11,438 13,459 16,817	Miscellaneous         County Safety           11,438         2,739           13,459         1,313           16,817         3,296	Miscellaneous         County Safety         Miscellaneous           11,438         2,739         263           13,459         1,313         140           16,817         3,296         220	Miscellaneous         County Safety         Miscellaneous         Miscellaneous           11,438         2,739         263         92           13,459         1,313         140         210           16,817         3,296         220         110

*Contributions*. Active plan members in CalPERS may be required to contribute up to 8.0% (Miscellaneous employees) and up to 9.0% (Safety employees) of their annual covered salary as specified in the governing Memorandum of Understanding or as provided by state statute.

The employer contribution rate is established and may be amended by CalPERS. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the employer contribution rate are adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The County, Flood Control, Park District, and Waste Resources are required to contribute the actuarially determined annual required contributions necessary to fund the plans.

For fiscal year 2020, the employer and employee contribution rates were:

County	County Safety	Flood Control	Park District	Waste Resources Miscellaneous
Wiscenaneous	County Salety	Wiscenancous	Wiscenaneous	Wiscenaneous
21.6%	37.4%	33.9%	15.2%	15.2%
21.6%	37.4%	33.9%	8.7%	N/A
21.6%	37.4%	33.9%	7.1%	7.1%
8.0%	9.0%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%
7.0%	9.0%	7.0%	7.0%	N/A
6.5%	11.8% *	6.3%	6.5%	6.5%
	Miscellaneous  21.6% 21.6% 21.6% 8.0% 7.0%	Miscellaneous         County Safety           21.6%         37.4%           21.6%         37.4%           21.6%         37.4%           8.0%         9.0%           7.0%         9.0%	Miscellaneous         County Safety         Miscellaneous           21.6%         37.4%         33.9%           21.6%         37.4%         33.9%           21.6%         37.4%         33.9%           8.0%         9.0%         8.0%           7.0%         9.0%         7.0%	Miscellaneous         County Safety         Miscellaneous         Miscellaneous           21.6%         37.4%         33.9%         15.2%           21.6%         37.4%         33.9%         8.7%           21.6%         37.4%         33.9%         7.1%           8.0%         9.0%         8.0%         8.0%           7.0%         9.0%         7.0%         7.0%

<sup>\*</sup>During the term of Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), the employee contributions pursuant to the cost-sharing provision cannot exceed less than that which the employees are obligated under the MOU to contribute.

### **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 20 – RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)**

Actuarial assumptions. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2019 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2018 total pension liability. The June 30, 2018 total pension liability was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

					Waste
	County		Flood Control	Park District	Resources
By Plan	Miscellaneous	County Safety	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age				
Actuarial Assumptions:					
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by				
	Entry Age and				
	Services	Services	Services	Services	Services
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%

Mortality Rate Table for all Plans (1)

Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds

Post Retirement Benefit Increase

The lessor of contract COLA or 2.5% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

*Change of assumptions.* None in 2019. In 2018, the demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance with the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 20 – RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)**

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	Current Target	Real Return Years	Real Return Years
Asset Class(1)	Allocation	1 - 10(2)	11+(3)
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00	2.62
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77	1.81
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30	7.23
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1.0%	0.00	(0.92)

<sup>(1)</sup> Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

### Changes in the Net Pension Liability for Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

The following table shows the changes in net pension liability recognized over the measurement period (In thousands).

N		County				od Control	T . 1
Measurement Period June 30, 2019	Mis	Miscellaneous		ounty Safety	Miscellaneous		 Total
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$	211,449	\$	93,738	\$	3,114	\$ 308,301
Interest		567,030		255,679		14,237	836,946
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		41,592		(3,563)		2,633	40,662
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(321,474)		(145,095)		(10,190)	(476,759)
Net change in total pension liability		498,597		200,759		9,794	709,150
Total pension liability - beginning (a)		7,702,999		3,605,172		200,031	11,508,202
Total pension liability - ending (c)	\$	8,201,596	\$	3,805,931	\$	209,825	\$ 12,217,352
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	216,533	\$	104,161	\$	5,020	\$ 325,714
Contributions - employee		87,918		30,029		1,240	119,187
Net investment income		377,088		169,980		8,617	555,685
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(321,474)		(145,095)		(10,190)	(476,759)
Administrative expense		(4,088)		(1,845)		(94)	(6,027)
Other miscellaneous expense		220		(200)		-	20
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		356,197		157,030		4,593	517,820
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning (b)		5,496,528		2,584,843		131,710	8,213,081
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (d)	\$	5,852,725	\$	2,741,873	\$	136,303	\$ 8,730,901
Net pension liability - beginning (a) - (b)		2,206,471		1,020,329		68,321	3,295,121
Net pension liability - ending (c) - (d)	\$	2,348,871	\$	1,064,058	\$	73,522	\$ 3,486,451

<sup>(2)</sup> An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

<sup>(3)</sup> An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 20 – RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)**

## Changes in Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability for Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The following table shows the proportionate share of the net pension liability over the measurement period.

		Park District Miscellaneous						Waste						
		In	creas	crease (Decrease)				Increase (Decrease)						
	To	otal Pension	Pla	n Fiduciary	N	let Pension	Tot	tal Pension		Plan	Ne	et Pension	T	otal Net
		Liability	Net Position			Liability	Liability		Fiduciary Net		Liability		Pension	
		(a)		(b)	( 0	(a) = (a) - (b)		(a)	Po	sition (b)	(c	= (a) - (b)	I	Liability
Balance at 06/30/2018	\$	45,782	\$	35,276	\$	10,506	\$	51,692	\$	37,823	\$	13,869	\$	24,375
Balance at 06/30/2019	\$	48,241	\$	36,707	\$	11,534	\$	53,935	\$	38,998	\$	14,937	\$	26,471
Net changes during 2018-19	\$	2,459	\$	1,431	\$	1,028	\$	2,243	\$	1,175	\$	1,068	\$	2,096

The following table shows the total net pension liability for both Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer plans by primary government and component unit.

					Di	scretely	
	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-type	Pr	esented	Total Net
		Activities		Activities	Comp	onent Unit	Pension Liability
County Miscellaneous	\$	1,879,812	\$	463,994	\$	5,065	2,348,871
County Safety		1,064,058		-		-	1,064,058
Flood Control Miscellaneous		71,173		2,349		-	73,522
Park District Miscellaneous		11,534		_		-	11,534
Waste Resources Miscellaneous		-		14,937		-	14,937
Total:	\$	3,026,577	\$	481,280	\$	5,065	3,512,922

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate (In thousands):

	Discount Rate - 1		Current Discount		Disc	count Rate + 1%
Net Pension Liability By Plan		(6.15%)	Rate (7.15%)			(8.15%)
County Miscellaneous	\$	3,580,908	\$	2,348,871	\$	1,352,855
County Safety		1,643,165		1,064,058		593,998
Flood Control Miscellaneous		95,171		73,522		46,150
Park District Miscellaneous		18,023		11,534		6,178
Waste Resources Miscellaneous		23,959		14,937		7,489
Total:	\$	5,361,227	\$	3,512,922	\$	2,006,670

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension's plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report. The pension's plan fiduciary net position may differ from the plan assets reported in the actuarial valuation report due to several reasons. First, CalPERS must keep deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance, and Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) expense as assets. These amounts are excluded for rate setting purposes in the actuarial valuation report. In addition, differences may result from early Comprehensive Annual Financial Report closing and final reconciled reserves.

Subsequent events. There were no subsequent events that would materially affect the results presented in this disclosure.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 20 – RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)**

Recognition of gains and losses

Under GASB Statement No. 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and plan fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is five year straight-line amortization. All other amounts are straight-line amortization over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning measurement period.

The expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired).

The EARSL for the plan for the 2018-19 measurement period was obtained by dividing the total service years of the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees by the total number of participants (active, inactive, and retired). Inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. The future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving cash refund.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2019, the Park District and Waste Resources reported a liability of \$11.5 million and \$14.9 million, respectively, for their proportionate share of net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. The proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the Park District's and Waste Resources' proportions were 0.28803 percent and 0.37300 percent, respectively, which was an increase of 0.00926 percent and 0.00499 percent, respectively, from their proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

For the year-ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$738.0 million. Pension expense represents the change in the net pension liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or method, and plan benefits.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 20 – RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)**

At June 30, 2020, the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are reported from the following sources (In thousands):

	A	gent Multiple-Emplo	yer	Cost-Sharing M		
Deferred Outflows of Resources By Plan:	County Miscellaneous	County Safety	Flood Control Miscellaneous	Park District Miscellaneous	Waste Resources Miscellaneous	Total
Difference between projected and actual earnings		•		•		
on pension plan investments - investment earnings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
less than projected						
Difference between expected and actual experience	119,358	27,772	2,641	550	1,037	151,358
Change of assumptions	136,073	107,512	1,843	801	712	246,941
Adjustment due to differences in proportions				412	117	529
Sub-total	255,431	135,284	4,484	1,763	1,866	398,828
Contributions subsequent to measurement date						
recognized as deferred outflows of resources	243,748	126,333	12,731	1,515	1,141	385,468
(GASB Statement No. 71)						
Total	\$ 499,179	\$ 261,617	\$ 17,215	\$ 3,278	\$ 3,007	\$ 784,296

\$385.5 million reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

		Ag	ent M	ultiple-Employ	er		Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer					
Deferred Inflows of Resources By Plan:	County Miscellaneous		County Safety			Flood Control Miscellaneous		Park District Miscellaneous		Resources		Total
Difference between projected and actual earnings	1,1100				11110	- CHANGE WE	1,110		1,1100			
on pension plan investments - investment earnings greater than projected	\$	(29,655)	\$	(13,532)	\$	(759)	\$	(202)	\$	(261)	\$	(44,409)
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		(12,754)		(418)		(62)		(80)		(13,314)
Change of assumptions		(32,430)		(20,065)		(476)		(195)		(252)		(53,418)
Adjustment due to differences in proportions		-		-		-		-		(165)		(165)
Difference in employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		-		-		(364)		-		(364)
Total	\$	(62,085)	\$	(46,351)	\$	(1,653)	\$	(823)	\$	(758)	\$	(111,670)

The follow table summarizes the total deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources by primary government and component unit.

			Discretely					
	Governmental Activities		Bu	siness-type	P	resented		
			A	Activities	Com	ponent Unit	Total	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	683,278	\$	99,707	\$	1,311	\$	784,296
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	(95,366)	\$	(15,334)	\$	(970)	\$	(111,670)

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

### **NOTE 20 – RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)**

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (In thousands):

Year Ended	(	County			Floo	od Control	P	ark District	Wast	e Resources		
June 30	Miscellaneous		County Safety		Miscellaneous		Miscellaneous		Miscellaneous		Total	
2021	\$	180,620	\$	43,819	\$	3,273	\$	908	\$	1,034	\$	229,654
2022		2,085		17,808		(843)		(107)		(136)		18,807
2023		690		30,100		272		99		157		31,318
2024		9,951		(2,530)		129		40		53		7,643
2025		-		(264)		-		-		-		(264)
Thereafter		-		-		-		-		-		-
	\$	193,346	\$	88,933	\$	2,831	\$	940	\$	1,108	\$	287,158

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, there is no outstanding amount of contributions payable to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### NOTE 21 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The County provides a Part-time and Temporary Employees' Retirement Plan (the Plan) to provide retirement benefits to eligible employees as a substitute for benefits under social security. The Plan is an IRS Section 401(a) defined benefit plan and agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan under GASB Statement No. 68. This Plan is self-funded and self-administered. Effective July 20, 2010, the County Board of Supervisors appointed U.S. Bank as the Plan's investment consultant, investment manager and trustee. Contributions made to the Plan are deposited with U.S. Bank, who maintains the responsibility of investing contributions in a diversified portfolio and reported at fair value. No financial report has been issued separately for public view under the defined benefit pension plan.

Benefits provided. Retirement benefits are determined as 2.0 percent of the employee's compensation and payable as a single life annuity. The eligible retirement age is 65. Participants are immediately 100% vested in the Plan upon enrollment. Benefits are payable for the life of the employee only. The normal retirement benefit is accrued to the date of termination. A lump sum distribution is paid if the actuarial equivalent benefit is less than \$5,000. Actuarial Equivalence for this purpose is based on the greater of the factor produced under the UP1984 unisex mortality table at 6% or the applicable mortality table and interest rate under 417(e).

*Employees covered by benefit terms*. For the measurement date June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	321
Inactive employees entitled to but yet receiving benefits	7,488
Active employees	1,503
	9,312

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 21 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)**

Contributions. Participants in the Plan are required to contribute 3.75% of their compensation to the Plan. According to the July 1, 2019 valuation, the County's current required contribution rate is 4.02%. Overall, the Plan's Net Pension Liability increased from the prior valuation due to the net result of the following: 1) demographic experience was different than expected, primarily due to fewer terminations than expected, which resulted in a liability loss; 2) termination assumptions were updated to reflect the recent experience, resulting in an increase in liabilities; 3) lump sum conversion rate was decreased from 5.00% to 4.00% to reflect the current bond market conditions, resulting in an increase in liability; and 4) assets were lower than expected due to unfavorable investment return on plan assets (4.66% actual compared to 6.0% assumed); 5) mortality assumptions were updated to reflect the recent public mortality table Pub-2010 amount weighted for General employees, with generational future improvement scale MP-2019, resulting in an increase in liabilities. The Plan's current funded ratio is 76.6%. The Plan actuary calculates the minimum recommended employer contribution rate through preparation of an actuarial valuation report and the County determines the contribution rates. Administrative costs of the Plan are paid by the Trustee from Plan assets.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The County's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets
Actuarial Assumptions	1155015
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	2.75%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return:	6.00%

The mortality rates for active employees are based on PUB-2010 amount-weighted tables for general employees of all income levels, projected using improvement scale MP-2019 from 2010.

The actuarial assumption used in the June 30, 2019 valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Expected Nomina	ıl
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Return	Expected Volatility
Cash	1.77%	2.2%	0.2%
Domestic Equity	55.06%	5.9%	15.5%
Developed International Equity	11.97%	7.4%	17.1%
Aggregate Fixed Income	31.21%	1.5%	3.0%

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 21 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Net Pension Liability (Continued)**

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.0 percent. The projected cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and the County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (In thousands):

	Governmental Activities								
	Increase (Decrease)								
		tal Pension iability (a)		n Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability/(Asset) (c) = (a) - (b)				
Measurement Period June 30, 2018	\$	45,798	\$	41,576	\$	4,222			
Changes of the year:									
Service cost		1,082		-		1,082			
Interest cost		2,747		-		2,747			
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,732		-		2,732			
Change of assumptions		2,985		-		2,985			
Contributions - employer		-		832		(832)			
Contributions - employee		-		1,701		(1,701)			
Net investment income (loss)		-		1,939		(1,939)			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(2,222)		(2,222)		-			
Administrative expense		-		(251)		251			
Net changes		7,324		1,999		5,325			
Measurement Period June 30, 2019	\$	53,122	\$	43,575	\$	9,547			

*Change of assumptions.* The base mortality assumptions were updated to reflect the most recent public mortality table from RP-2006 to PUB-2010 amount-weighted for general employees. The mortality improvement scale was updated from MP-2018 to MP-2019.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 6.0 percent, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.0 percent) than the current rate (In thousands):

		1%	C	urrent		1%	
	D	ecrease	Disc	ount Rate	I	ncrease	
		(5.0%)		6.0%)	(7.0%)		
Net Pension Liability	\$	18,504	\$	9,547	\$	2,546	

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 21 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2020 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020			0			
<u>ASSETS</u>	Pens	ion Trust	ADDITIONS:			
Cash and investments	\$	45,120		Contributions to pension trust:		
Accounts receivable		237		Employer	\$	867
Total assets		45,357		Employee		1,667
				Investment income		1,740
LIABILITIES				Total additions		4,274
Accounts payable		-	DEDUCTIONS:			•
Total liabilities		-				
				Benefits paid to participants		2,225
				Administrative and other expenses		257

Net position, beginning of the year

Net position, end of the year

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Total deductions

2,482

43,565

Subsequent Events

NET POSITION

There were no subsequent events that would materially affect the results presented in this disclosure.

45,357

Recognition of Gains and Losses

Restricted for pension benefits \$

Under GASB Statement No. 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is five year straight-line amortization. All other amounts are straight-line amortization over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning measurement period.

The EARSL is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired).

The EARSL for the Plan for the 2018-19 measurement period is 8.78 years, which was obtained by dividing the total service years of 81,759 (the sum of remaining service lifetimes of the active employees) by 9,312 (total number of participants: active, inactive, and retired). Note that inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Also note that total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving cash refund.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 21 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,685.0 thousand. At June 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources (In thousands):

	Governmental Activities						
		Outflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	5,928	\$	-			
Changes of assumptions		3,891		(761)			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		(918)			
Sub-total		9,819		(1,679)			
Contributions subsequent to measurement date recognized as deferred outflows of resources (GASB Statement No. 71)		801		-			
Total	\$	10,620	\$	(1,679)			

\$801.0 thousand reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a deduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows (In thousands):

	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) o			
Year Ended June 30:	Resources			
2021	\$	1,415		
2022		1,007		
2023		1,341		
2024		1,403		
2025		943		
Thereafter		2,031		
	\$	8,140		

#### Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, there was no outstanding amount of contributions payable to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 22 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. The County and its Special Districts, Flood Control, Park District, and Waste Resources, provide a postemployment benefits plan to all full-time general and public safety employees. The postemployment benefit plan is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. A qualified Internal Revenue Code Section 115 Trust has been established for the County and its Special Districts, with the exception of Waste Resources, with the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) for the purpose of receiving employer contributions that will prefund health and other postemployment costs for retirees and their beneficiaries. The CERBT administers each plan's assets and issues a financial report available for public review, which includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the trust fund. The CERBT report may be obtained from CalPERS Affiliate Programs Services Division, CERBT (OPEB), P.O. Box 1494 Sacramento, CA 95812-1494. Waste Resources Postretirement Benefits Plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Waste Resources Department and no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits provided. The County provides retiree medical benefits for eligible retirees enrolled County sponsored plans. Benefit provisions are established and amended through negotiations between the County and the respective unions. Former employees eligible for CalPERS pension benefits but who are not eligible for retirement at termination of employment are not eligible for retiree health benefits. The benefits are provided in the form of monthly County contributions toward the retiree's medical premium and contribution of \$25 per month to the Riverside Sheriffs' Association (RSA) Benefits Trust for RSA law enforcement retirees. Previously, the County allowed certain retirees to receive coverage prior to age 65 by paying premiums that were developed by blending active and retiree costs, which resulted in an implicit subsidy to retirees. The implicit subsidy has been discontinued since January 1, 2011. In fiscal year 2019-20, management and SEIU employees are offered medical benefits through CalPERS.

*Employees covered by benefit terms*. For the measurement date June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	County			Waste
	Miscellaneous	Flood Control	Park District	Resources
	and Safety	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently	2,282	36	8	23
receiving benefit payemnts				
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	-	-	-	-
receiving benefit payments				
Active employees	18,910	212	107	12
	21,192	248	115	35
	21,172	240	113	

Contributions. Contribution requirements of the plan members and the County are established and may be amended through negotiations between the County and the respective bargaining units. The County contributes a portion of an eligible retiree's medical plan premium under a County's sponsored health plan (either at retirement or during a subsequent annual enrollment) for the retiree's lifetime. The current monthly amount paid by the County ranges from \$25 - \$256, depending on the retiree's bargaining unit at retirement. Contributions are based on the employee's bargaining unit at the time of retirement, as shown on next page:

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 22 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

	Monthly Contribution							
	C	County						Waste
	Misc	ellaneous	Floo	od Control	Park District		Re	esources
Bargaining Unit	an	d Safety	Miscellaneous		Miscellaneous		Miscellaneous	
Confidential	\$	256.00	\$	256.00		N/A		N/A
Law Enforcement Management Unit	\$	139.00		N/A		N/A		N/A
Law Enforcement Executive Staff	\$	256.00		N/A		N/A		N/A
LIUNA	\$	25.00	\$	25.00		N/A		N/A
Management (General)	\$	256.00	\$	256.00	\$	256.00	\$	256.00
Management (128)		N/A	\$	139.00		N/A	\$	139.00
District Attorneys	\$	256.00		N/A		N/A		N/A
RSA Law Enforcement	\$	25.00		N/A		N/A		N/A
RSA Public Safety	\$	139.00		N/A		N/A		N/A
SEIU	\$	25.00	\$	25.00	\$	25.00	\$	25.00
Unrepresented	\$	256.00		N/A		N/A		N/A

#### Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability

The net OPEB (asset)/liability of the County, Flood Control and Park District was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB (asset)/liability used to calculate the net OPEB (asset)/liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

	County		
	Miscellaneous	Flood Control	Park District
	and Safety	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Salary Increases	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.01%	6.22%	7.59%

<sup>\*</sup>Net of Plan Investment Expenses, including inflation

County Miscellaneous and Safety Plan: The healthcare cost trend rate for the Pre Medicare Plan was 7.0 percent, decreasing 0.3 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent for 2020 and later years. The healthcare cost trend rate for the Post Medicare Plan was 8.2 percent, decreasing 0.5 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent for 2020 and later years.

Flood Control: The healthcare cost trend rate for the Pre Medicare Plan was 7.0 percent, decreasing 0.3 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent for 2020 and later years. The healthcare cost trend rate for the Post Medicare Plan was 8.2 percent, decreasing 0.5 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent for 2020 and later years.

Park District Miscellaneous: The healthcare cost trend rate for the Pre Medicare Plan was 7.0 percent, decreasing 0.3 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent for 2020 and later years. The healthcare cost trend rate for the Post Medicare Plan was 8.2 percent, decreasing 0.5 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent for 2020 and later years.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 22 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

#### Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability (Continued)

Mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 headcount-weighted tables for general employees of all income levels, with generational future improvements scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study.

The actuarial valuation for Park District Miscellaneous Plan is every two years. The actuarial assumptions in the most recent valuation as of July 1, 2019 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study period for the period of July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	County			
	Miscellaneous	Flood Control	Park District	
	and Safety	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	Long-Term
	Target Allocation	Target Allocation	Target Allocation	Expected Real
Asset Class	Strategy 2	Strategy 3	Strategy 1	Rate of Return
Global Equity	40.0%	22.0%	59.0%	5.98%
Fixed Income	43.0%	49.0%	25.0%	2.62%
Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities	5.0%	16.0%	5.0%	1.46%
Real Estate Investment Trust	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	5.00%
Commodities	4.0%	5.0%	3.0%	2.87%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.01 percent (County Miscellaneous and Safety), 6.22 percent (Flood Control Miscellaneous), and 7.59 (Park District Miscellaneous). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### Total OPEB Liability

The Waste Resources' total OPEB liability of \$1.5 million was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by the most recent actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The actuarial valuation is every two years.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 22 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

#### Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Waste Resources Miscellaneous Inflation 2.50% Salary Increases 2.75% Discount rate 3.51% Healthcare cost trend rates All benefits are assumed to decrease by 0.3% per year for the Pre Medicare Plan and 0.5% per year for the Post Medicare Plan to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent for 2020 and later years. Retiree's share of benefit-related Retirees pay the premiums in excess of the County contributions. costs

Since the plan is unfunded, the discount rates used in the valuation equal to 20-year municipal bond yields that are in effect as of July 1, 2019.

Mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 headcount-weighted tables for general employees of all income levels, with generational future improvements using scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the most recent actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019 were based on the assumptions developed in the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study.

### Changes in the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability for Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan Administered Through Trusts

		County					
	Misce	llaneous and	Flood	d Control	Park	District	
Measurement Period June 30, 2019		Safety	Misc	ellaneous	Misce	llaneous	Total
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	\$	1,434	\$	3	\$	1	\$ 1,438
Interest on the total OPEB liability		4,581		32		10	4,623
Changes of benefit terms		-		-			-
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,528		37		(43)	2,522
Changes of assumptions		29,676		683		118	30,477
Benefit payments		(3,500)		(39)		(8)	(3,547)
Net change in total OPEB liability		34,719		716		78	35,513
Total OPEB liability - beginning (a)		68,378		536		140	69,054
Total OPEB liability - ending (c)	\$	103,097	\$	1,252	\$	218	\$ 104,567
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	5,500	\$	-	\$		\$ 5,500
Contributions - employee		-		-		-	-
Net investment income		2,821		41		21	2,883
Benefit payments		(3,500)		(39)		(8)	(3,547)
Administrative expense		(20)					(20)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,801		2		13	4,816
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning (b)		40,104		572		348	41,024
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (d)	\$	44,905	\$	574	\$	361	\$ 45,840
Net OPEB (asset)/liability - beginning (a) - (b)		28,274		(36)		(208)	28,030
Net OPEB (asset)/liability - ending (c) - (d)	\$	58,192	\$	678	\$	(143)	\$ 58,727

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 22 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability for Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan Administered Through Trusts (Continued)

The assumptions were changed from the prior valuation as follow:

For County Miscellaneous and Safety Plan: 1) Discount rate was updated from 6.73% to 7.01% due to change in CERBT expected return on assets, 2) Mortality rates were updated from the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study to the Pub-2010 headcount-weighted tables for General employees of all income levels, 3) Mortality improvement was updated from scale MP-2018 to scale MP-2019, 4) The claims table was updated to reflect most recent CalPERS monthly premiums available for 2019, 5) Participation rates for CalPERS and RSA (immediate) health plan participants were updated from 40% to 60% to reflect the more recent experience.

Flood Control Miscellaneous Plan: 1) Discount rate was updated from 6.12% to 6.22% due to change in CERBT expected return on assets, 2) Mortality rates were updated from the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study to the Pub-2010 headcount-weighted tables for General employees of all income levels, 3) Mortality improvement was updated from scale MP-2018 to scale MP-2019.

Park District Miscellaneous Plan: 1) Discount rate was updated from 7.28% to 7.59% due to change in CERBT expected return on assets, 2) Demographic assumptions (i.e. termination rates, retirement rates, and disability rates) were updated to reflect the assumptions developed in the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study, 3) Payroll growth rate was updated from 3.00% to 2.75% to reflect the recent experience from the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study, 4) Mortality rates were updated from the 2011 CalPERS Experience Study to the Pub-2010 headcount-weighted tables for General employees of all income levels, 5) Mortality improvement was updated from scale MP-2017 to scale MP-2019.

The introduction of CalPERS plans to certain retirees introduced a number of new assumptions to be included in the valuation as follows:

Flood Control and Park District Miscellaneous Plans: 1) Premium table and age rating assumption to develop anticipated CalPERS Costs, 2) Medical trends to reflect the current long term expected growth of medical benefits, 3) Participation rates for CalPERS health plans participants were set based on recent County experience of other CalPERS eligible retirees.

There were no new assumptions resulting from the introduction of CalPERS plans to certain retirees for the County Miscellaneous and Safety Plan.

### Changes in the Total OPEB Liability for Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan Not Administered Through Trusts

Measurement Period June 30, 2019	Business-type Activities Waste Resources Miscellaneous			
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	\$	2		
Interest		21		
Changes of benefit terms		-		
Differences between expected and actual experience		64		
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		835		
Benefit payments		(40)		
Net changes	•	882		
Total OPEB liability - beginning		598		
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	1,480		

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 22 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability for Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan Not Administered Through Trusts (Continued)

As of July 1, 2019, the discount rate was changed from 3.87 percent to 3.51 percent. All other information is based on the census data, actuarial assumption, and plan provisions used in the most recent actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019.

The following tables shows the Net OPEB Asset and Liability, and Total OPEB Liability by primary government (In thousands).

	Gov	ernmental	Bus	iness-type			
	A	ctivities	A	ctivities	Total		
Net OPEB (Asset)	\$	(143)	\$	-	\$	(143)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	49,485	\$	9,385	\$	58,870	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	_	\$	1,480	\$	1,480	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB (asset)/liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB (asset)/liability, as well as what the net OPEB (asset)/liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability								
	1% Decrease (6.01%)		Discount Rate (7.01%)			1% Increase (8.01%)			
County Miscellaneous and Safety	\$	73,554	\$	58,192	\$	45,769			
	Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability								
	1	% Decrease	Discount Rate			1% Increase			
		(5.22%)		(6.22%)	(7.22%)				
Flood Control Miscellaneous	\$	860	\$	678	\$	531			
		Net	OPE	B (Asset)/Liabil	lity				
	1% Decrease		D	iscount Rate	1% Increase				
		(6.59%)		(7.59%)		(8.59%)			
Park District Miscellaneous	\$	(112)	\$	(143)	\$	(168)			

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

		Total OPEB Liability							
	1% J	Decrease	Disc	ount Rate	19	6 Increase			
	(2	2.51%)	(3.51%)		(4.51%)				
Waste Resources Miscellaneous	\$	1,701	\$	1,480	\$	1,302			

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 22 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB (asset)/liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB (asset)/liability, as well as what the net OPEB (asset)/liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability								
	Healthcare Cost								
	1% Dec	crease	Tre	nd Rates	1%	6 Increase			
	(6.0% de	creasing	(7.0%	decreasing	(8.0%	6 decreasing			
	to 3.5	5%)	to	4.5%)	1	to 5.5%)			
County Miscellaneous and Safety (Pre Medicare Plan)	\$	45,038	\$	58,192	\$	74,775			
		Net	OPEB (	Asset)/Liabil	lity				
			Healtl	ncare Cost					
	1% Dec	crease	Trei	nd Rates	1%	Increase			
	(7.2% dec	creasing	(8.2%	decreasing	(9.2%	6 decreasing			
	to 3.5		to	4.5%)	t	o 5.5%)			
County Miscellaneous and Safety (Post Medicare Plan)	\$	45,038	\$	58,192	\$	74,775			
	Net OPEB (Asset)/Liability								
				ncare Cost					
	1% Dec			nd Rates	1% Increase				
	(6.0% dec	creasing	(7.0%	decreasing	(8.0% decreasing				
	to 3.5			4.5%)		o 5.5%)			
Flood Control Miscellaneous (Pre Medicare Plan)	\$	526	\$	678	\$	869			
		Net	OPEB (	Asset)/Liabil	lity				
			TT 1.1	<i>a</i> .					
			Healti	ncare Cost					
	1% Dec	crease		ncare Cost nd Rates	1%	Increase			
	1% Dec (7.2% dec		Trei			6 Increase 6 decreasing			
		creasing	Trei (8.2%	nd Rates	(9.2%				
Flood Control Miscellaneous (Post Medicare Plan)	(7.2% dec	creasing	Trei (8.2%	nd Rates decreasing	(9.2%	6 decreasing			
Flood Control Miscellaneous (Post Medicare Plan)	(7.2% dec to 3.5	creasing 5%) 526	Trei (8.2% to \$	nd Rates decreasing 4.5%)	(9.2% t	6 decreasing to 5.5%)			
Flood Control Miscellaneous (Post Medicare Plan)	(7.2% dec to 3.5	creasing 5%) 526	Trei (8.2% to \$	nd Rates decreasing 4.5%) 678	(9.2% t	6 decreasing to 5.5%)			
Flood Control Miscellaneous (Post Medicare Plan)	(7.2% dec to 3.5	5%) 526 Net	Tren (8.2% to \$	nd Rates decreasing 4.5%) 678  Asset)/Liabil	(9.2% t \$	6 decreasing to 5.5%)			
Flood Control Miscellaneous (Post Medicare Plan)	(7.2% dec to 3.5	55%) 526 Net	Trei (8.2%) to \$ OPEB ( Health	nd Rates decreasing 4.5%) 678  Asset)/Liabil	(9.2% t **)	6 decreasing o 5.5%) 869			
Flood Control Miscellaneous (Post Medicare Plan)	(7.2% dec to 3.5 \$	55%) 526 Net crease creasing	Trei (8.2% to s	nd Rates decreasing 4.5%) 678  Asset)/Liabil neare Cost nd Rates	(9.2% t	6 decreasing o 5.5%) 869			
Flood Control Miscellaneous (Post Medicare Plan)  Park District Miscellaneous (Pre Medicare Plan)	(7.2% dec to 3.5 \$ 1% Dec (6.0% dec	55%) 526 Net crease creasing	Trei (8.2% to \$ OPEB ( Health Trei (7.0%	nd Rates decreasing 4.5%) 678 Asset)/Liabil neare Cost and Rates decreasing	(9.2% t	6 decreasing o 5.5%)  869 6 Increase 6 decreasing			
	(7.2% dec to 3.5 \$ 1% Dec (6.0% dec to 3.5	reasing 55%) 526  Net  Perease creasing 55%) (169)	Trei (8.2% to \$  OPEB ( Healtl Trei (7.0% to \$	nd Rates decreasing 4.5%) 678 Asset)/Liabil neare Cost and Rates decreasing 4.5%)	(9.2% t t s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s	6 decreasing o 5.5%) 869 6 Increase 6 decreasing o 5.5%)			
	(7.2% dec to 3.5 \$ 1% Dec (6.0% dec to 3.5	reasing 55%) 526  Net  Perease creasing 55%) (169)	Trei (8.2% to \$  OPEB ( Health Trei (7.0% to \$	Asset)/Liabil neare Cost nd Rates decreasing 4.5%) (143)	(9.2% t t s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s	6 decreasing o 5.5%) 869 6 Increase 6 decreasing o 5.5%)			
	(7.2% dec to 3.5 \$ 1% Dec (6.0% dec to 3.5	reasing 55%) 526  Net crease creasing 55%) (169)  Net	Trei (8.2% to \$  OPEB ( Health Trei (7.0% to \$  OPEB ( Health Hea	nd Rates decreasing 4.5%) 678  Asset)/Liabil neare Cost and Rates decreasing 4.5%) (143)  Asset)/Liabil	(9.2% t	6 decreasing o 5.5%) 869 6 Increase 6 decreasing o 5.5%)			
	(7.2% dec to 3.5 \$ 1% Dec (6.0% dec to 3.5 \$	Net  Crease  Crease  (169)  Net	Tree (8.2% to \$  OPEB (Health Tree (7.0% to \$  OPEB (Health Tree (7.0% Tree (T.0% Tree (	Asset)/Liabil care Cost decreasing 4.5%) 678 Asset)/Liabil decreasing 4.5%) (143) Asset)/Liabil decre Cost	(9.2% t	6 decreasing o 5.5%) 869 6 Increase 6 decreasing o 5.5%) (109)			
	(7.2% dec to 3.5 \$ 1% Dec (6.0% dec to 3.5 \$	Signature of the creasing (169)  Net (169)  Net (169)  Net (169)	Trei (8.2% to \$  OPEB ( Healtl Trei (7.0% to \$  OPEB ( Healtl Trei (8.2%	Asset)/Liabil neare Cost nd Rates decreasing 4.5%) (143) Asset)/Liabil neare Cost nd Rates	(9.2% t	6 decreasing o 5.5%) 869 6 Increase 6 decreasing o 5.5%) (109)			

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 22 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Total OPEB Liability								
	Healthcare Cost								
	1% De	crease	Trend	Rates	1% Increase				
	(6.0% de	creasing	(7.0% de	creasing	(8.0% dec	reasing			
	to 3.	5%)	to 4.	5%)	to 5.5%)				
Waste Resources Miscellaneous (Pre Medicare Plan)	\$	1,301	\$	1,480	\$	1,702			
	Total OPEB Liability								
			Healthca	are Cost					
	1% De	1% Decrease		Rates	1% Increase				
	(7.2% de	creasing	(8.2% decreasing		(9.2% dec	reasing			
	to 3.	5%)	to 4.	5%)	to 5.5%)				
Waste Resources Miscellaneous (Post Medicare Plan)	\$	1,301	\$	1,480	\$	1,702			

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position*. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERBT financial report.

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, \$7.3 million was recognized as OPEB expense. At June 30, 2020, the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB were reported from the following sources.

Deferred Outflows of Resources By Plan:	County Miscellaneous and Safety	Flood Control Miscellaneous	Park District Miscellaneous	Waste Resources Miscellaneous	Total
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 9,456	\$ 55	\$ 15	\$ 29	\$ 9,555
Difference between expected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	2	-	-	2
Changes of assumptions	37,990	619	106	381	39,096
Sub-total	47,446	676	121	410	48,653
Contributions subsequent to measurement date recognized as deferred outflows of resources (GASB Statement No. 71)	9,247	593	-	2	9,842
Total	\$ 56,693	\$ 1,269	\$ 121	\$ 412	\$ 58,495

\$9.8 million reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 22 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (Continued)

	Cour	ıty						
	Miscella	neous	Flood	Control	P	Park District	Waste Resources	
Deferred Inflows of Resources By Plan:	and Sa	fety	Miscel	laneous	Mi	iscellaneous	Miscellaneous	Total
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(38)	\$ -	\$ (38)
Difference between expected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		(410)		-		(3)	-	(413)
Changes of assumptions		-		(2)		(2)	(1)	(5)
Total	\$	(410)	\$	(2)	\$	(43)	\$ (1)	\$ (456)

The table below summarizes the total deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources by primary government (In thousands).

	Go	vernmental	B	usiness-type			
		Activities		Activities	Total		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	48,780	\$	9,715	\$	58,495	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	(403)	\$	(53)	\$	(456)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	C	County							
Year Ended	Misc	ellaneous	Flood	Control	Park I	District	Waste I	Resources	
June 30	and	l Safety	Miscellaneous		Miscellaneous		Miscellaneous		 Total
2021	\$	5,402	\$	80	\$	8	\$	409	\$ 5,899
2022		5,402		80		8		-	5,490
2023		5,635		78		10		-	5,723
2024		5,601		77		11		-	5,689
2025		5,613		78		10		-	5,701
Thereafter		19,383		281		31		-	19,695
Total	\$	47,036	\$	674	\$	78	\$	409	\$ 48,197

#### Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2020, there was no outstanding amount of contributions payable to the OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 23 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### **Lawsuits and Other Claims**

The County has been named as a defendant in various lawsuits and claims arising in the normal course of operations. In the aggregate, these claims seek monetary damages in significant amounts. To the extent the outcome of such litigation has been determined to result in probable financial loss to the County, such loss has been accrued in the accompanying basic financial statements. Litigation where loss to the County is reasonably possible has not been accrued. In the opinion of management, the ultimate outcome of these claims will not materially affect the operations of the County.

#### **Federal Grant Revenue**

Compliance examinations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, indicated no items found of noncompliance with Federal grants and regulations. The fiscal year 2019-20 Single Audit of federal awards report is expected to be submitted to the Federal Audit Clearinghouse on or before March 31, 2021.

#### **Commitments**

At June 30, 2020, the County had various non-cancelable contracts and construction-in-progress with outside contractors. These contracts were financed through either the general fund or capital projects funds. \$75.1 million will be payable upon future performance under the contracts.

#### **Landfill Construction and Consulting Contracts**

Waste Resources enters into various construction and consulting contracts to facilitate its landfill operations and continues the process of installing landfill liners as needed at Badlands and Lamb Canyon landfills, in accordance with state and federal laws and regulations. Waste Resources does not anticipate a new area landfill expansion at the Lamb Canyon landfill in the next five years, but does plan to complete two expansion projects at Badlands landfill which will increase refuse airspace and days of site life in the current burial area. The northwestern berm construction at the Badlands landfill will cost approximately \$1.9 million and the cost of the 7.2-acre liner expansion on the north part of the site is now estimated at \$2.4 million. Both Badlands landfill projects are expected to be completed in the next five years.

#### **Remediation Contingencies**

#### Governmental Activities

Release of gasoline and diesel fuel has been reported at seven underground storage tanks. Orders have been issued by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (CRWQCB) to assess and cleanup these sites by specific dates. It has determined the remediation plan and monitoring action is required. In addition to groundwater contamination, asbestos has been found in six facilities. As of June 30, 2020, the accrued remediation liability is \$2.3 million. The liability has been calculated using the expected cash flow technique. The liability is subject to change over time. Cost may vary due to price fluctuations, changes in technology, results of environmental studies, changes to statute or regulations and other factors that could result in revisions to these estimates.

#### Business-type Activities

The Waste Resources Department has established restricted cash funds to set aside for future remediation costs as they are required to be performed. Investments of \$36.0 million are held for these purposes at June 30, 2020 and are classified as accrued remediation in the statements of net position.

The Waste Resources Department is aware of air/gas contamination at 17 landfills, 11 of which are closed, and required to have corrective action plans. Based on engineering studies, Waste Resources estimates the present value of the total costs of corrective action for foreseeable water quality contaminant releases, and/or non-water quality corrective action measures, at \$39.5 million as of June 30, 2020.

In addition to the liability amounts calculated per CalRecycle regulations that are designated to the Escrow Funds, the Waste Resources Department is also responsible for the corrective action costs related to 19 other landfill sites that

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 23 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)**

#### **Remediation Contingencies (Continued)**

have been inactive or closed since before 1988. Liability for these sites fluctuates dependent on the needs of each site and changes to or the implementation of laws and regulations. As of June 30, 2020, the post-closure liability is estimated at \$3.9 million.

#### **Encumbrances**

The County uses "encumbrances" to control expenditure commitments for the year. Encumbrances represent commitments related to executor contracts not yet performed and purchase orders not yet filled. Commitments for such expenditure of monies are encumbered to reserve applicable appropriations. Depending on the source(s) of funding, encumbrances are reported as part of restricted or assigned fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet. As of June 30, 2020, the encumbrance balances for the governmental funds are reported as follows (In thousands):

	Restricted	Committed	<b>Assigned</b>	<u>Total</u>
Major Governmental Funds				
General Fund:				
Energy projects	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 75	\$ 75
Facilities maintenance	-	-	296	296
Fire protection	-	-	1,443	1,443
General government	-	-	23	23
Health care programs	-	-	229	229
Human resources	-	-	281	281
Probation programs	-	-	2,416	2,416
Public protection	21	-	274	295
Purchasing projects	-	-	9	9
Sheriff correction	-	-	4,057	4,057
Sheriff court services	-	-	342	342
Sheriff patrol	34	-	3,915	3,949
Sheriff support	-	-	343	343
Transportation:				
Construction projects	122	-	-	122
Equipment	673	-	-	673
Land surveying activities	1	-	-	1
Roads	299	-	-	299
Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
Special Revenue Funds:				
Community services	8	-	-	8
Education	111		-	111
Parks projects	18	-	-	18
Pubic assistance	99	-	-	99
Public protection	7	-	-	7
Public ways and facilities	64	-	-	64
Recreation & cultural services	51	-	-	51
Small business assistance grant program	-	-	35,520	35,520
Capital Projects Funds:				
Parks projects	133			133
<b>Total Encumbrances</b>	\$ 1,641		\$ 49,223	\$ 50,864

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### **NOTE 24 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

#### Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs)

On July 1, 2020, the County issued \$340.0 million in Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes in the form of a 2021 Maturity bond due June 30, 2021. The stated interest rate for the bond is set at 4.0% per annum with a yield of 0.3%. In accordance with California law, the TRANs bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable only out of the taxes, income, revenues, cash receipts, and other monies of the County attributable to fiscal year 2021 and legally available for payment thereof. Proceeds for the bonds will be used for fiscal year 2021 general fund expenditures, including current expenditures, capital expenditures, and the discharge of other obligations or indebtedness of the County.

#### **Riverside County Bonds and Certificates of Participation**

In September 2020, Fitch, one of the three major credit ratings, has assigned the County's bonds and certificates of participation ratings as follows:

- Riverside County implied general obligation (GO) bond rating at 'AA-'.
- Riverside County pension obligation bonds (POB-Series 2005A) at 'A+'.
- Riverside County Asset Leasing Corporation certificates of participation (Series 2009, and lease revenue bonds (LRBs), Series 2013A) at 'A+'.
- Riverside County Public Financing Authority (LRBs) (Series 2012 and 2015) at 'A+'.
- Riverside County 2020 tax and revenue anticipation notes (TRANS) AT 'F1+'

Fitch's reasoning is summarized in the following paragraphs:

The County's economy is large, diverse, and well-situated for long-term growth. It has affordable housing stock, capacity for additional development, proximity to employment centers including San Bernardino, Orange County, and Los Angeles, and a location along a major distribution route. The County is exposed to considerable housing market and tax base volatility as it was one of the worst – affected regions in the country during the economic downturn. However, both the housing market and assessed values have improved significantly over the past several years and a large amount of state and federal revenue in the budget moderates the effect of this cyclicality on overall revenues.

Growth in total general fund revenues has been above inflation but below that of the U.S. Economy, and Fitch expects that trend to continue. State law limits the County's independent ability to raise revenues as tax rate increases require voter approval. The County maintains very strong gap-closing capacity as evidenced by sound reserve levels relative to solid spending flexibility and moderate expected revenue volatility. Given only moderate ability to raise revenues relative to expected volatility, the County's ability to manage its expenditure growth and maintain solid reserves is critical to maintaining its very strong financial resilience.

The recent coronavirus outbreak and related government containment measures worldwide create an uncertain global environment for U.S. state and local governments and related entities in the near term. While the County of Riverside's most recently available fiscal and economic data may not fully reflect impairment, material changes in revenues and expenditures are occurring across the country and are likely to worsen in the coming weeks and months as economic activity suffers and public health spending increases.

Fitch considers liquidity to be the most significant and immediate risk to state and local government financial operations presented by the pandemic. The County received \$431.0 million for COVID-19 expenses from the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act and estimated it had \$278.0 million in general fund cash as of June 30, 2020 and \$2.20 billion in available cash, including borrowable resources. By June 30, 2021, the County expects to have \$216.0 million in general fund cash and \$1.10 billion in available liquidity, including borrowable resources. This is equal to about 126 days spending based on fiscal year 2019 expenditures. These borrowable resources provide sufficient liquidity for its near-term operating needs.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2020

#### NOTE 24 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

#### **Riverside County Bonds and Certificates of Participation (Continued)**

The vast majority of the County's discretionary revenues are derived from property taxes, which to date have remained steady. For fiscal year 2020, the County's third quarter budget report estimated revenues below budget by about \$30.0 million, which included a roughly \$10.0 million loss of discretionary revenue related to sales taxes, fines and penalties and documentary transfer taxes, and approximately \$19.6 million from Proposition 172 sales tax revenues (approximating a 10% revenue loss of these sales taxes). To offset these revenue losses, the County suspended training and travel and other discretionary spending for roughly \$14.0 million in savings and used about \$45.0 million in reserves. The County ended fiscal year 2020 with an estimated \$284.0 million in unrestricted fund balance, equal to about 9.0% of spending.

Given moderate reserve draws in fiscal year 2020 and 2021, it is expected that the County will retain very strong gap closing capacity. The County ended fiscal year 2019 with a \$42.8 million surplus (about 1.3% of fiscal year 2019 expenditures and transfers out), most of which was added to the available fund balance, bringing its total to \$307.7 million, equal to almost 10.0% of fiscal year 2019 expenditures and transfers out. The County's available fund balance has been fairly steady over the last several years at about 8.0% - 9.0% of general fund spending with the largest surplus in fiscal year 2019.

Fitch believes the County has sufficient reserves and spending flexibility to withstand the potential revenue losses through fiscal year 2021. Should the revenue impact be materially larger or if the County is unable to offset the revenue loss without reducing reserves substantially, there could be downward rating pressure. There is no indication at this time that property values have been affected by the coronavirus pandemic (home sale prices have continued to increase), but that remains a risk, particularly in Fitch's downside scenario.

#### Teeter Obligation Notes, Series A

On October 21, 2020, the County issued \$99.6 million in 2020 Teeter Obligation Notes, Series A (Tax-Exempt) to refund a portion of the outstanding 2019 Teeter Obligation Notes, Series A, and fund an advance of unpaid property taxes for agencies participating in the County's Teeter plan, and to pay the cost of issuance related to the notes. The 2020 Notes bear an interest rate of 0.5% for 2020 Teeter Obligation Note, Series A and a maturity date of October 21, 2021, when the existing Letter of Credit will expire.

#### The Effects of the Economy on CalPERS

Based on past performance of the CalPERS fund, CalPERS has estimated the County's miscellaneous and safety contribution rates for fiscal year 2020-21 will be 24.5% and 43.0%, respectively. Fiscal year 2021-22 contribution rates for miscellaneous and safety are estimated at 22.9% and 35.7%, respectively. They will be accounted for in fiscal year 2020-21 and future budget years.

#### **COVID-19 Pandemic**

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) a global pandemic and recommended containment and mitigation measures worldwide. In response, The County of Riverside, followed by the Governor of California, issued a Shelter a Home order effective March 19, 2020, requiring non-essential business to temporarily close to the public. Measures taken to contain the virus have significantly affected economic activity, which in turn will have implications on revenue sources and stock market volatility. At the current time, management is unable to quantify the potential effects of this pandemic on its future financial statements.



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# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION







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#### Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DURING THE MEASUREMENT PERIOD

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### County Miscellaneous, Agent Multiple Employer Plan

Measurement Period		<b>2018-19</b> (1)		<b>2017-18</b> (1)	2	2016-17 (1)
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	211,449	\$	215,186	\$	211,842
Interest on total pension liability		567,030		532,726		501,855
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		41,592		51,597		151,001
Changes of assumptions		-		(58,382)		450,226
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(321,474)		(291,902)		(259,302)
Net change in total pension liability		498,597		449,225		1,055,622
Total pension liability - beginning		7,702,999		7,253,774		6,198,152
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	8,201,596	\$	7,702,999	\$	7,253,774
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	216,533	\$	185,512	\$	164,307
Contributions - employee	Ψ	87,918	Ψ	87,471	Ψ	87,201
Net investment income		377,088		449,040		540,579
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(321,474)		(291,902)		(259,302)
Administrative expense		(4,088)		(8,297)		(7,122)
Other miscellaneous expense		220		(15,755)		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		356,197		406,069		525,663
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		5,496,528		5,090,459		4,564,796
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	5,852,725	\$	5,496,528	\$	5,090,459
Plan's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	2,348,871	\$	2,206,471	\$	2,163,315
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.4%		71.4%		70.2%
Covered payroll (2)	\$	1,144,873	\$	1,068,222	\$	1,056,636
Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		205.2%	ND C	206.6%	· 0 ·	204.7%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

<sup>(2)</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to a pension plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* 

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DURING THE MEASUREMENT PERIOD (Continued)

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### County Miscellaneous, Agent Multiple Employer Plan

<b>2015-16</b> (1)		<b>2014-15</b> (1)		2013-14 (1)		Measurement Period
						Total pension liability
\$	175,662	\$	162,257	\$	158,164	Service cost
	457,630		418,860		377,221	Interest on total pension liability
	-		-		-	Changes of benefit terms
	141,472		15,756		-	Differences between expected and actual experience
	-		(109,320)		-	Changes of assumptions
	(234,668)		(217,701)		(195,420)	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions
	540,096		269,852		339,965	Net change in total pension liability
	5,658,056		5,388,204		5,048,239	Total pension liability - beginning
\$	6,198,152	\$	5,658,056	\$	5,388,204	Total pension liability - ending (a)
						Plan fiduciary net position
\$	157,639	\$	98,867	\$	134,673	Contributions - employer
4	82,884	Ψ	76,078	4	69,872	Contributions - employee
	24,832		104,069		-	Net investment income
	(234,668)		(217,701)		,	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions
	(2,894)		(5,345)		-	Administrative expense
	-		-		-	Other miscellaneous expense
	27,793		55,968		676,036	Net change in plan fiduciary net position
	4,537,003		4,481,035		3,804,999	Plan fiduciary net position - beginning
\$	4,564,796	\$	4,537,003	\$	4,481,035	Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)
\$	1,633,356	\$	1,121,053	\$	907,169	Plan's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)
		_		_		
	73.6%		80.2%		83.2%	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
\$	1,010,690	\$	909,644	\$	842,865	Covered payroll (2)
	161.6%		123.2%		107.6%	Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DURING THE MEASUREMENT PERIOD (Continued)

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### County Safety, Agent Multiple Employer Plan

Measurement Period	2	2018-19 (1)	2	2017-18 (1)	2	2016-17 (1)
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	93,738	\$	99,309	\$	101,987
Interest on total pension liability		255,679		241,592		229,003
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(3,563)		(14,902)		13,324
Changes of assumptions		-		(15,727)		215,024
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(145,095)		(129,977)		(115,929)
Net change in total pension liability		200,759		180,295		443,409
Total pension liability - beginning		3,605,172		3,424,877		2,981,468
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	3,805,931	\$	3,605,172	\$	3,424,877
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	104,161	\$	92,283	\$	85,091
Contributions - employee	Ψ	30,029	Ψ	30,586	Ψ	33,623
Net investment income		169,980		202,786		243,597
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(145,095)		(129,977)		(115,929)
Administrative expense		(1,845)		(3,760)		(3,184)
Other miscellaneous expense		(200)		(7,102)		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		157,030		184,816		243,198
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		2,584,843		2,400,027		2,156,829
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	2,741,873	\$	2,584,843	\$	2,400,027
Plan's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	1,064,058	\$	1,020,329	\$	1,024,850
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72.0%		71.7%		70.1%
Covered payroll (2)	\$	300,890	\$	322,749	\$	340,897
Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		353.6%		316.1%		300.6%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

<sup>(2)</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to a pension plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DURING THE MEASUREMENT PERIOD (Continued)

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### County Safety, Agent Multiple Employer Plan

2015-16 (1)			2014-15 (1)		2013-14 (1)	Measurement Period
						Total pension liability
\$	86,039	\$	80,457	\$	77,706	Service cost
	212,548		195,332		181,393	Interest on total pension liability
	-		-		-	Changes of benefit terms
	47,893		22,825		-	Differences between expected and actual experience
	-		(53,617)		-	Changes of assumptions
	(105,002)		(97,869)		(91,921)	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions
	241,478		147,128		167,178	Net change in total pension liability
	2,739,990		2,592,862		2,425,684	Total pension liability - beginning
\$	2,981,468	\$	2,739,990	\$	2,592,862	Total pension liability - ending (a)
						Plan fiducious not resition
\$	76,363	\$	65,364	\$	72,947	Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer
Ф	32,073	Φ	30,313	Φ	28,396	Contributions - employee
	10,790		46,730		312,502	Net investment income
	(105,002)		(97,869)		*	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions
	(1,306)		(2,398)		(91,921)	Administrative expense
	(1,300)		(2,398)		-	Other miscellaneous expense
	12,918		42,140		321,924	Net change in plan fiduciary net position
	2,143,911		2,101,771		1,779,847	Plan fiduciary net position - beginning
\$	2,143,911	\$	2,143,911	\$	2,101,771	Plan fiduciary net position - beginning  Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)
Þ	2,130,829	<b>D</b>	2,143,911	<b>D</b>	2,101,771	Fram inductary net postuon - ending (b)
\$	824,639	\$	596,079	\$	491,091	Plan's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)
	72.3%		78.2%		81.1%	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
\$	341,419	\$	320,550	\$	279,508	Covered payroll (2)
	241.5%		186.0%		175.7%	Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll

### Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DURING THE MEASUREMENT PERIOD (Continued)

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### Flood Control Miscellaneous, Agent Multiple Employer Plan

Measurement Period		<b>2018-19</b> (1)		<b>2017-18</b> (1)	2016-17 (1)		
Total pension liability							
Service cost	\$	3,114	\$	3,239	\$	3,196	
Interest on total pension liability		14,237		13,568		13,182	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,633		(883)		4,317	
Changes of assumptions		-		(1,005)		11,057	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(10,190)		(9,835)		(8,387)	
Net change in total pension liability		9,794		5,084		23,365	
Total pension liability - beginning		200,031		194,947		171,582	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	209,825	\$	200,031	\$	194,947	
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	5,020	\$	4,253	\$	3,899	
Contributions - employee	•	1,240	•	1,269	*	1,343	
Net investment income		8,617		10,586		12,842	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(10,190)		(9,835)		(8,387)	
Administrative expense		(94)		(196)		(171)	
Other miscellaneous expense		-		(373)		-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,593		5,704		9,526	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		131,710		126,006		116,480	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	136,303	\$	131,710	\$	126,006	
Plan's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	73,522	\$	68,321	\$	68,941	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		65.0%		65.8%		64.6%	
Covered payroll (2)	\$	17,305	\$	17,581	\$	17,428	
Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		424.9%		388.6%		395.6%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

*Benefit changes*: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2014. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of assumptions: The demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance with the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate.

<sup>(2)</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to a pension plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* 

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DURING THE MEASUREMENT PERIOD (Continued)

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### Flood Control Miscellaneous, Agent Multiple Employer Plan

2	015-16 (1)	2	014-15 (1)	2013-14 (1)	Measurement Period
					Total pension liability
\$	2,736	\$	2,606	\$ 2,659	Service cost
	12,356		11,562	10,889	Interest on total pension liability
	-		-	-	Changes of benefit terms
	3,136		1,641	-	Differences between expected and actual experience
	-		(2,831)	-	Changes of assumptions
	(7,290)		(6,729)	(6,007)	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions
	10,938		6,249	7,541	Net change in total pension liability
	160,644		154,395	146,854	Total pension liability - beginning
\$	171,582	\$	160,644	\$ 154,395	Total pension liability - ending (a)
-					
					Plan fiduciary net position
\$	3,445	\$	2,918	\$ 2,793	Contributions - employer
	1,356		1,276	1,394	Contributions - employee
	666		2,660	17,670	Net investment income
	(7,290)		(6,729)	(6,007)	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions
	(73)		(133)	-	Administrative expense
				-	Other miscellaneous expense
	(1,896)		(8)	15,850	Net change in plan fiduciary net position
	118,376		118,384	102,534	Plan fiduciary net position - beginning
\$	116,480	\$	118,376	\$ 118,384	Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)
\$	55,102	\$	42,268	\$ 36,011	Plan's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)
	67.9%		73.7%	76.7%	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
\$	16,643	\$	15,838	\$ 15,385	Covered payroll (2)
	331.1%		266.9%	234.1%	Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll

#### SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### County Miscellaneous, Agent Multiple Employer Plan

Contributions in relation to the Actuarially Contributions as actuarially Contribution determined determined deficiency \*\*Covered a percentage of contribution contribution covered payroll \*Fiscal Year (excess) payroll (5,781) \$ 2014-15 \$ 126,838 \$ (132,619)\$ 909,644 14.6% \$ 2015-16 \$ 143,300 \$ \$ 15.7% (159,154)(15,854)1,010,690 2016-17 \$ 160,437 \$ \$ 1,056,636 16.9% (178, 196)(17,759)\$ 2017-18 \$ 184,572 (182,070)2,502 \$ 1,068,222 17.0% \$ \$ \$ 2018-19 \$ 224,862 (207,080)\$ 17,782 1,144,873 18.1% \$ \$ 2019-20 \$ 243,748 (243,748)\$ 1,168,452 20.9%

#### County Safety, Agent Multiple Employer Plan

			Cor	tributions in					
			rel	lation to the					
	A	ctuarially	a	ectuarially	(	Contribution			Contributions as
	de	etermined	d	letermined		deficiency		**Covered	a percentage of
*Fiscal Year	со	ntribution	C	contribution		(excess)		payroll	covered payroll
2014-15	\$	62,624	\$	(71,228)	\$	(8,604)	\$	320,550	22.2%
2015-16	\$	69,936	\$	(83,166)	\$	(13,230)	\$	341,419	24.4%
2016-17	\$	85,699	\$	(91,330)	\$	(5,631)	\$	340,897	26.8%
2017-18	\$	98,314	\$	(91,224)	\$	7,090	\$	322,749	28.3%
2018-19	\$	117,149	\$	(98,581)	\$	18,568	\$	300,890	32.8%
2019-20	\$	126,333	\$	(126,333)	\$	-	\$	311,708	40.5%

<sup>\*</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to a pension plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to a pension plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.

#### SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS (Continued)

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### Flood Control Miscellaneous, Agent Multiple Employer Plan

			Con	tributions in					
			rel	ation to the					
	Ac	tuarially	a	ectuarially	(	Contribution			Contributions as
	det	termined	d	etermined		deficiency	*	**Covered	a percentage of
*Fiscal Year	con	tribution	cc	ontribution		(excess)		payroll	covered payroll
2014-15	\$	2,918	\$	(2,918)	\$	=	\$	15,838	18.4%
2015-16	\$	3,442	\$	(3,442)	\$	-	\$	16,643	20.7%
2016-17	\$	3,896	\$	(3,896)	\$	-	\$	17,428	22.4%
2017-18	\$	4,252	\$	(4,252)	\$	-	\$	17,581	24.2%
2018-19	\$	5,019	\$	(5,019)	\$	-	\$	17,305	29.0%
2019-20	\$	6,015	\$	(12,731)	\$	(6,716)	\$	17,824	71.4%

<sup>\*</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

#### **Notes to Schedule**

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for fiscal year 2019-20 were derived from the June 30, 2018 funding valuation report.

			Flood Control
	County Miscellaneous	County Safety	Miscellaneous
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll
Remaining amortization period	25 Years as of the Valuation Date	25 Years as of the Valuation Date	25 Years as of the Valuation Date
Asset valuation method	Market Value of Assets	Market Value of Assets	Market Value of Assets
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Payroll growth	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Investment rate of return*	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%

The Retirement Age is determined by the probabilities of retirement which are based on the December 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The Mortality Rate is based on the December 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. The mortality table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. More details on this table are available in the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015).

<sup>\*\*</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to a pension plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.

<sup>\*</sup> Net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses; includes inflation.

### Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

### SCHEDULE OF THE PLAN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

#### As of the Measurement Date

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### Park District Miscellaneous, Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Plan

						Employer's	
						proportionate	Pension plan's
		F	Employer's			share of the net	fiduciary net
	Employer's	pre	oportionate			pension liability	position as a
	proportion of the	sha	re of the net	I	Employer's	(asset) as a	percentage of
Measurement	net pension	pen	sion liability		ered payroll	percentage of its	the total pension
Period (1)	liability (asset)		(asset)		(2)	covered payroll	liability
2013-14	0.09946%	\$	6,189	\$	4,992	124.0%	81.8%
2014-15	0.25620%	\$	7,029	\$	5,799	121.2%	80.2%
2015-16	0.26345%	\$	9,151	\$	6,791	134.8%	75.9%
2016-17	0.27243%	\$	10,739	\$	6,201	173.2%	75.3%
2017-18	0.27877%	\$	10,506	\$	5,415	194.0%	77.1%
2018-19	0.28803%	\$	11,534	\$	5,439	212.1%	76.1%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

#### Waste Resources Miscellaneous, Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Plan

						Employer's		
						proportionate	Pension plan's	
		F	Employer's			share of the net	fiduciary net	
	Employer's	pro	oportionate			pension liability	position as a	
	proportion of the	sha	re of the net	E	Employer's	(asset) as a	percentage of	
Measurement	net pension	pen	sion liability		ered payroll	percentage of its	the total pension	
Period (1)	liability (asset)		(asset)		(2)	covered payroll	liability	
2013-14	0.13583%	\$	8,452	\$	3,082	274.2%	79.8%	
2014-15	0.35266%	\$	9,675	\$	2,298	421.0%	77.4%	
2015-16	0.35378%	\$	12,290	\$	2,339	525.4%	72.9%	
2016-17	0.35839%	\$	14,128	\$	1,981	713.2%	72.1%	
2017-18	0.36801%	\$	13,869	\$	1,816	763.7%	73.2%	
2018-19	0.37300%	\$	14,937	\$	1,615	924.9%	72.3%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

<sup>(2)</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to a pension plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* 

<sup>(2)</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to a pension plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* 

#### SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### Park District Miscellaneous, Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Plan

#### Contributions in

			relat	ion to the						
	Act	tuarially	actuarially		C	Contribution			Contributions as	
	det	determined		determined		deficiency		Covered	a percentage of	
*Fiscal Year	con	ribution	con	contribution		(excess)		ayroll	covered payroll	
2014-15	\$	950	\$	(950)	\$	-	\$	5,799	16.4%	
2015-16	\$	1,062	\$	(1,062)	\$	-	\$	6,791	15.6%	
2016-17	\$	1,094	\$	(1,094)	\$	-	\$	6,201	17.6%	
2017-18	\$	1,094	\$	(1,094)	\$	-	\$	5,415	20.2%	
2018-19	\$	1,229	\$	(1,229)	\$	-	\$	5,439	22.6%	
2019-20	\$	1,515	\$	(1,515)	\$	-	\$	5,464	27.7%	

<sup>\*</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

#### Waste Resources Miscellaneous, Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Plan

### Contributions in

			reia	ation to the						
	Ac	tuarially	a	ctuarially	C	Contribution			Contributions as	
	det	determined		determined		deficiency		Covered	a percentage of	
*Fiscal Year	contribution		contribution		(excess)		payroll		covered payroll	
2014-15	\$	623	\$	(189)	\$	434	\$	2,298	8.2%	
2015-16	\$	863	\$	(411)	\$	452	\$	2,339	17.6%	
2016-17	\$	905	\$	(832)	\$	73	\$	1,981	42.0%	
2017-18	\$	1,020	\$	(900)	\$	120	\$	1,816	49.6%	
2018-19	\$	1,166	\$	(1,022)	\$	144	\$	1,615	63.3%	
2019-20	\$	1,141	\$	(1,141)	\$	-	\$	1,356	84.1%	

<sup>\*</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

#### **Notes to Schedule**

*Benefit changes:* The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2014. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of assumptions: The demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance with the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to a pension plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to a pension plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.

#### Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DURING THE MEASUREMENT PERIOD

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### Riverside County - Part-time and Temporary Help Retirement

Measurement Period	20	<b>18-19</b> (1)	2	2017-18 (1)		<b>2016-17</b> (1)
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	1,082	\$	1,300	\$	1,914
Interest cost		2,747		2,548		2,358
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,732		1,621		1,457
Changes of assumptions		2,985		40		(746)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(2,222)		(1,726)		(1,757)
Net change in total pension liability		7,324		3,783		3,226
Total pension liability - beginning		45,798		42,015		38,789
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	53,122	\$	45,798	\$	42,015
Discontinuos de contra de						
Plan fiduciary net position	¢.	022	¢.	016	Φ	1 241
Contributions - employer	\$	832	\$	816	\$	1,341
Contributions - employee		1,701		1,633		1,674
Net investment income (expense)		1,939		3,648		4,289
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(2,222)		(1,726)		(1,757)
Administrative expense		(251)		(347)		(128)
Other						-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,999		4,024		5,419
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		41,576		37,552		32,133
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	43,575	\$	41,576	\$	37,552
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	9,547	\$	4,222	\$	4,463
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset) - (b)/(a)		82.0%		90.8%		89.4%
Covered payroll (2)	\$	43,593	\$	43,357	\$	44,525
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		21.9%		9.7%		10.0%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

*Change of assumptions*. The salary increases and payroll growth were updated from 3.00% to 2.75%. The demographic assumptions were updated to reflect the assumptions developed in the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study. The assumed mortality improvement scale was updated from MP-2018.

<sup>(2)</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to a pension plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DURING THE MEASUREMENT PERIOD

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### Riverside County - Part-time and Temporary Help Retirement

<b>2015-16</b> (1)	<b>2014-15</b> (1)	2013-14 (1)	Measurement Period
			Total pension liability
\$ 1,718	\$ 1,512	\$ 1,557	Service cost
2,186	1,983	1,800	Interest cost
-	-	-	Changes of benefit terms
1,524	795	1,146	Differences between expected and actual experience
(594)	2,939	-	Changes of assumptions
(1,507)	(1,511)	(1,762)	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions
3,327	5,718	2,741	Net change in total pension liability
35,462	29,744	27,003	Total pension liability - beginning
\$ 38,789	\$ 35,462	\$ 29,744	Total pension liability - ending (a)
			Plan fiduciary net position
\$ 668	\$ 607	\$ 956	Contributions - employer
1,399	1,267	1,394	Contributions - employee
(117)	131	4,437	Net investment income (expense)
(1,507)	(1,511)	(1,762)	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions
(189)	(217)		Administrative expense
-	-	-	Other
254	277	4,797	Net change in plan fiduciary net position
31,879	31,602	26,805	Plan fiduciary net position - beginning
\$ 32,133	\$ 31,879	\$ 31,602	Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)
\$ 6,656	\$ 3,583	\$ (1,858)	Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)
82.8%	89.9%	106.2%	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset) - (b)/(a)
\$ 39,761	\$ 32,963	\$ 29,517	Covered payroll (2)
16.7%	10.9%	6.3%	Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll

### Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

#### SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### Riverside County - Part-time and Temporary Help Retirement

Contributions in relation to the

			rela	ition to the						
	Act	uarially	a	ctuarially	C	Contribution			Contributions as	
	dete	ermined	de	etermined		deficiency	**	Covered	a percentage of	
*Fiscal Year	cont	ribution	со	ntribution		(excess)		payroll	covered payroll	
2014-15	\$	252	\$	(529)	\$	(277)	\$	32,963	1.6%	
2015-16	\$	122	\$	(639)	\$	(517)	\$	39,761	1.6%	
2016-17	\$	727	\$	(1,365)	\$	(638)	\$	44,525	3.1%	
2017-18	\$	657	\$	(773)	\$	(116)	\$	43,357	1.8%	
2018-19	\$	475	\$	(833)	\$	(358)	\$	43,593	1.9%	
2019-20	\$	801	\$	(801)	\$	_	\$	39,633	2.0%	

<sup>\*</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 68 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Valuation date: July 1, 2018

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method: Entry Age Normal

Amortization method: Level Percentage of Payroll

Remaining amortization period: 20 -year Amortization of Unfunded Liability, plus Normal Cost, less expected

**Employee Contributions** 

Asset valuation method: Market Value

Inflation:2.50%Salary increases:2.75%

Investment rate of return: 6.0% (net of administrative expense)

Retirement age: 65
Mortality: Actives

RP-2006 combined annuitant/non-annuitant mortality table with generational

future improvement from 2006 using scale MP-2018.

Full-time Actives (no longer accruing benefits)

Mortality rates are based on the most recent CalPERS mortality table developed in the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study, with generational future improvements

from 2008 using scale MP-2018.

Age	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
Male	0.04%	0.07%	0.14%	0.71%	1.50%	4.64%	14.84%
Female	0.02%	0.04%	0.09%	0.50%	1.07%	3.44%	11.27%

<sup>\*\*</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to a pension plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 82, Pension Issues - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### County Miscellaneous and Safety, Agent Multiple Employer Plan Administered Through Trusts

Measurement Period		<b>2018-19</b> (1)		<b>2017-18</b> (1)		<b>2016-17</b> (1)	
Total OPEB liability							
Service cost	\$	1,434	\$	882	\$	700	
Interest cost		4,581		3,445		3,010	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experiences		2,528		4,061		5,814	
Changes of assumptions		29,676		11,334		3,186	
Benefit payments		(3,500)		(3,262)		(2,841)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		34,719		16,460		9,869	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		68,378		51,918		42,049	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	103,097	\$	68,378	\$	51,918	
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer	\$	5,500	\$	4,262	\$	1,909	
Contributions - employee		-		-		-	
Net investment income		2,821		2,342		3,612	
Benefit payments		(3,500)		(3,262)		(2,841)	
Administrative expense		(20)		(17)		(17)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		4,801		3,325		2,663	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		40,104		36,779		34,116	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	44,905	\$	40,104	\$	36,779	
County's net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	58,192	\$	28,274	\$	15,139	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		43.6%		58.7%		70.8%	
Covered payroll (2)	\$	1,445,763	\$	1,390,971	\$	1,382,037	
County's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		4.0%		2.0%		1.1%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 75 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions: The participation rates for health plan participants were updated from 20% to 40% to reflect the more recent experience. Demographic assumptions were updated to reflect the assumptions developed in the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study. The mortality improvement was updated from scale MP-2017 to scale MP-2018. The claims table was updated to reflect most recent CalPERS monthly premiums available for 2018. Aging factors are also updated to reflect the most recent CalPERS demographic experience.

<sup>(2)</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to an OPEB plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*.

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (Continued)

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### Flood Control Miscellaneous, Agent Multiple Employer Plan Administered Through Trusts

Measurement Period		<b>018-19</b> (1)	20	<b>)17-18</b> (1)	<b>2016-17</b> (1)	
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	3	\$	4	\$	4
Interest cost		32		30		30
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experiences		37		13		19
Changes of assumptions		683		8		(2)
Benefit payments		(39)		(36)		(32)
Net change in total OPEB liability		716		19		19
Total OPEB liability - beginning		536		517		498
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	1,252	\$	536	\$	517
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	-	\$	36	\$	-
Contributions - employee		-		-		-
Net investment income		41		26		23
Benefit payments		(39)		(36)		(32)
Administrative expense		_				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2		26		(9)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		572		546		555
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	574	\$	572	\$	546
District's net OPEB (asset)/liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	678	\$	(36)	\$	(29)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB (asset)/liability		45.8%		106.7%		105.6%
Covered payroll (2)	\$	16,956	\$	17,354	\$	17,545
District's net OPEB (asset)/liability as a percentage of covered		4.0%		-0.2%		-0.2%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 75 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

Changes of assumptions: The payroll increase was updated from an assumed annual increase of 3.00% to 2.75%. This reduction reflects CalPERS reduction in the inflation assumption from 2.75% to 2.50%. The demographic assumptions (i.e., mortality rates, termination rates, retirement rates and disability rates) were updated to reflect the assumptions developed in the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study. The mortality improvement was updated from scale MP-2017 to scale MP-2018.

<sup>(2)</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to an OPEB plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*.

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (Continued)

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### Park District Miscellaneous, Agent Multiple Employer Plan Administered Through Trusts

Measurement Period	2	<b>2018-19</b> (1)	2	2017-18 (1)	<b>2016-17</b> (1)
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$	1	\$	1	\$ 3
Interest cost		10		10	8
Changes of benefit terms		-		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experiences		(43)		-	23
Changes of assumptions		118		-	(2)
Benefit payments		(8)		(11)	(8)
Net change in total OPEB liability		78		-	24
Total OPEB liability - beginning		140		140	116
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	218	\$	140	\$ 140
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$	-	\$	_	\$ -
Contributions - employee		-		_	-
Net investment income		21		26	33
Benefit payments		(8)		(11)	(8)
Administrative expense		_		_	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	13		15	 25
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		348		333	308
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	361	\$	348	\$ 333
District's net OPEB (asset)/liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(143)	\$	(208)	\$ (193)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB (asset)/liability		165.6%		248.6%	237.9%
Covered payroll (2)	\$	5,853	\$	5,683	\$ 6,201
District's net OPEB (asset)/liability as a percentage of covered		-2.4%		-3.7%	-3.1%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 75 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

Changes of assumptions: There was no change in assumptions from the prior valuation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to an OPEB plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*.

#### SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### County Miscellaneous and Safety, Agent Multiple Employer Plan Administered Through Trusts

			Contr	ibutions in					
			relat	ion to the					
	Ac	tuarially	ac	tuarially	Co	ontribution			Contributions as
	det	ermined	det	ermined	leficiency			a percentage of	
*Fiscal Year	con	tribution	con	tribution	(excess)		Cov	ered payroll	covered payroll
2017-18	\$	1,288	\$	(3,457)	\$	(2,169)	\$	1,390,971	0.2%
2018-19	\$	2,141	\$	(3,469)	\$	(1,328)	\$	1,445,763	0.2%
2019-20	\$	9,247	\$	(9,247)	\$	-	\$	1,480,160	0.6%

<sup>\*</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 75 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

#### Flood Control Miscellaneous, Agent Multiple Employer Plan Administered Through Trusts

			Cont	ributions in					
			rela	tion to the					
	(1) Act	tuarially	ac	tuarially	Co	ntribution			Contributions as
	dete	rmined	de	termined	de	eficiency			a percentage of
*Fiscal Year	contr	ribution	cor	ntribution	(excess)		Cove	red payroll	covered payroll
2017-18	\$	-	\$	(36)	\$	(36)	\$	17,354	0.2%
2018-19	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,956	0.0%
2019-20	\$	5	\$	(550)	\$	(545)	\$	17,422	3.2%

<sup>(1)</sup> No actuarially determined contribution due to assets being greater than the Present Value of Benefits.

#### Park District Miscellaneous, Agent Multiple Employer Plan Administered Through Trusts

			Contrib	outions in					
			relatio	on to the					
	(1) Act	uarially	actu	arially	Contrib	ution			Contributions as
	deter	mined	dete	rmined	deficie	ency			a percentage of
*Fiscal Year	contri	ibution	contribution		(excess)		Cover	ed payroll	covered payroll
					(5.25.5	22)		1 /	TO TOTAL PROJECT
2017-18	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,683	0.0%
2017-18 2018-19	\$ \$		\$ \$	-	\$ \$		\$ \$		
	\$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$	-	\$	5,683	0.0%

<sup>(1)</sup> No actuarially determined contribution due to assets being greater than the Present Value of Benefits.

<sup>\*</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 75 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

<sup>\*</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 75 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

#### **SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS (Continued)**

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The actuarial valuation for Park District Miscellaneous plan is every two years and the actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

	County Miscellaneous	Flood Control	Park District
	and Safety	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age	Entry Age	Entry Age
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization period	20 Years as of the	20 Years as of the	20 Years as of the
Amortization period	Valuation Date	Valuation Date	Valuation Date
Asset valuation method	5 Year Asset Smoothing	5 Year Asset Smoothing	5 Year Asset Smoothing
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Investment rate of return	7.01%	6.22%	7.59%

The retirement rates were developed in the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study and the mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 headcount-weighted tables for general employees of all income levels, with generational future improvement scale MP-2019.

The healthcare cost trend rate for the Pre Medicare Plan was 6.99 percent, decreasing 0.34 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent for 2020 and later years. The healthcare cost trend rate for the Post Medicare Plan was 8.22 percent, decreasing 0.51 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent for 2020 and later years

### Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

Waste Resources Miscellaneous, Agent Multiple Employer Plan Not Administered Through Trusts

Measurement Period		<b>2018-19</b> (1)	<b>2017-18</b> (1)			<b>2016-17</b> (1)		
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	2	\$	2	\$	4		
Interest cost		21		22		25		
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		=		
Differences between expected and actual experiences		64		(19)		(183)		
Changes of assumptions		835		-		(81)		
Benefit payments		(40)		(37)		(40)		
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	882		(32)		(275)		
Total OPEB liability - beginning		598		630		905		
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	1,480	\$	598	\$	630		
Covered payroll (2)	\$	1,615	\$	1,816	\$	1,931		
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		91.6%		32.9%		32.6%		

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 75 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

As of July 1, 2018, the discount rate was changed from 3.58 percent to 3.87 percent. All other information is based on the census data, actuarial assumptions, and plan provisions used in the most recent actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017.

#### SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### Waste Resources Miscellaneous, Agent Multiple Employer Plan Not Administered Through Trusts

			Contrib	outions in					
			relatio	on to the					
	(1) Actu	ıarially	actu	ıarially	Contri	bution			Contributions as
	deterr	nined	dete	rmined	ned deficiency				a percentage of
			contribution						
*Fiscal Year	contril	oution	cont	ribution	(exc	ess)	Cover	ed payroll	covered payroll
*Fiscal Year 2017-18	s contrib	oution -	\$	ribution -	(exc	ess) -	Cover \$	ed payroll 1,816	covered payroll 0.0%
					(exc \$ \$	,	Cover \$ \$	1 2	

<sup>(1)</sup> The Schedule of Plan Contributions is not required. The funding is not based on actuarially determined contributions and contributions are neither statutorily nor contractually established.

<sup>(2)</sup> Covered payroll represents compensation on which contributions to an OPEB plan are based in accordance with GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*.

<sup>\*</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB Statement No. 75 is applicable. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the information will be presented for those years for which information is available.

#### **SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS (Continued)**

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

**Notes to Schedule:** The actuarial valuation is every two years. The total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018 and determined by the most recent actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, based on the following methods and assumptions:

	Waste Resources
	Miscellaneous
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll
A	20 Years as of the
Amortization period	Valuation Date
Asset valuation method	5 Year Asset Smoothing
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.75%
Investment rate of return	3.51%

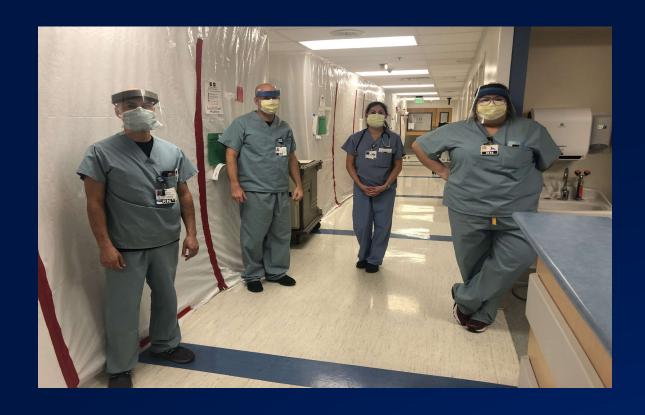
The retirement rates were developed in the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study and the mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 headcount-weighted tables for general employees of all income levels, with generational future improvement scale MP-2019.

The healthcare cost trend rate for the Pre Medicare Plan was 6.99 percent, decreasing 0.34 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent for 2020 and later years. The healthcare cost trend rate for the Post Medicare Plan was 8.22 percent, decreasing 0.51 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent for 2020 and later years



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# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND BUDGETARY SCHEDULES





Budgetary Comparison Schedule Teeter Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	B	udgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
	Orig	inal		Final	Amounts		r(Under)	
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property:								
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 244	\$	244	
Other revenue		3,264		232	-		(232)	
Total revenues		3,264		232	244		12	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		36		-	-		-	
Debt service:								
Interest		2,968		2,968	2,968		-	
Cost of issuance		260		305	305		-	
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-	
Total expenditures		3,264		3,273	3,273		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures				(3,041)	(3,029)		12	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		3,032	3,032		-	
Transfers out		-		(3)	(3)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		3,029	3,029		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(12)	-		12	
Fund balance, beginning of year		-		-	-		-	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	(12)	\$ -	\$	12	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Pension Obligation Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
	(	Original		Final	1	Amounts		r(Under)	
REVENUES:									
Use of money and property:									
Investment earnings	\$	150	\$	150	\$	1,328	\$	1,178	
Charges for services		40,436		3,488		4,563		1,075	
Total revenues		40,586		3,638		5,891		2,253	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government		3,501		49,755		46,379		(3,376)	
Public protection		-		517,386		517,386		-	
Public ways and facilities		=		11,048		11,048		-	
Health and sanitation		=		63,376		63,376		-	
Public assistance		=		76,515		76,515		=	
Education		=		350		350		=	
Recreation and cultural services		=		927		927		=	
Debt service:									
Principal		25,020		25,020		25,020		-	
Interest		12,065		12,065		12,065		-	
Cost of issuance				4,139		3,882		(257)	
Total expenditures		40,586		760,581		756,948		(3,633)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures				(756,943)		(751,057)		5,886	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		-		36,948		36,948		_	
Issuance of refunding bonds				719,995		719,995		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		756,943		756,943		=	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		5,886		5,886	
Fund balance, beginning of year						7,101		<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,987	\$	5,886	

## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS





Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

(Dollars in Thousands)

	,	Special Revenue Funds	9	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Pe	ermanent Fund	Total	
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:									
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	205,251	\$	2	\$ 188,146	\$	1,015	\$	394,414
Accounts receivable		1,032		-	-		-		1,032
Interest receivable		173		12	298		2		485
Taxes receivable		1,904		-	-		-		1,904
Due from other governments		11,481		-	1,368		-		12,849
Due from other funds		949		-	280		-		1,229
Prepaid items and deposits		5,001		-	366		-		5,367
Restricted cash and investments		-		27,047	7,669		-		34,716
Total assets		225,791		27,061	198,127		1,017		451,996
Deferred outflows of resources		-			 -		-		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	225,791	\$	27,061	\$ 198,127	\$	1,017	\$	451,996
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	19,133	\$	840	\$ 14,403	\$	_	\$	34,376
Salaries and benefits payable		5,284		_	181		_		5,465
Due to other governments		100		_	_		_		100
Due to other funds		896		_	1,032		_		1,928
Deposits payable		519		_	-		_		519
Advances from grantors and third parties		16,925		_	1,242		_		18,167
Advance from other funds		-		_	1,000		_		1,000
Total liabilities		42,857		840	17,858		-		61,555
Deferred inflows of resources		6		_	-				6
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable		5,056		-	-		1,017		6,073
Restricted		131,481		26,221	151,184		-		308,886
Committed		6,863		-	9,358		-		16,221
Assigned		39,528		-	19,727		-		59,255
Total fund balances		182,928		26,221	180,269		1,017		390,435
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	225,791	\$	27,061	\$ 198,127	\$	1,017	\$	451,996

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Permanent Fund	Total
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$ 78,841	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 78,841
Licenses, permits and franchise fees	899	-	-	-	899
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	745	-	-	-	745
Use of money and property:					
Investment earnings	1,695	425	2,722	16	4,858
Rents and concessions	8,904	3,518	379	-	12,801
Aid from other governmental agencies:	< <b>-</b> 000				. <b>.</b>
Federal	65,930	-	-	-	65,930
State	8,555	-	717	-	9,272
Other	24,106	-	34,618	-	58,724
Charges for services	36,840	-	31,614	122	68,576
Other revenue	8,873	11,817	2,450		23,140
Total revenues	235,388	15,760	72,500	138	323,786
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	31,192	5,462	59,347	-	96,001
Public protection	13,282	-	-	-	13,282
Public ways and facilities	19,770	-	256	-	20,026
Health and sanitation	2,475	-	-	-	2,475
Public assistance	65,750	-	-	-	65,750
Education	23,767	-	-	-	23,767
Recreation and cultural services	14,804	-	2,698	-	17,502
Debt service:					
Principal	-	48,128	-	-	48,128
Interest	-	34,475	34	-	34,509
Cost of issuance	-	296	-	-	296
Capital outlay	-		16,698		16,698
Total expenditures	171,040	88,361	79,033		338,434
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	64,348	(72,601)	(6,533)	138	(14,648)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	102,693	81,883	49,907	-	234,483
Transfers out	(100,574)	(12,084)	(53,330)	-	(165,988)
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	12,875		-	12,875
Redemption of bonds		(12,559)			(12,559)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,119	70,115	(3,423)		68,811
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	66,467	(2,486)	(9,956)	138	54,163
Fund balances, beginning of year,					
as previously reported	109,375	28,707	185,508	879	324,469
Adjustments to beginning fund balances	7,086		4,717		11,803
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	116,461	28,707	190,225	879	336,272
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 182,928	\$ 26,221	\$ 180,269	\$ 1,017	\$ 390,435

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS





#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

These funds were established for the purpose of accounting for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted in expenditures for the specified purposes.

#### **COMMUNITY SERVICES**

This fund provides financing for public services. Public services provided by this fund group are: Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Community Services Grant, Economic Development Agency (EDA) Administration, Community Action Partnership, Job Training Partnership, Office on Aging, USEDA (United States Economic Development Administration) Grant, County Free Library, Structural Fire Protection, Homeless Housing Relief, Home Program, EDA U.S. Department of Agriculture Rural Development, Workforce Development, Healthy Kids, and Bio-terrorism Preparedness. The primary source of revenue for this fund is from State/Federal Grants.

#### **COUNTY SERVICE AREAS**

This county service areas fund was established to provide authorized services such as road, park, lighting maintenance, fire protection, or water to specified areas in the County. They are financed by ad valorem property taxes in the area benefited, or by special assessments levied on specific properties.

#### REGIONAL PARK AND OPEN-SPACE

The Regional Park and Open-Space District is a special district established to provide legal authority and expanded opportunity for open space acquisition and management and transferred regional park responsibility from the County to the Regional Park and Open-Space District.

#### **AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT**

This fund accounts for Riverside County's portion of State of California motor vehicle fees restricted for the use of reducing air pollution.

#### IN-HOME SUPPORT SERVICES (IHSS)

The goal of the IHSS program is to enable elderly and/or disabled persons to remain safely in independent living as long as possible. This in-home assistance is designed to allow persons to remain in their home rather than be placed in an institutional setting. IHSS receives revenue for the following services: meal preparation and clean-up, food shopping, bathing, dressing, personal care, domestic services (cleaning), and assistance with medications.

#### PERRIS VALLEY CEMETERY DISTRICT

The Perris Valley Cemetery District is a public cemetery district operating under the provisions of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California. The Perris Valley Cemetery District was created in July 1927 for the purpose operating a public cemetery for the residents of the Perris Valley.

#### OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE

This fund provides financing to make services available to the public and governmental agencies. At the current time, the other special revenue fund accounts for the following services: Rideshare, Assessment District Community Facility District Administration, Aviation, Ladera Irrigation, National Date Festival, Cal-ID, Special Aviation, Supervisorial Road Districts, Multi-Species Habitat Conservation Agency, Riverside U.S. Grazing Fees, Mitigation Project Operations, Airport Land Use Commission, Proposition 10, and DNA Identification.

Combining Balance Sheet Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	ommunity Services	County Service Areas	P	egional ark and en-Space	Air Quality rovement
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF					
RESOURCES:					
Assets:					004
Cash and investments	\$ 123,826	\$ 29,702	\$	11,003	\$ 804
Accounts receivable	806	-		50	<del>-</del>
Interest receivable	48	53		17	1
Taxes receivable	1,422	333		127	-
Due from other governments	7,978	-		236	125
Due from other funds	140	-		19	-
Prepaid items and deposits	5,001	-		-	_
Total assets	139,221	30,088		11,452	930
Deferred outflows of resources	-	 _		_	 
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 139,221	\$ 30,088	\$	11,452	\$ 930
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 6,688	\$ 470	\$	359	\$ -
Salaries and benefits payable	1,740	220		491	-
Due to other governments	78	_		5	13
Due to other funds	186	_		_	_
Deposits payable	-	63		_	=
Advances from grantors and third parties	16,352	-		553	=
Total liabilities	25,044	753		1,408	13
Deferred inflows of resources	-	-		-	
Fund balances (Note 16):					
Nonspendable	5,033	1		10	-
Restricted	72,193	29,328		4,601	917
Committed	190	-		5,433	_
Assigned	36,761	6		-	_
Total fund balances	 114,177	29,335		10,044	917
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,	 	<u> </u>			
and fund balances	\$ 139,221	\$ 30,088	\$	11,452	\$ 930

S	-Home upport ervices	V Ce	Perris Valley emetery District		Other Special Revenue		Total	
								ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF
								RESOURCES:
¢.	607	Ф	1 221	Ф	27.000	Φ	205 251	Assets:
\$	697	\$	1,231	\$	37,988	\$	205,251	Cash and investments
	-		-		176		1,032	Accounts receivable
	-		2		52		173	Interest receivable
	-		6		16		1,904	Taxes receivable
	614		-		2,528		11,481	Due from other governments
	-		-		790		949	Due from other funds
	-		-		-		5,001	Prepaid items and deposits
	1,311		1,239		41,550		225,791	Total assets
					-		-	Deferred outflows of resources
\$	1,311	\$	1,239	\$	41,550	\$	225,791	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources
								LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS
								OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES:
								Liabilities:
\$	4	\$	19	\$	11,593	\$	19,133	Accounts payable
	291		_		2,542		5,284	Salaries and benefits payable
	-		-		4		100	Due to other governments
	-		-		710		896	Due to other funds
	-		456		-		519	Deposits payable
	-		-		20		16,925	Advances from grantors and third parties
	295		475		14,869		42,857	Total liabilities
	_		6		-		6	Deferred inflows of resources
								Fund balances (Note 16):
	-		-		12		5,056	Nonspendable
	1,016		758		22,668		131,481	Restricted
	-		-		1,240		6,863	Committed
	-		-		2,761		39,528	Assigned
	1,016		758		26,681		182,928	Total fund balances
								Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,
\$	1,311	\$	1,239	\$	41,550	\$	225,791	and fund balances

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Special Revenue Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	ommunity Services	County Service Areas	Pa	egional ark and en-Space	Air quality covement
REVENUES:					
Taxes	\$ 70,386	\$ 1,046	\$	6,371	\$ -
Licenses, permits, and franchise fees	-	-		-	-
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	132	-		-	91
Use of money and property:					
Investment earnings	625	431		149	11
Rents and concessions	915	-		1,330	-
Aid from other governmental agencies:					
Federal	60,803	-		-	-
State	5,396	9		128	505
Other	21,279	227		583	-
Charges for services	1,115	16,517		5,440	-
Other revenue	 3,638	30		308	-
Total revenues	 164,289	18,260		14,309	607
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	22,932	-		-	131
Public protection	1,985	195		626	-
Public ways and facilities	5	8,316		=	-
Health and sanitation	1,523	952		-	-
Public assistance	60,414	=		=	-
Education	23,767	-		-	-
Recreation and cultural services	 -	861		13,943	-
Total expenditures	110,626	10,324		14,569	131
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		_			
over (under) expenditures	 53,663	7,936		(260)	 476
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	93,643	4,006		1,170	-
Transfers out	 (85,584)	(7,476)		(1,111)	(107)
Total other financing sources (uses)	8,059	(3,470)		59	(107)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	61,722	4,466		(201)	369
Fund balances, beginning of year, as previously reported Adjustments to beginning fund balances	 52,455	24,869		10,245	 548
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	52,455	24,869		10,245	548
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 114,177	\$ 29,335	\$	10,044	\$ 917

In-Home Support Services	Perris Valley Cemetery District	Other Special Revenue	Total	
				REVENUES:
\$ -	\$ 292	\$ 746	\$ 78,841	Taxes
-	-	899	899	Licenses, permits, and franchise fees
-	=	522	745	Fines, forfeitures, and penalties
				Use of money and property:
-	19	460	1,695	Investment earnings
-	=	6,659	8,904	Rents and concessions
				Aid from other governmental agencies:
1,852	-	3,275	65,930	Federal
2,279	3	235	8,555	State
-	26	1,991	24,106	Other
-	419	13,349	36,840	Charges for services
		4,897	8,873	Other revenue
 4,131	759	33,033	235,388	Total revenues
				EXPENDITURES:
				Current:
-	-	8,129	31,192	General government
-	188	10,288	13,282	Public protection
-	-	11,449	19,770	Public ways and facilities
-	-	-	2,475	Health and sanitation
5,336	-	=	65,750	Public assistance
=	-	=	23,767	Education
 			14,804	Recreation and cultural services
5,336	188	29,866	171,040	Total expenditures
				Excess (deficiency) of revenues
 (1,205)	571	3,167	 64,348	over (under) expenditures
				OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):
963	1	2,910	102,693	Transfers in
(283)	(394)	(5,619)	(100,574)	Transfers out
680	(393)	(2,709)	2,119	Total other financing sources (uses)
(525)	178	458	66,467	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES
				Fund balances, beginning of year,
1,541	580	19,137	109,375	as previously reported
_		7,086	7,086	Adjustments to beginning fund balances
1,541	580	26,223	116,461	Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated
\$ 1,016	\$ 758	\$ 26,681	\$ 182,928	FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Services Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts           Original         Final           \$ 65,823         \$ 65,895           334         334           64         64           425         511           79,365         57,362           4,374         8,126           23,343         23,343           11,078         2,951           13,916         5,621           198,722         164,207           18,473         65,474           73,187         5,728           289         288           2,000         2,755           84,268         84,051				Actual	iance with al Budget	
	C	riginal		Final	A	Amounts	er(Under)
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	65,823	\$	65,895	\$	70,386	\$ 4,491
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		334		334		132	(202)
Use of money and property:							
Investment earnings		64		64		625	561
Rents and concessions		425		511		915	404
Aid from other governmental agencies:							
Federal		79,365		57,362		60,803	3,441
State		4,374		8,126		5,396	(2,730)
Other		23,343		23,343		21,279	(2,064)
Charges for services		11,078		2,951		1,115	(1,836)
Other revenue						3,638	(1,983)
Total revenues		198,722		164,207		164,289	82
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:		10.472		65.454		22.022	(40.540)
General government		-				22,932	(42,542)
Public protection						1,985	(3,743)
Public ways and facilities						5	(283)
Health and sanitation		-		-		1,523	(1,232)
Public assistance		-		-		60,414	(23,637)
Education		32,835		31,137		23,767	(7,370)
Total expenditures		211,052		189,433		110,626	 (78,807)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(12,330)		(25,226)		53,663	78,889
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		-		93,643		93,643	-
Transfers out		<u>-</u>		(85,584)		(85,584)	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)				8,059		8,059	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(12,330)		(17,167)		61,722	 78,889
Fund balance, beginning of year		52,455		52,455		52,455	 
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	40,125	\$	35,288	\$	114,177	\$ 78,889

Budgetary Comparison Schedule County Service Areas Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

			Amo	ounts	Actual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	 Amounts		al Budget r(Under)
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	1,401	\$	1,397	\$ 1,046	\$	(351)
Use of money and property:							
Investment earnings		225		220	431		211
Rents and concessions		1		1	-		(1)
Aid from other governmental agencies:							
State		9		9	9		-
Other		196		196	227		31
Charges for services		18,072		14,262	16,517		2,255
Other revenue		91		71	30		(41)
Total revenues		19,995		16,156	18,260		2,104
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public protection		929		801	195		(606)
Public ways and facilities		18,666		12,158	8,316		(3,842)
Health and sanitation		1,233		1,233	952		(281)
Recreation and cultural services		2,141		1,505	861		(644)
Total expenditures		22,969		15,697	10,324		(5,373)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(2,974)		459	 7,936		7,477
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		=		4,006	4,006		=
Transfers out		=.		(7,476)	(7,476)		=
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		(3,470)	(3,470)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(2,974)		(3,011)	4,466		7,477
Fund balance, beginning of year				24,869	24,869		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	21,895	\$	21,858	\$ 29,335	\$	7,477

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Regional Park and Open-Space Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	C	Priginal		Final	Amounts		er(Under)
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	5,598	\$	5,598	\$ 6,371	\$	773
Use of money and property:							
Investment earnings		183		183	149		(34)
Rents and concessions		1,849		1,474	1,330		(144)
Aid from other governmental agencies:							
State		239		634	128		(506)
Other		816		816	583		(233)
Charges for services		6,561		5,867	5,440		(427)
Other revenue		1,007		46	308		262
Total revenues		16,253		14,618	14,309		(309)
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public protection		768		1,141	626		(515)
Recreation and cultural services		16,363		16,378	13,943		(2,435)
Total expenditures		17,131		17,519	14,569		(2,950)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(878)		(2,901)	(260)		2,641
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		-		1,170	1,170		-
Transfers out		-		(1,111)	(1,111)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		59	59		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(878)		(2,842)	(201)		2,641
Fund balance, beginning of year		10,245		10,245	10,245		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	9,367	\$	7,403	\$ 10,044	\$	2,641

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Air Quality Improvement Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual	nce with l Budget
	Oı	riginal		Final	Amounts	(Under)
REVENUES:						
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	125	\$	125	\$ 91	\$ (34)
Use of money and property:						
Investment earnings		2		2	11	9
Aid from other governmental agencies:						
State		477		477	505	 28
Total revenues		604		604	607	3
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		603		496	131	(365)
Total expenditures		603		496	131	(365)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		1		108	476	368
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out		_		(107)	(107)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(107)	(107)	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1		1	369	368
Fund balance, beginning of year		548		548	548	_
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	549	\$	549	\$ 917	\$ 368

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule In-Home Support Services Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Original  \$ 2,799 2,408 1,087 6,294  6,837 6,837 (543)			ounts		Actual	Varia	ance with
	\$ 2,799 \$ 2,408			Final	A	amounts	Final Budget Over(Under)	
REVENUES:								
Aid from other governmental agencies:								
Federal	\$	-	\$	2,799	\$	1,852	\$	(947)
State		2,408		2,408		2,279		(129)
Charges for services		1,087		124		-		(124)
Total revenues		6,294		5,331		4,131		(1,200)
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Public assistance		6,837		6,554		5,336		(1,218)
Total expenditures				6,554		5,336		(1,218)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(543)		(1,223)		(1,205)		18
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		963		963		-
Transfers out		-		(283)		(283)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		680		680		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(543)		(543)		(525)		18
Fund balance, beginning of year				1,541		1,541		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	_\$	998	\$	998	\$	1,016	\$	18

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Perris Valley Cemetery District Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual		Variance with Final Budge	
	Or	iginal		Final	Amo	unts		(Under)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	277	\$	277	\$	292	\$	15
Use of money and property:								
Investment earnings		5		5		19		14
Aid from other governmental agencies:								
State		3		3		3		-
Other		26		26		26		-
Charges for services		283		282		419		137
Total revenues		594		593		759		166
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public protection		680		286		188		(98)
Total expenditures		680		286		188		(98)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(86)		307		571		264
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		1		1		-
Transfers out		-		(394)		(394)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		(393)		(393)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(86)		(86)		178		264
Fund balance, beginning of year		580		580		580		_
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	494	\$	494	\$	758	\$	264

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Other Special Revenue Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
	О	riginal		Final		Amounts		er(Under)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	695	\$	695	\$	746	\$	51
Licenses, permits, and franchise fees		774		774		899		125
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		3		406		522		116
Use of money and property:								
Investment earnings		133		385		460		75
Rents and concessions		6,468		6,468		6,659		191
Aid from other governmental agencies:								
Federal		5,232		5,232		3,275		(1,957)
State		89		89		235		146
Other		1,807		2,029		1,991		(38)
Charges for services		13,814		13,658		13,349		(309)
Other revenue		2,193		5,638		4,897		(741)
Total revenues		31,208		35,374		33,033		(2,341)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		10,006		9,690		8,129		(1,561)
Public protection		5,662		10,668		10,288		(380)
Public ways and facilities		16,219		13,952		11,449		(2,503)
Total expenditures		31,887		34,309		29,866		(4,443)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(679)		1,065		3,167		2,102
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		2,910		2,910		-
Transfers out		=		(5,619)		(5,619)		=
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(2,709)		(2,709)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(679)		(1,644)		458		2,102
Fund balance, beginning of year, as								
previously reported		19,137		19,137		19,137		-
Adjustments to beginning fund balance		-		-		7,086		7,086
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated		19,137		19,137		26,223		7,086
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	18,458	\$	17,493	\$	26,681	\$	9,188

# DEBT SERVICE FUNDS





#### DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

These funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources and payment of long-term debt principal and interest.

#### **COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE ASSET LEASING CORPORATION (CORAL)**

CORAL is a non-profit public benefit corporation established to assist the County of Riverside by acquiring equipment and facilities financed from the proceeds of borrowing and leasing such equipment and facilities to the County.

### <u>COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE DISTRICT COURT FINANCING CORPORATION (DISTRICT COURT FINANCING CORPORATION)</u>

The District Court Financing Corporation is a non-profit public benefit corporation established to assist the County of Riverside in the acquisition, construction, and development of a United States District Courthouse, financed from the proceeds of the sale of certificates of participation.

#### **INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCING AUTHORITY**

The Infrastructure Financing Authority is a joint exercise of powers authority, duly organized and existing under and pursuant to that certain Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement by and between the County of Riverside and the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District. The authority is authorized and empowered to issue bonds for the purpose of financing and refinancing public capital improvements of the County.

#### INLAND EMPIRE TOBACCO SECURITIZATION AUTHORITY

The Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority was established to assist the County of Riverside in the construction of certain capital projects, financed from the proceeds of the tobacco settlement revenues.

#### PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY

The Public Financing Authority was formed for the purpose of assisting in financing public improvements of the County, the Riverside County Redevelopment Successor Agency and other local agencies.

#### FLOOD CONTROL

The Flood Control debt service fund was established to service the debt incurred by Zone 4 for the construction of Zone 4 flood control facilities. The fund receives transfers from Zone 4 revenues to pay principal and interest on promissory notes.

Combining Balance Sheet
Debt Service Funds
June 30, 2020
(Dollars in Thousands)

			Di	istrict		
			C	Court	Infras	ructure
			Fin	ancing	Fina	ncing
	(	CORAL	Corp	oration	Aut	nority
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES:						
Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-
Interest receivable		11		-		-
Restricted cash and investments		12,108		840		158
Total assets		12,119		840	-	158
Deferred outflows of resources		-		-		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	12,119	\$	840		158
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	840	\$	_
Total liabilities		-		840		-
Deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-
Fund balances (Note 16):						
Restricted		12,119		-		158
Total fund balances		12,119		-		158
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,						
and fund balances	\$	12,119	\$	840	\$	158

Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority		Public Financing Authority		Flood Control		Total		
								ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:
								Assets:
\$	-	\$	-	\$	2	\$	2	Cash and investments
	-		-		-		-	Accounts receivable
	1		-		-		12	Interest receivable
	12,541		1,400		-		27,047	Restricted cash and investments
	12,542		1,400		2		27,061	Total assets
			-		-		-	Deferred outflows of resources
\$	12,542	\$	1,400	\$	2	\$	27,061	Total assets and deferred outflows of resources
								LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS
								OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES:
								Liabilities:
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	840	Accounts payable
	-		-		-		840	Total liabilities
			-		-		-	Deferred inflows of resources
								Fund balances (Note 16):
	12,542		1,400		2		26,221	Restricted
	12,542		1,400		2		26,221	Total fund balances
								Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,
\$	12,542	\$	1,400	\$	2	\$	27,061	and fund balances

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Debt Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

(Dollars in Thousands)

	District				
			Court		astructure
			nancing		inancing
	 CORAL	Cor	poration	A	uthority
REVENUES:					
Use of money and property:					
Investment earnings	\$ 219	\$	22	\$	7
Rents and concessions	2,109		1,409		-
Other revenue	 281				
Total revenues	2,609		1,431		7
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	3,810		1,173		-
Debt service:					
Principal	23,145		1,228		6,820
Interest	7,760		96		6,763
Cost of issuance	 296				-
Total expenditures	35,011		2,497		13,583
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(32,402)		(1,066)		(13,576)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	31,188		-		13,575
Transfers out	-		-		-
Issuance of refunding bonds	12,875		-		-
Redemption of bonds	 (12,559)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	31,504		_		13,575
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(898)		(1,066)		(1)
Fund balances, beginning of year	 13,017		1,066		159
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 12,119	\$		\$	158

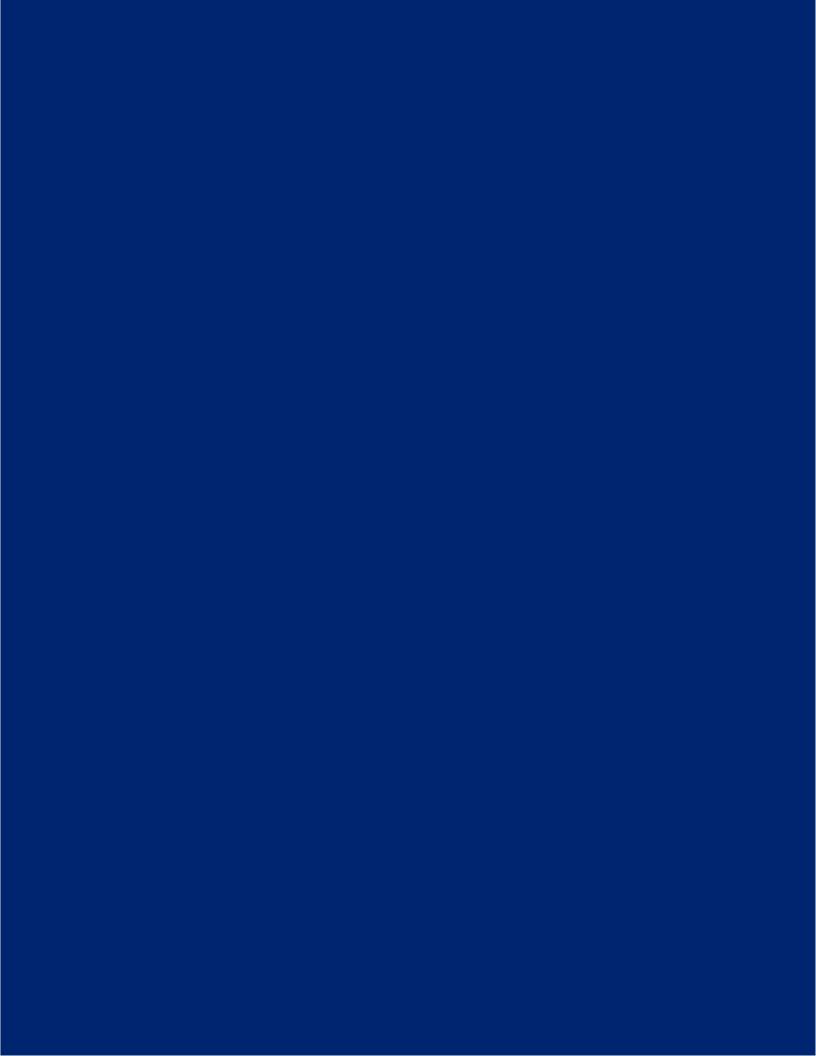
Inland Empire Tobacco Securitization Authority		Public Financing Authority		Flood Control		Total					
								REVENUES:			
								Use of money and property:			
\$	151	\$	25	\$	1	\$	425	Investment earnings			
	-		-		-		3,518	Rents and concessions			
11,536						11,817		Other revenue			
11,687			25 1			15,760	Total revenues				
								EXPENDITURES:			
								Current:			
479		-			-		5,462	General government			
								Debt service:			
8,030			6,745	45 2,160		48,128		Principal			
3,686			15,499	671		34,475		Interest			
					-		296	Cost of issuance			
	12,195		22,244		2,831		88,361	Total expenditures			
								Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
	(508)		(22,219)		(2,830)		(72,601)	over (under) expenditures			
								OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
	12,084		22,205		2,831		81,883	Transfers in			
	(12,084)		-			(12,084)		Transfers out			
-					12,875		Issuance of refunding bonds				
-		-		-		(12,559)		Redemption of bonds			
	-	- 22,205 2,831		70,115	Total other financing sources (uses)						
	(508)		(14)		1		(2,486)	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES			
	13,050		1,414		1		28,707	Fund balances, beginning of year			
\$	12,542	\$	1,400	\$	2	\$	26,221	FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR			



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### CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS





#### CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by Proprietary Fund Types.

#### PUBLIC SAFETY ENTERPRISE COMMUNICATION (PSEC)

The Public Safety Enterprise Communication fund is a multi-agency undertaking to address the County of Riverside 800 MHz public safety radio coverage and operational problems. The multi-year project will result in either a massive upgrade or a complete replacement of the existing radio system.

#### **COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE ASSET LEASING CORPORATION (CORAL)**

CORAL is a non-profit public benefit corporation established to assist the County of Riverside by acquiring equipment and facilities financed from the proceeds of borrowing and leasing such equipment and facilities to the County.

#### FLOOD CONTROL

This fund is used to finance the construction of flood control channels and projects. Revenues are obtained from property taxes, special assessments, and proceeds of tax allocation bonds.

#### REGIONAL PARK AND OPEN-SPACE

The Regional Park and Open-Space District is a special district established to provide legal authority and expanded opportunity for open space acquisition and management. The Regional Park and Open-Space District's creation allowed for the transfer of regional park responsibility from the County to the District.

#### COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE ENTERPRISE SOLUTIONS FOR PROPERTY TAXATION (CREST)

The Assessor, Auditor-Controller, and Tax Collector teamed up to collectively develop a new integrated property tax management system. The project begins with a business process re-engineering phase that documents the integrated roles of the three departments. This phase identifies the current system's capabilities, strengths, and weaknesses. A second phase of the project builds on this re-engineering initiative to implement a replacement property tax system based on new technology.

#### **PUBLIC FACILITIES IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS**

The Public Facilities Improvement Capital Projects Fund was established to account for capital acquisitions and/or improvements.

#### PUBLIC FINANCING AUTHORITY

The Public Financing Authority was formed for the purpose of assisting in acquiring equipment and facilities for public improvements of the County, the Riverside County Redevelopment Successor Agency and other local agencies.

#### **INFRASTRUCTURE FINANCING AUTHORITY**

The Infrastructure Financing Authority is a joint exercise of powers authority, duly organized and existing under and pursuant to that certain Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement by and between the County of Riverside and the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District. The authority is formed for the purpose of assisting in acquiring equipment and facilities for public capital improvements of the County.

Combining Balance Sheet Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	PS)	EC.	CORAL		Flood Control		Pa	egional ark and en-Space
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		<u> </u>		DKAL		ntroi	Оре	en-space
Assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19	\$	2,818
Interest receivable		-		-		-		6
Due from other governments		-		-		-		1,368
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items and deposits		-		-		-		366
Restricted cash and investments				246		- 10		4.550
Total assets				246		19		4,558
Deferred outflows of resources						-		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$		\$	246	\$	19	\$	4,558
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	:							
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	169
Salaries and benefits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		19
Advances from grantors and third parties		-		-		-		-
Advances from other funds								<del>-</del>
Total liabilities								188
Deferred inflows of resources								-
Fund balances (Note 16):								
Restricted		-		246		19		4,370
Committed		_		-		-		-
Assigned				_				
Total fund balances				246		19		4,370
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$		\$	246	\$	19	\$	4,558

	REST	I Im	Public Facilities provement ital Projects	Fin	ublic ancing thority	Fi	astructure nancing uthority		Total	
										ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS
										OF RESOURCES:
\$	7,789	\$	177,520	\$		¢.		¢.	188,146	Assets: Cash and investments
Ф	7,789	Ф	252	Ф	1	\$	32	Ф	298	Interest receivable
	/		232		1		32		1,368	Due from other governments
	280		-		-		-		280	Due from other funds
	280		-		-		-		366	Prepaid items and deposits
	-		=		424		6,999		7,669	Restricted cash and investments
	8,076		177,772		425		7,031		198,127	Total assets
	8,070	-	1//,//2		423		7,031			-
	-				_				-	Deferred outflows of resources
Φ.	0.076	Ф	1.77.770	Φ	40.5	Φ	7.021	Φ	100 107	Total assets and deferred outflows of
\$	8,076	\$	177,772	\$	425	\$	7,031	<u>\$</u>	198,127	resources =
										LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES
										Liabilities:
\$	4,972	\$	9,262	\$	_	\$	_	\$	14,403	Accounts payable
	181		-		-		_		181	Salaries and benefits payable
	1,013		-		-		_		1,032	Due to other funds
	-		1,242		_		_		1,242	Advances from grantors and third parties
	-		1,000		_		-		1,000	Advances from other funds
	6,166		11,504		-		-		17,858	Total liabilities
	-				-				-	Deferred inflows of resources
										Fund balances (Note 16):
	-		139,093		425		7,031		151,184	Restricted
	-		9,358		-		-		9,358	Committed
	1,910		17,817						19,727	Assigned
	1,910		166,268		425		7,031		180,269	Total fund balances
										Total liabilities, deferred inflows of
\$	8,076	\$	177,772	\$	425	\$	7,031	\$	198,127	resources, and fund balances

#### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Capital Projects Funds

### For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	DC	TEC.	COD	A T	Flood Control		Pa	egional ork and
REVENUES:	PS	SEC	COR	AL_	Coi	ntrol	Ope	n-Space
Use of money and property:								
Investment earnings	\$	_	\$	4	\$	_	\$	41
Rents and concessions		-		-		-		-
Aid from other governmental agencies:								
State		-		-		-		717
Other		-		-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Other revenue		-		-		-		852
Total revenues		-		4		_		1,610
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		19		-		-		-
Public ways and facilities		-		-		-		-
Recreation and cultural services		-		-		-		2,698
Debt service:								
Interest		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay								-
Total expenditures		19						2,698
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		(10)						(1.000)
over (under) expenditures		(19)		4				(1,088)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		708
Transfers out		(443)						(180)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(443)						528
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(462)		4		-		(560)
Fund balances, beginning of year,								
as previously reported		462		242		19		4,930
Adjustments to beginning fund balances		_				_		
Fund balances, beginning of year		462		242		19		4,930
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$		\$	246	\$	19	\$	4,370

(	CREST	Public Facilities Improvement Capital Projects	Public Financing Authority	Infrastructure Financing Authority	Total	_
						REVENUES:
						Use of money and property:
\$	89	\$ 2,241	\$ 123	\$ 224	\$ 2,722	Investment earnings
	-	379	=	-	379	Rents and concessions
						Aid from other governmental agencies:
	-	-	-	-	717	State
	-	34,618	-	-	34,618	Other
	2,073	29,541	-	-	31,614	Charges for services
	-	1,598	-		2,450	Other revenue
	2,162	68,377	123	224	72,500	Total revenues
						EXPENDITURES:
						Current:
	-	59,328	-	-	59,347	General government
	-	256	-	-	256	Public ways and facilities
	-	-	-	-	2,698	Recreation and cultural services
						Debt service:
	-	34	-	-	34	
	11,631		516	4,551	16,698	Capital outlay
	11,631	59,618	516	4,551	79,033	<b>_</b>
						Excess (deficiency) of revenues
	(9,469)	8,759	(393)	(4,327)	(6,533)	over (under) expenditures
						OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):
	10,000	39,199	-	-	49,907	Transfers in
	(1,484)	(51,223)	-	-	(53,330)	) Transfers out
	8,516	(12,024)	-	-	(3,423)	Total other financing sources (uses)
	(953)	(3,265)	(393)	(4,327)	(9,956)	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES
						Fund balances, beginning of year,
	2,863	164,816	818	11,358	185,508	as previously reported
		4,717			4,717	Adjustments to beginning fund balances
	2,863	169,533	818	11,358	190,225	_
\$	1,910	\$ 166,268	\$ 425	\$ 7,031	\$ 180,269	FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR

Budgetary Comparison Schedule PSEC Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Budgeted	Amou	nts	Actual	Variance with	
Oı	riginal	F	inal	Amounts	Final Budget Over(Under)	
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
	-		19	19	-	
	=		19	19	-	
	-		(19)	(19)		
	-		(443)	(443)	-	
	-		(443)	(443)	-	
	-		(462)	(462)	-	
	462		462	462	-	
\$	462	\$		\$ -	\$ -	
	O1	Original	Original F  -	- 19 - 19 - (19) - (443) - (443) - (462) 462 462	Original         Final         Amounts           \$ - \$ - \$ -         \$ -           - 19 19 19         -           - (19) (19)         -           - (443) (443)         -           - (443) (443)         -           - (462) (462)         -           462 462 462         462	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Flood Control Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Ac	tual	Variance with		
	Original			Final	Amo	ounts		al Budget r(Under)	
REVENUES:									
Use of money and property:									
Investment earnings	\$	1	\$	1	\$	-	\$	(1)	
Other revenue		1,640		1,640		-		(1,640)	
Total revenues		1,641		1,641		-		(1,641)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Capital outlay		1,640		1,640		-		(1,640)	
Total expenditures		1,640		1,640		-		(1,640)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		1		1		-		(1)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1		1		-		(1)	
Fund balance, beginning of year		19		19		19		-	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	20	\$	20	\$	19	\$	(1)	

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule Regional Park and Open-Space Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over(Under)		
	(	Original		Final	Amounts			
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property:								
Investment earnings	\$	55	\$	55	\$ 41	\$	(14)	
Aid from other governmental agencies:								
State		2,081		2,331	717		(1,614)	
Other revenue		292		2,206	852		(1,354)	
Total revenues		2,428		4,592	1,610		(2,982)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Recreation and cultural services		3,700		6,466	2,698		(3,768)	
Total expenditures		3,700		6,466	2,698		(3,768)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(1,272)		(1,874)	(1,088)		786	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		<u> </u>		`	<u> </u>			
Transfers in		-		708	708		-	
Transfers out		-		(180)	(180)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		_		528	528		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,272)		(1,346)	(560)		786	
Fund balance, beginning of year		4,930		4,930	4,930		-	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	3,658	\$	3,584	\$ 4,370	\$	786	

#### Budgetary Comparison Schedule CREST Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
	О	riginal		Final	A	mounts		er(Under)	
REVENUES:									
Use of money and property:									
Investment earnings	\$	70	\$	70	\$	89	\$	19	
Charges for services		3,926		3,926		2,073		(1,853)	
Other revenue		10,000		-		-		=	
Total revenues		13,996		3,996		2,162		(1,834)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Capital outlay		11,035		9,551		11,631		2,080	
Total expenditures		13,896		12,412		11,631		(781)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		100		(8,416)		(9,469)		(1,053)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		-		10,000		10,000		-	
Transfers out		-		(1,484)		(1,484)		=	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		8,516		8,516		_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		100		100		(953)		(1,053)	
Fund balance, beginning of year		2,863		2,863		2,863		-	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	2,963	\$	2,963	\$	1,910	\$	(1,053)	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Facilities Improvement Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

		Budgeted	ounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
	(	Original		Final	A	mounts		ar Budger er(Under)
REVENUES:								
Use of money and property:								
Investment earnings	\$	797	\$	797	\$	2,241	\$	1,444
Rents and concessions		360		360		379		19
Aid from other governmental agencies:								
State		-		-		-		-
Other		35,316		35,316		34,618		(698)
Charges for services		63,326		32,980		29,541		(3,439)
Other revenue		5,666		1,151		1,598		447
Total revenues		105,465		70,604		68,377		(2,227)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		170,474		130,274		59,328		(70,946)
Public ways and facilities		18,544		10,791		256		(10,535)
Debt service:								
Interest		-		-		34		34
Total expenditures		189,018		141,065		59,618		(81,447)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(83,553)		(70,461)		8,759		79,220
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		=		39,199		39,199		=
Transfers out		-		(51,223)		(51,223)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(12,024)		(12,024)		_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(83,553)		(82,485)		(3,265)		79,220
Fund balance, beginning of year,								
as previously reported		164,816		164,816		164,816		=
Adjustments to beginning fund balance		=		=		4,717		4,717
Fund balance, beginning of year		164,816		164,816		169,533		4,717
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	81,263	\$	82,331	\$	166,268	\$	83,937

### PERMANENT FUNDS





#### PERMANENT FUND

#### PERRIS VALLEY CEMETERY ENDOWMENT FUND

This fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for future maintenance of the Perris Valley Cemetery. The resources are derived from an endowment care fee assessed on each sale of a burial right and earnings on these resources. Only income earned on these resources may be used for services, supplies or capital asset acquisition. The principal must be preserved intact.

Balance Sheet Permanent Fund June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Cer End	s Valley metery owment
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF		
RESOURCES:		
Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	1,015
Interest receivable		2
Total assets		1,017
Deferred outflows of resources		-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,017
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE:		
Liabilities:		
Total liabilities	\$	_
Deferred inflows of resources		-
Fund balance (Note 16):		
Nonspendable		1,017
Total fund balance		1,017
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,		
and fund balance	\$	1,017

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Permanent Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Perris Valley Cemetery				
	Endowment				
	Fund				
REVENUES:					
Use of money and property:					
Investment earnings	\$	16			
Charges for services		122			
Total revenues		138			
EXPENDITURES:					
Total expenditures		-			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		138			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		138			
Fund balance, beginning of year		879			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	1,017			



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## NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS





#### NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

These funds are used to account for operations providing goods or services to the general public. The accounting for these funds is similar to private enterprise accounting (accrual basis of accounting). The intent of the County's governing board is that all costs associated with providing these goods or services be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

#### **COUNTY SERVICE AREAS**

These funds were established to account for revenues, expenses, and the allocation of net income for County Service Areas 62 (sewer), 62 (water), and 122.

#### FLOOD CONTROL

These funds were established to account for transactions resulting from topographical map sales, subdivision operations, and issuance of encroachment permits.

#### RIVERSIDE UNIVERSITY HEALTH SYSTEMS - COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTERS

This fund was established to account for transactions resulting from several clinics spread across the County providing primary care and preventive services.

Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	County Service Fl Areas Co				Riverside University Health Systems - Community Health Centers		Total
ASSETS:							
Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$	693	\$	597	\$ -	\$	1,290
Accounts receivable - net		-		304	548		852
Interest receivable		1		13	-		14
Taxes receivable		12		-	-		12
Due from other governments		-		7	2,008		2,015
Due from other funds		-		-	40,115		40,115
Inventories		-		-	239		239
Restricted cash and investments		-		6,455	-		6,455
Prepaid items and deposits				-	354		354
Total current assets		706		7,376	43,264		51,346
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets:							
Depreciable assets		43		138	23,995		24,176
Total noncurrent assets	-	43		138	23,995		24,176
Total assets		749		7,514	67,259		75,522
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		491	4,741		5,232
LIABILITIES:							
Current liabilities:							
Cash overdrawn		_		_	36,300		36,300
Accounts payable		19		6,523	5,643		12,185
Salaries and benefits payable		_		61	3,943		4,004
Due to other governments		_		-	8,474		8,474
Due to other funds		_		288	-		288
Interest payable		_		-	55		55
Deposits payable		131		_	2		133
Other liabilities		_		171	-		171
Compensated absences		_		6	2,483		2,489
Capital lease obligations		_		_	1,701		1,701
Total current liabilities		150		7,049	58,601		65,800
Noncurrent liabilities:							
Compensated absences		_		57	1,223		1,280
Capital lease obligations		_		-	22,650		22,650
Net OPEB liability		_		_	1,040		1,040
Net pension liability		_		2,349	16,639		18,988
Total noncurrent liabilities				2,406	41,552		43,958
Total liabilities		150		9,455	100,153		109,758
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		45	1,607		1,652
NET POSITION:							-,2
Net investment in capital assets		43		138	(356)		(175)
Unrestricted		556		(1,633)	(29,404)		(30,481)
Total net position		599	\$	(1,495)		\$	(30,656)
				( , - )	( , 11)	-	. , -,

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Cou Serv Are	Flo Cor		Riverside University Health Systems - Community Health Centers			Total	
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Net patient revenue (Notes 1 and 18)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,909	\$	16,909
Charges for services		345		1,579		13,528		15,452
Other revenue		24		26		34,063		34,113
Total operating revenues		369		1,605		64,500		66,474
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Personnel services		-		1,194		52,405		53,599
Communications		7		-		272		279
Insurance		5		-		713		718
Maintenance of building and equipment		97		-		1,865		1,962
Supplies		7		10		2,985		3,002
Purchased services		30		1,005		23,508		24,543
Depreciation and amortization		11		21		2,927		2,959
Rents and leases of equipment		-		-		7,224		7,224
Utilities		86		-		506		592
Other		11		15		320		346
Total operating expenses		254		2,245		92,725		95,224
Operating income (loss)		115		(640)		(28,225)		(28,750)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Investment income (loss)		11		117		(473)		(345)
Interest expense		-		-		(1,288)		(1,288)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		11		117		(1,761)		(1,633)
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		126		(523)		(29,986)		(30,383)
Transfers in		-		-		23,854		23,854
Transfers out		-		-		(812)		(812)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		126		(523)		(6,944)		(7,341)
Net position, beginning of year		473		(972)		(22,816)		(23,315)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	599	\$	(1,495)	\$	(29,760)	\$	(30,656)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Se	ounty	Flood		H	erside University ealth Systems - mmunity Health	Total	
	A	Areas	Conti	ol_		Centers	Total	
Cash flows from operating activities	Ф	260	ф 1 <i>5</i>	0.4	d.	64.425	e (( 200	
Cash receipts (payments due) from customers	\$	369	\$ 1,5	94	\$	64,425	\$ 66,388	
Cash receipts (payments due) from other funds Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(1)	2.2	-		(24,115)	(24,116)	
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services  Cash paid to employees for services		(237)	2,3 (1,2			(26,743) (44,057)	(24,620) (45,314)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		131	2,6			(30,490)	(27,662)	
iver easir provided by (used iii) operating activities		131	2,0	91		(30,490)	(27,002)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities								
Transfers received		_		_		23,854	23,854	
Transfers paid		_		_		(812)	(812)	
	-					(==)	(012)	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities						23,042	23,042	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(8)	(	83)		(1,416)	(1,507)	
Principal proceeds of (payments on) capital leases		-		_		(1,267)	(1,267)	
Interest paid on long-term debt		-		-		(1,392)	(1,392)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing								
activities		(8)	(	83)		(4,075)	(4,166)	
Cash flows from investing activities								
Investment income (loss)		13		39		(473)	(321)	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		13	1	39		(473)	(321)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		136	2,7	53		(11,996)	(9,107)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		557	4,2			(24,304)	(19,448)	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	693	\$ 7,0	52	\$	(36,300)	\$(28,555)	
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net								
Position								
Cash and investments per Statement of Net Position	\$	693	\$ 5	97	\$	(36,300)	\$(35,010)	
Restricted cash and investments per Statement of Net Position		_	6,4	55			6,455	
Total cash and cash equivalents per Statement of Net Position	\$	693	\$ 7,0	52	\$	(36,300)	\$(28,555)	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by								
(used in) operating activities	d.	115	e (c	40)	d.	(20.225)	e (20.750)	
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	\$	115	\$ (6	40)	\$	(28,225)	\$(28,750)	
provided by (used in) operating activities								
Depreciation and amortization		11		21		2,927	2,959	
Decrease (Increase) accounts receivable		-		36)		513	477	
Decrease (Increase) taxes receivable		(1)	`			_	(1)	
Decrease (Increase) due from other funds		-		-		(24,115)	(24,115)	
Decrease (Increase) due from other governments		-		25		(588)	(563)	
Decrease (Increase) inventories		-		-		(25)	(25)	
Decrease (Increase) prepaid items and deposits		-		-		(247)	(247)	
Increase (Decrease) accounts payable		4	3,0	71		4,798	7,873	
Increase (Decrease) due to other funds		-	2	73		-	273	
Increase (Decrease) due to other governments		-		-		6,139	6,139	
Increase (Decrease) deposits payable		2		-		(15)	(13)	
Increase (Decrease) other liabilities		-		46		-	46	
Increase (Decrease) net pension liability		-		87		3,682	3,769	
Increase (Decrease) net OPEB liability		-		-		569	569	
Increase (Decrease) deferred OPEB		-		-		(618)	(618)	
Increase (Decrease) deferred pensions		-		69)		3,475	3,406	
Increase (Decrease) salaries and benefits payable		-		50)		938	888	
Increase (Decrease) compensated absences				31)		302	271	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	131	\$ 2,6	97		(30,490)	\$(27,662)	
There were no significant noncash investing, financing, or capital ac	tis/i+i	ec						
There were no significant noneasif investing, infancing, of capital ac	v 1 t 1 t	cs.						
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities					\$	14	\$ 14	

### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS





#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

These funds were established to account for the goods and services provided by a County department to other County departments, or to other internal governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### RECORDS MANAGEMENT AND ARCHIVES

This fund was established to account for the operations of the Records Management and Archives Program, which is responsible for providing consistent standards and support services that promote responsible record keeping Countywide. Sources of revenue include records storage, reformatting, preservation, and consulting services.

#### **FLEET SERVICES**

This fund finances the operation and maintenance of County vehicles, including the Sheriff's Department. Revenue is obtained on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### INFORMATION SERVICES

These funds are supported by the revenues generated for services including software systems support, computer networks, data structure design, and organization of the County's computer systems.

#### **CENTRAL MAIL SERVICES**

These funds account for the financing of central mail services provided to County departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### **SUPPLY SERVICES**

This fund finances the operation that provides County departments with merchandise and services on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES**

This fund finances the operation and maintenance of the Human Capital Management System, which provides all human resources requirements including talent management, recruitment, onboarding, time and labor, payroll and employee benefits administration to County departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

These funds account for the financing of employee insurance benefits and County self-insurance programs. These funds include medical, dental, disability, and unemployment insurance as well as general liability, medical malpractice, and workers' compensation.

#### TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE POOL (TAP)

The purpose of this fund is to provide a ready source of temporary workers to County departments, with lower overhead costs than are typically charged by outside temporary employment agencies.

#### ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AGENCY (EDA) FACILITIES MANAGEMENT

The purpose of this fund is to account for custodial, maintenance, and real estate services provided to other County departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

#### FLOOD CONTROL EQUIPMENT

These funds were established to account for the financing of flood control equipment provided to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Records Management	Fleet	Information	Central Mail	Supply
	and Archives	Services	Services	Services	Services
ASSETS:					
Current assets:	<b>A</b>	<b>.</b>	A 24.770	<b>A 2 C O</b>	<b>.</b>
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 5,302	\$ 34,750	\$ 360	\$ 439
Accounts receivable - net	-	19	202	-	27
Interest receivable	-	2	44	-	2
Due from other governments	-	68	171	56	12
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-
Inventories	-	664	1,031	116	238
Prepaid items and deposits			443		
Total current assets		6,055	36,641	532	718
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Nondepreciable assets	-	2,310	15,154	-	-
Depreciable assets		35,717	24,397	222	143
Total noncurrent assets		38,027	39,551	222	143
Total assets		44,082	76,192	754	861
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,434	17,386	224	212
LIABILITIES:					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	_	1,378	2,487	14	40
Salaries and benefits payable	_	345	4,262	54	29
Due to other governments	_	1	_	_	6
Due to other funds	_	_	_	_	-
Other liabilities	_	_	_	_	_
Accrued remediation costs	_	47	_	_	_
Compensated absences	_	457	4,726	61	27
Capital lease obligations	_	7,398	4,383	-	
Estimated claims liabilities	_	7,576	-,505		
Total current liabilities		9,626	15,858	129	102
		7,020	13,636	12)	102
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Compensated absences	-	87	2,688	33	50
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	-
Capital lease obligations	-	12,572	14,125	-	-
Accrued remediation costs	-	63	-	-	-
Estimated claims liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Net OPEB liability	_	127	1,190	21	11
Net pension liability	_	6,391	92,254	945	1,026
Total noncurrent liabilities		19,240	110,257	999	1,087
Total liabilities		28,866	126,115	1,128	1,189
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		157	2,086	25	14
NET POSITION:					
Net investment in capital assets	-	18,057	21,043	222	143
Unrestricted	-	(1,564)	(55,666)	(397)	(273)
Total net position	\$ -	\$ 16,493	\$ (34,623)	\$ (175)	\$ (130)

Hur	man		Risk	mporary signment	EDA acilities	Flood Control			
Reso		Ma	nagement	Pool	nagement	uipment		Total	
									ASSETS:
									Current assets:
\$	-	\$	300,065	\$ 3,399	\$ 15,480	\$ 6,711	\$	366,506	Cash and investments
	-		7,038	-	59	1		7,346	Accounts receivable - net
	-		528	-	12	14		602	Interest receivable
	-		-	-	698	-		1,005	Due from other governments
	-		580	-	674	-		1,254	Due from other funds
	-		212	-	128	282		2,459	Inventories
			313	 2 200	 17.051	7,008		756	Prepaid items and deposits  Total current assets
			308,524	 3,399	 17,051	7,008		379,928	Noncurrent assets:
									Capital assets:
								17,464	Nondepreciable assets
	_		_	5	33	3,048		63,565	Depreciable assets
	<u>-</u>			 5	 33	3,048		81,029	Total noncurrent assets
			308,524	 3,404	 17,084	10,056	_	460,957	Total assets
			6,044	776	8,296			34,372	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES
									LIABILITIES:
									Current liabilities:
	_		25,681	211	2,936	198		32,945	Accounts payable
	_		1,863	192	2,134	144		9,023	Salaries and benefits payable
	_		-,	-	_,	_		7	Due to other governments
	_		22	_	719	_		741	Due to other funds
	_		388	_	2,157	_		2,545	Other liabilities
	_		_	_	_	_		47	Accrued remediation costs
	_		1,888	135	2,307	12		9,613	Compensated absences
	_		_	_	· -	_		11,781	Capital lease obligations
	-		60,864	_	-	_		60,864	Estimated claims liabilities
			90,706	538	10,253	354		127,566	Total current liabilities
									Noncurrent liabilities:
	_		1,447	63	777	114		5,259	Compensated absences
	_			-	3,342	-		3,342	Advances from other funds
	_		_	_	-	_		26,697	Capital lease obligations
	_		_	_	_	_		63	Accrued remediation costs
	_		194,522	_	_	-		194,522	Estimated claims liabilities
	_		452	69	814	_		2,684	Net OPEB liability
	_		27,921	3,196	38,065	_		169,798	Net pension liability
			224,342	 3,328	 42,998	114		402,365	Total noncurrent liabilities
	_		315,048	3,866	53,251	468		529,931	Total liabilities
			743	81	996			4,102	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
									NET POSITION:
	-		-	5	33	3,048		42,551	Net investment in capital assets
			(1,223)	 228	 (28,900)	 6,540		(81,255)	
\$	-	\$	(1,223)	\$ 233	\$ (28,867)	\$ 9,588	\$	(38,704)	Total net position

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Records Management and Archives		Fleet Services	Information Services	Central Mail Services	Supply Services	
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$ -	\$	30,374	\$ 113,631	\$ 1,166	\$ 2,779	
Other revenue			360	42	1,723	153	
Total operating revenues			30,734	113,673	2,889	2,932	
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Cost of materials used	-		1,642	-	-	-	
Personnel services	-		5,521	66,512	861	464	
Communications	-		110	8,478	5	14	
Insurance	-		206	536	15	24	
Maintenance of building and equipment	-		4,415	18,180	32	202	
Insurance claims	-		-	-	-	-	
Supplies	-		7,486	2,226	1,483	2,257	
Purchased services	-		1,527	3,579	667	333	
Depreciation and amortization	-		11,684	6,680	36	10	
Rents and leases of equipment	-		1,092	5,171	-	-	
Utilities	-		66	1,096	8	28	
Other			161	1,187	101	116	
Total operating expenses			33,910	113,645	3,208	3,448	
Operating income (loss)			(3,176)	28	(319)	(516)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Investment income (loss)	-		34	333	4	13	
Interest expense	-		(274)	(207)	-	-	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	-		114	83	-	13	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_		(126)	209	4	26	
Income (loss) before capital contributions							
and transfers	-		(3,302)	237	(315)	(490)	
Capital contributions	-		-	14	· -	-	
Transfers in	-		7	2,845	-	8	
Transfers out	(67)		(85)	(1,053)	(13)	(7)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(67)		(3,380)	2,043	(328)	(489)	
Net position, beginning of year	67		19,873	(36,666)	153	359	
Adjustments to beginning net position (Note 3)							
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	67		19,873	(36,666)	153	359	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$	16,493	\$ (34,623)	\$ (175)	\$ (130)	

luman sources	Risk Management	Temporary Assignment Pool	EDA Facilities Management	Flood Control Equipment	Total		
\$ _	\$ 66,149	\$ 6,938	\$ 120,048	\$ 1,079	\$	342,164	OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services
_	11,669	-	14,170	8,860		36,977	Other revenue
	77,818	6,938	134,218	9,939	_	379,141	Total operating revenues
 						<u> </u>	OPERATING EXPENSES:
_	_	_	_	38		1,680	Cost of materials used
_	22,707	3,137	34,245	2,130		135,577	Personnel services
_	78	5,157	103	2,130		8,788	Communications
_	32,258	54	671	_		33,764	Insurance
_	95	32	15,464	808		39,228	Maintenance of building and equipment
_	145,306	-	-	-		145,306	Insurance claims
_	4,878	152	2,632	1,096		22,210	Supplies
1,753	6,490	1,429	14,448	2,442		32,668	Purchased services
-,,,,,,	1	-,	10	863		19,284	Depreciation and amortization
_	1,586	416	64,944	10		73,219	Rents and leases of equipment
_	30	_	1,539	_		2,767	Utilities
_	3,080	73	1,737	257		6,712	Other
1,753	216,509	5,293	135,793	7,644		521,203	Total operating expenses
(1,753)	(138,691)	1,645	(1,575)	2,295		(142,062)	Operating income (loss)
				_			NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):
_	4,183	_	114	122		4,803	Investment income (loss)
_	- 1,103	_	-	-		(481)	Interest expense
_	_	5	_	72		287	Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets
	4,183	5	114	194		4,609	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)
						,	Income (loss) before capital contributions
(1,753)	(134,508)	1,650	(1,461)	2,489		(137,453)	and transfers
(1,733)	174,941	-	(1,101)	2,105		174,955	Capital contributions
1,753	3,565	_	302	_		8,480	Transfers in
-	(3,914)	(44)	(491)	-		(5,674)	Transfers out
 	40,084	1,606	(1,650)	2,489		40,308	CHANGE IN NET POSITION
	(41,092)	(1,373)	(27,217)			(78 707)	Net position, beginning of year
-	(215)	(1,3/3)	(27,217)	7,099			Adjustments to beginning net position (Note 3)
 <u>-</u>	$\frac{(213)}{(41,307)}$	(1,373)	(27,217)	7,099			Net position, beginning of year, as restated
\$ 	\$ (1,223)	\$ 233	\$ (28,867)	\$ 9,588		(38,/04)	NET POSITION, END OF YEAR

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
Combining Statement of Cash Flows
Internal Service Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020
(Dollars in Thousands)

	Records Management and Archives	Fleet Services	Information Services	Central Mail Services	Supply Services
Cash flows from operating activities Cash receipts (payments due) from customers Cash receipts (payments due) from other funds Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$ - - - -	\$ 69 30,797 (17,074) (4,698)	\$ (64) 113,748 (40,291) (56,286)	\$ 9 2,889 (2,271) (749)	\$ (12) 2,932 (3,045) (404)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		9,094	17,107	(122)	(529)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfers received Transfers paid Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital	(67)	7 (85)	2,845 (1,053)	(13)	8 (7)
financing activities	(67)	(78)	1,792	(13)	1_
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Proceeds (loss) from sale of capital assets Acquisition and construction of capital assets Principal proceeds of (payment on) capital leases Capital contributions Interest paid on long-term debt Net cash provided by (used in) capital and	- - - - -	114 (4,658) (6,485) - (274)	83 (16,161) 4,201 14 (207)	- - - - -	13 (50) - -
related financing activities		(11,303)	(12,070)		(37)
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income (loss) Net cash provided by (used in) investing		46	383	5	18
activities		46	383	5	18
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	(67) 67	(2,241) 7,543	7,212 27,538	(130) 490	(547) 986
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	\$ -	\$ 5,302	\$ 34,750	\$ 360	\$ 439
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Position  Cash and investments per Statement of Net Position  Total cash and cash equivalents per Statement of Net Position	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 5,302 \$ 5,302	\$ 34,750 \$ 34,750	\$ 360 \$ 360	\$ 439 \$ 439
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Depreciation and amortization Decrease (Increase) accounts receivable	s - -	\$ (3,176) 11,684 63	\$ 28 6,680 75	\$ (319) 36	\$ (516)
Decrease (Increase) due from other funds	-	-	-	-	_
Decrease (Increase) due from other governments Decrease (Increase) inventories Decrease (Increase) prepaid items and deposits Increase (Decrease) accounts payable	- - -	69 (137) - 588	(64) 27 (10) 145	9 39 - 1	(12) (85) - 14
Increase (Decrease) accounts payable Increase (Decrease) due to other funds	-	-	143	-	-
Increase (Decrease) due to other governments Increase (Decrease) accrued remediation costs Increase (Decrease) other liabilities Increase (Decrease) estimated claims liability	- - -	(48) (772)	- - -	- - -	- - -
Increase (Decrease) net pension liability Increase (Decrease) net OPEB liability	-	384 64	4,788 663	57 10	32 6
Increase (Decrease) deferred pensions	-	250	3,771	44	26
Increase (Decrease) salaries and benefits payable Increase (Decrease) compensated absences	-	45 80	668 336	5 (4)	3 (7)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ -	\$ 9,094	\$ 17,107	\$ (122)	\$ (529)

198

\$ 26,708 \$

Noncash investing, capital, and financing Capital lease obligations

Human Resources	Risk Management	Temporary Assistance Pool	EDA Facilities Management	Flood Control Equipment		Total	
Resources	Management	1 001	Wanagement	Equipment		1 Otal	Cash flows from operating activities
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 69	\$ -	\$	71	Cash receipts (payments due) from customers
-	81,330	6,938	133,815	10,457		382,906	Cash receipts (payments due) from other funds
(1,753)	(207,634)	(2,067)	(103,876)	(4,677)		(382,688)	Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services
	(19,344)	(2,746)	(29,548)	(5,859)		(119,634)	Cash paid to employees for services
(1,753)	(145,648)	2,125	460	(79)		(119,345)	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities
(1,733)	(143,040)	2,123		(17)	_	(117,545)	
1,753	3,350	_	302	_		8,265	Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfers received
-	(3,914)	(44)	(491)	_		(5,674)	Transfers paid
	(- )-					(2)2.7	Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing
1,753	(564)	(44)	(189)	-		2,591	activities
							Cash flows from capital and related financing activities
_	_	5	_	72		287	Proceeds (loss) from sale of capital assets
_	_	(5)	_	(1,590)		(22,464)	Acquisition and construction of capital assets
-	-	-	-	-		(2,284)	Principal proceeds of (payment on) capital leases
-	174,941	-	-	-		174,955	Capital contributions
						(481)	Interest paid on long-term debt
							Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related
	174,941			(1,518)		150,013	financing activities
							Cash flows from investing activities
	4,869		139	143		5,603	Investment income (loss)
	4,869		139	143		5,603	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities
-	33,598	2,081	410	(1,454)		38,862	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents
_	266,467	1,318	15,070	8,165		327,644	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year
\$ -	\$ 300,065	\$ 3,399	\$ 15,480	\$ 6,711	\$	366,506	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year
<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 300,065	\$ 3,399	\$ 15,480	\$ 6,711	\$	366,506	Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the Statement of Net Position  Cash and investments per Statement of Net Position  Total cash and cash equivalents per Statement of Net
\$ -	\$ 300,065	\$ 3,399	\$ 15,480	\$ 6,711	\$	366,506	Position
\$ (1,753)	\$ (138,691)	\$ 1,645	\$ (1,575)	\$ 2,295	\$	(142,062)	Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)
							to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities
-	1	-	10	863		19,284	Depreciation and amortization
-	4,092	-	271	1		4,502	Decrease (Increase) accounts receivable
-	(580)	-	(674)	517		(737)	Decrease (Increase) due from other funds
-	-	-	69	-		71	Decrease (Increase) due from other governments
-	45	-	42	5		(109) 35	Decrease (Increase) inventories
_	(9,157)	89	(1,423)	112		(9,631)	Decrease (Increase) prepaid items and deposits Increase (Decrease) accounts payable
_	(74)	-	(861)	(12)		(947)	Increase (Decrease) due to other funds
_	(1)	-	(1)	(131)		(133)	Increase (Decrease) due to other governments
-	-	-	-	-		(48)	Increase (Decrease) accrued remediation costs
-	78	-	(95)	-		(789)	Increase (Decrease) other liabilities
-	(4,724)	-		_		(4,724)	Increase (Decrease) estimated claims liability
-	1,583	200	2,231	(4,541)		4,734	Increase (Decrease) net open liability
<del>-</del>	233 1,439	33 126	391 1,764	758		1,400 8,178	Increase (Decrease) net OPEB liability Increase (Decrease) deferred pensions
-	38	36	223	58		1,076	Increase (Decrease) salaries and benefits payable
_	70	(4)	88	(4)		555	Increase (Decrease) compensated absences
\$ (1,753)	\$ (145,648)	\$ 2,125	\$ 460	\$ (79)	\$	(119,345)	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities

26,708

Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Capital lease obligations



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### FIDUCIARY FUNDS





#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

These funds were established for the purpose of accounting for assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore cannot be used to support the County's own programs and are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

#### **EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL**

The External Investment Pool Funds are the external portion of the investment pool not held in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 18 of GASB Statement No. 84 which are required to be reported in a single column within the custodial funds classification.

#### **PROPERTY TAX COLLECTION**

The Property Tax Collection Funds were set up to help Riverside County account for apportioned taxes clearing, delinquent mobile home fees, property tax refunds, special assessments, and Teeter Plan collections.

#### PAYROLL DEDUCTIONS

The purpose of these funds is to collect deductions from employee wages. The deductions are owed to a variety of third parties for health insurance, union dues, unemployment insurance, withholding tax, flexible spending accounts, and dental insurance.

#### OTHER CUSTODIAL

These funds were established to account for a wide array of fiduciary responsibilities. Some of these responsibilities include tax payments clearing, asset forfeiture, State Controller clearing, child support collections, undistributed bond proceeds, family support clearing, and clearing fund for various categories of warrants issued by Riverside County.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

		External	Pro	perty Tax	]	Payroll			
	Inve	estment Pool	Co	ollection	De	ductions	Oth	er Custodial	Total
ASSETS:									
Cash and investments	\$	248,632	\$	63,398	\$	11,068	\$	138,822	\$ 461,920
Receivables:									
Accounts receivable		-		-		16,253		6	16,259
Interest receivable		8,942		97		-		78	9,117
Taxes receivable		-		39,005		-		8,429	47,434
Investment at fair value:									
Short-term investments		220,801		-		-		-	220,801
Federal agency		2,949,708		-		-		-	2,949,708
Mutual funds		-		-		-		-	-
Commercial paper		165,739		-		-		-	165,739
Negotiable CDs		99,453		-		-		-	99,453
Medium term notes		56,226		-		-		-	56,226
Municipal bonds		86,611		-		-		-	86,611
Bonds - U.S. Treasury		1,347,170		-		-		_	1,347,170
Total assets		5,183,282		102,500		27,321		147,335	5,460,438
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred outflows of resources		_		_		_		_	_
LIABILITIES:									
Cash overdrawn		-		-		16,253		-	16,253
Accounts payable		-		6,122		5,643		107,971	119,736
Due to other governments		-		95,999		5,425		35,819	137,243
Total liabilities		-		102,121		27,321		143,790	273,232
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred inflows of resources		_				_		_	_
Deterred innows of resources		<del></del>							 
NET POSITION:									
Restricted for:									
Pool participants		5,183,282		_		-		-	5,183,282
Individuals, organizations & other governments		-		379		-		3,545	3,924
Total net position	\$	5,183,282	\$	379	\$		\$	3,545	\$ 5,187,206

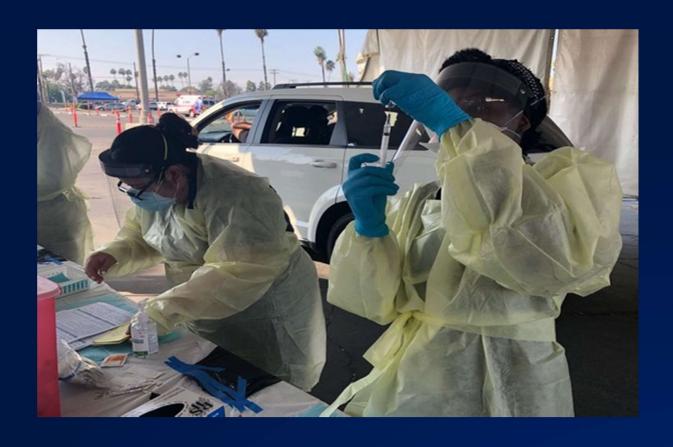
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

	External Investment Pool	Property Tax Collection	Payroll Deductions	Other Custodial	Total
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
Contributions to pooled investments	\$ 1,047,718	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,047,718
Total contributions	1,047,718				1,047,718
Investment earnings:					
Net increase in fair value of investments	77,437	379	-	663	78,479
Interest, dividends, and other	4				4_
Total investment earnings	77,441	379	-	663	78,483
Less investment costs:					
Investment activity costs					
Net investment earnings	77,441	379		663	78,483
Property tax collection other governments	-	5,969,287	-	-	5,969,287
Other custodial fund collections		-	2,285,622	28	2,285,650
Miscellaneous		-	-	35	35
Total additions	1,125,159	5,969,666	2,285,622	726	9,381,173
DEDUCTIONS					
Administrative expense	-	-	-	1	1
Distributions to shareholders	668,785	-	-	140	668,925
Beneficiary payments to individuals, organizatons and other governments	-	-	2,296,268	252,299	2,548,567
Property taxes distributed to other governments		6,098,014			6,098,014
Total deductions	668,785	6,098,014	2,296,268	252,440	9,315,507
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	456,374	(128,348)	(10,646)	(251,714)	65,666
Net position, beginning of the year	-	-	-	-	-
Adjustments to beginning net position (Note 3)	4,726,908	128,727	10,646	255,259	5,121,540
Net position beginning of the year, as restated	4,726,908	128,727	10,646	255,259	5,121,540
Net position, end of the year	\$ 5,183,282	\$ 379	\$ -	\$ 3,545	\$ 5,187,206



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# STATISTICAL SECTION





#### **Statistical Section**

This section of the County of Riverside (the County) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents additional detail, historical perspective, and context to assist annual financial report users in understanding the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information, and assessing the County's financial condition.

<u>Contents</u> <u>Table(s)</u>

#### **Financial Trends Information**

T1 - T5

These tables contain trend information to assist readers in understanding and assessing how the County's financial position has changed over time.

Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

#### **Revenue Capacity Information**

T6 - T10

These tables contain information to assist readers in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the County's local revenue sources: property tax, sales and use tax, and other taxes.

General Government Tax Revenues by Source Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Principal Property Tax Payers Property Tax Levies and Collections

#### **Debt Capacity Information**

T11 - T15

These tables contain information to assist readers in understanding and assessing the County's current level of outstanding debt, and the County's ability to issue additional debt.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt Legal Debt Margin Information Pledged-Revenue Coverage

#### **Economic and Demographic Information**

T16 - T17

These tables provide economic and demographic information to assist readers in understanding the socioeconomic environment within which the County operates, and to facilitate the comparisons of financial information over time.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers

#### **Operating Information**

T18 - T20

These tables provide contextual information about the County's operations and resources to assist readers in understanding and assessing the County's financial condition as it relates to the services that the County provides.

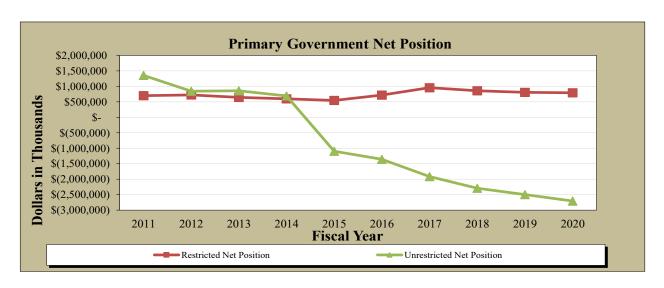
Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program Operating Indicators by Function
Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from Riverside County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant years.

Table 1

# COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting) (Dollars in Thousands) June 30, 2020

							Fi	scal Year E	ndi	ng June 30
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	3,042,172	\$	3,673,404	\$	3,505,380	\$	3,355,072	\$	3,240,888
Restricted		735,739		769,225		799,830		911,249		667,696
Unrestricted	(	(2,198,345)		(2,092,164)		(1,947,282)	(	(1,689,770)		(1,242,905)
Governmental activities, total net position	\$	1,579,566	\$	2,350,465	\$	2,357,928	\$	2,576,551	\$	2,665,679
Business-type activities  Net investment in capital assets	\$	228,265	\$	224,427	\$	218,159	\$	202,150	\$	112,906
Restricted	Ψ	56,744	Φ	40,585	Ψ	58,136	Ψ	47,468	Ψ	49,241
Unrestricted		(507,675)		(403,461)		(344,312)		(225,964)		(113,124)
Business-type activities, total net position	\$	(222,666)	\$	(138,449)	\$	(68,017)	\$	23,654	\$	49,023
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	3,270,437	\$	3,897,831	\$	3,723,539	\$	3,557,222	\$	3,353,794
Restricted		792,483		809,810		857,966		958,717		716,937
Unrestricted	(	(2,706,020)		(2,495,625)		(2,291,594)	(	(1,915,734)		(1,356,029)
Primary government, total net position	\$	1,356,900	\$	2,212,016	\$	2,289,911	\$	2,600,205	\$	2,714,702



			F	iscal Year Ei	ndi	ng June 30	
2015	2014	2013		2012		2011	<del>-</del> -
							Governmental activities
\$ 3,009,048	\$ 3,165,319	\$ 2,998,987	\$	2,740,429	\$	1,687,128	Net investment in capital assets
489,359	499,463	550,326		683,835		656,347	Restricted
(971,969)	718,105	771,883		851,269		1,295,657	Unrestricted
\$ 2,526,438	\$ 4,382,887	\$ 4,321,196	\$	4,275,533	\$	3,639,132	Governmental activities, total net position
							Business-type activities
\$ 95,160	\$ 147,806	\$ 118,594	\$	130,510	\$	113,489	Net investment in capital assets
56,569	96,904	94,346		41,103		43,086	Restricted
 (122,341)	(27,903)	 88,852		(5,456)		59,550	Unrestricted
\$ 29,388	\$ 216,807	\$ 301,792	\$	166,157	\$	216,125	Business-type activities, total net position
							Primary government
\$ 3,104,208	\$ 3,313,125	\$ 3,117,581	\$	2,870,939	\$	1,800,617	Net investment in capital assets
545,928	596,367	644,672		724,938		699,433	Restricted
(1,094,310)	690,202	860,735		845,813		1,355,207	Unrestricted
\$ 2,555,826	\$ 4,599,694	\$ 4,622,988	\$	4,441,690	\$	3,855,257	Primary government, total net position

Table 2

## COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting) (Dollars in Thousands) June 30, 2020

				Fiscal Year E	nding June 30
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Program revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	\$ 167,806	\$ 170,904	\$ 192,894	\$ 230,767	\$ 201,495
Public protection	461,197	448,722	434,301	417,682	398,070
Other activities	139,136	139,861	89,778	118,140	135,204
Operating grants and contributions	2,291,206	2,010,351	1,951,911	1,912,480	1,907,919
Capital grants and contributions	32,453	47,530	77,352	49,088	54,134
Governmental activities program revenues	3,091,798	2,817,368	2,746,236	2,728,157	2,696,822
Business-type activities: Charges for services:					
Riverside University Health	(21.052	505.761	560 107	544.060	511 666
Systems - Medical Center Other activities	631,853	585,761	560,187	544,060	511,666
	263,173	252,163	227,588	172,851	164,860
Capital grants and contributions	355	<del>-</del>	87	552	2,234
Business-type activities program revenues	895,381	837,924	787,862	717,463	678,760
Primary government program revenues	3,987,179	3,655,292	3,534,098	3,445,620	3,375,582
Expenses					
Governmental activities:					
General government	336,802	261,113	275,973	277,276	283,081
Public protection	2,209,120	1,600,054	1,606,348	1,465,762	1,328,608
Public ways and facilities	239,741	244,547	215,360	199,023	149,768
Health and sanitation	759,480	611,195	611,960	559,906	468,382
Public assistance	1,236,525	1,067,788	1,067,151	1,024,047	980,550
Education	32,607	25,220	23,560	24,603	23,283
Recreation and cultural services	22,939	19,232	17,345	17,980	20,758
Interest on long-term debt	69,034	69,630	63,685	69,874	46,306
Governmental activities expenses	4,906,248	3,898,779	3,881,382	3,638,471	3,300,736
Business-type activities:					
Riverside University Health					
Systems - Medical Center	738,306	663,496	636,169	582,419	506,338
Waste Resources Department	104,445	102,278	88,964	87,115	75,358
Housing Authority	99,066	95,929	98,591	91,783	88,166
Flood Control	2,245	2,404	5,183	3,903	3,591
Riverside University Health					
Systems - Community Health Centers	95,371	79,792	56,247	-	-
County Service Areas	254	233	243	370	413
Business-type activities expenses	1,039,687	944,132	885,397	765,590	673,866
Primary government expenses	5,945,935	4,842,911	4,766,779	4,404,061	3,974,602
Net (expense)/revenue					
Governmental activities	(1,814,450)	(1,081,411)	(1,135,146)	(910,314)	(603,914)
Business-type activities	(144,306)	(106,208)	(97,535)	(48,127)	4,894
Primary government, net (expense) / revenue	\$ (1,958,756)	\$ (1,187,619)	\$ (1,232,681)	\$ (958,441)	\$ (599,020)
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			Fis	scal Year End	ding June 30	
2015	2014	2013		2012	2011	•
						Program revenues
						Governmental activities:
						Charges for services:
\$ 164,830	\$ 162,926	\$ 138,851	\$	147,510	\$ 159,570	General government
371,237	352,178	339,379		316,778	326,237	Public protection
109,773	100,791	110,231		116,509	105,931	Other activities
1,800,158	1,593,627	1,503,390		1,447,694	1,393,016	Operating grants and contributions
 31,579	29,890	27,695		27,909	32,114	Capital grants and contributions
 2,477,577	2,239,412	2,119,546		2,056,400	2,016,868	Governmental activities program revenues
						Business-type activities:
						Charges for services:
						Riverside University Health
504,811	400,630	450,340		371,827	386,533	Systems - Medical Center
161,008	155,336	150,407		133,838	140,327	Other activities
536	450	698		335		Capital grants and contributions
 666,355	556,416	601,445		506,000	526,860	Business-type activities program revenues
 3,143,932	2,795,828	2,720,991		2,562,400	2,543,728	Primary government program revenues
						Expenses
150 555	220.146	101.611		250 454	200.022	Governmental activities:
179,575	228,146	194,641		270,474	298,032	General government
1,217,731	1,191,438	1,065,373		1,047,202	1,021,288	Public protection Public ways and facilities
177,870 499,669	108,380 460,963	89,469 422,982		84,797 374,950	87,424 369,984	Health and sanitation
970,415	851,246	807,611		827,092	907,202	Public assistance
23,409	24,420	18,998		10,376	15,816	Education
18,335	20,077	12,274		15,806	9,364	Recreation and cultural services
45,904	47,236	29,453		39,098	88,998	Interest on long-term debt
3,132,908	2,931,906	2,640,801		2,669,795	2,798,108	Governmental activities expenses
						Business-type activities:
						Riverside University Health
468,562	482,240	473,916		417,074	401,120	Systems - Medical Center
56,299	62,721	53,069		57,272	56,688	Waste Resources Department
90,903	94,716	90,678		91,469	86,027	Housing Authority
3,056	2,561	2,472		2,306	3,711	Flood Control
						Riverside University Health
-	-	-		-	-	Systems - Community Health Centers
 390	429	459		456	383	County Service Areas
 619,210	642,667	620,594		568,577	547,929	Business-type activities expenses
3,752,118	3,574,573	3,261,395		3,238,372	3,346,037	Primary government expenses
					.=	Net (expense)/revenue
(655,331)	(692,494)	(521,255)		(613,395)	. , ,	Governmental activities
 47,145	(86,251)	(19,149)		(62,577)	(21,069)	Business-type activities
\$ (608,186)	\$ (778,745)	\$ (540,404)	\$	(675,972)	\$ (802,309)	Primary government, net (expense) / revenue

Continued

Table 2

### Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting) (Dollars in Thousands)

June 30, 2020

				Fiscal Year E	ding June 30		
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		
Continued: Primary government, net (expense) / revenue	\$ (1,958,756)	\$ (1,187,619)	\$ (1,232,681)	\$ (958,441)	\$ (599,020)		
General revenues and other changes in net position Governmental activities:							
Taxes: Property taxes Sales and use tax Other taxes	424,417 30,745 30,996	407,895 33,673 29,941	387,305 27,557 18,634	367,937 27,881 20,844	346,851 29,573 22,005		
Intergovernmental revenue - not restricted to programs: Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue Investment earnings Other Transfers Extraordinary item	320,206 44,139 248,806 (55,533)	281,336 69,755 255,570 (28,292)	262,745 26,613 238,724 (15,036)	258,999 12,918 164,297 (19,916)	232,453 12,948 160,521 (22,478)		
Governmental activities	1,043,776	1,049,878	946,542	832,960	781,873		
Business-type activities: Investment earnings Other Transfers Extraordinary item	4,841 - 55,533 (285)	8,330 - 28,292	3,228 - 15,036 - 78	2,182 - 19,916 1,152	2,720 - 22,478 (2,803)		
Business-type activities	60,089	36,622	18,342	23,250	22,395		
Total primary government	1,103,865	1,086,500	964,884	856,210	804,268		
Change in net position Governmental activities Business-type activities Primary government change in net position	(770,674) (84,217) \$ (854,891)	(31,533) (69,586) \$ (101,119)	(188,604) (79,193) \$ (267,797)	(77,354) (24,877) \$ (102,231)	177,959 27,289 \$ 205,248		
rimary government change in het position	\$ (854,891)	\$ (101,119)	\$ (207,797)	\$ (102,231)	\$ 203,248		

Table 2

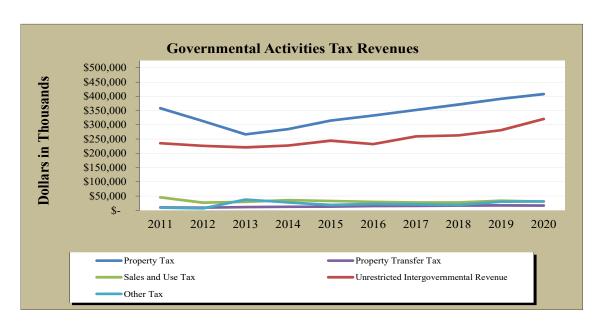
			Fiscal Year En	ding June 30	_
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	_
\$ (608,186)	\$ (778,745)	\$ (540,404)	\$ (675,972)	\$ (802,309)	Continued: Primary government, net (expense) / revenue
					General revenues and other changes in net position Governmental activities: Taxes:
327,504	297,107	277,417	322,337	367,867	Property taxes
32,851	35,443	29,751	26,744	45,489	Sales and use tax
18,632	27,764	37,883	6,715	9,004	Other taxes
					Intergovernmental revenue - not restricted to programs:
244,003	227,303	220,811	226,384	235,153	Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue
8,700	11,317	2,035	11,801	19,494	Investment earnings
164,177	167,992	168,454	169,399	142,966	Other
(11,250)	(9,644)	(1,049)	(11,702)	(10,355)	
 		(158,337)	502,638		Extraordinary item
 784,617	757,282	576,965	1,254,316	809,618	Governmental activities
895	1,319	(33)	907	538	Business-type activities: Investment earnings
-		(33)	-	6,617	Other
11,250	9,645	1,049	11,702	10,355	Transfers
(905)	(9,698)	154,589			Extraordinary item
 11,240	1,266	155,605	12,609	17,510	Business-type activities
 795,857	758,548	732,570	1,266,925	827,128	Total primary government
 					Change in net position
129,286	64,788	55,710	640,921	28,378	Governmental activities
 58,385	(84,985)	136,456	(49,968)	(3,559)	Business-type activities
\$ 187,671	\$ (20,197)	\$ 192,166	\$ 590,953	\$ 24,819	Primary government change in net position

Table 3

#### Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting) (Dollars in Thousands)

June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	I	Property Tax	Property Transfer Tax		Sales and Use Tax		Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenue		Other Tax		Total
2020	\$	407,675	\$ 16,742	\$	30,745	\$	320,206	\$	30,996	\$	806,364
2019		390,794	17,101		33,673		281,336		29,941		752,845
2018		370,860	16,445		27,557		262,745		18,634		696,241
2017		352,132	15,805		27,881		258,999		20,844		675,661
2016		332,338	14,513		29,573		232,453		22,005		630,882
2015		314,599	12,905		32,851		244,003		18,632		622,990
2014		284,819	12,288		35,443		227,303		27,764		587,617
2013		266,294	11,123		29,751		220,811		37,883		565,862
2012		312,972	9,365		26,744		226,384		6,715		582,180
2011		357,908	9,959		45,489		235,153		9,004		657,513





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Table 4

## COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Dollars in Thousands) June 30, 2020

	Fiscal Year Ending						
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		
General Fund			-		•		
Nonspendable	\$ 2,466	\$ 2,416	\$ 3,470	\$ 2,314	\$ 2,369		
Restricted	112,711	102,288	95,881	95,130	99,639		
Committed	14,844	18,320	23,290	21,907	40,310		
Assigned	13,702	14,196	12,464	10,989	11,870		
Unassigned	257,959	275,181	234,477	217,891	217,322		
Total general fund	401,682	412,401	369,582	348,231	371,510		
Transportation							
Nonspendable	1,245	1,278	1,223	1,113	3,654		
Restricted	89,403	87,536	65,359	61,357	68,191		
Committed	4,587	4,519	3,828	3,092	2,847		
Assigned	15,862	15,458	15,119	15,256	12,578		
Total transportation	111,097	108,791	85,529	80,818	87,270		
Flood Control							
Nonspendable	1	1	1	68	366		
Restricted	273,549	257,268	236,080	225,328	205,957		
Committed	-	-	-	-	-		
Assigned							
Total Flood Control	273,550	257,269	236,081	225,396	206,323		
CARES Act Coronavirus Relief							
Restricted	1,774						
Total CARES Act Coronavirus Relief	1,774	<del>-</del>	-	-			
Pension Obligation							
Restricted	5,057	-	-	-	-		
Assigned	7,930						
Total Pension Obligation	12,987						
Redevelopment Capital Projects							
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-		
Committed	-	-	-	-	-		
Assigned Total redevelopment capital projects		<del>-</del>	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>		
		•					
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	< 0.52	1 220		1.040	1 22 5		
Nonspendable	6,073	1,320	1,337	1,263	1,225		
Restricted	308,886	146,731	165,986	167,975	168,868		
Committed reported in:							
Special revenue funds Debt service funds	6,863	6,492	6,360	4,906	2,830		
Capital projects funds	9,358	165,634	204,048	253,737	364,878		
Assigned	59,255	11,393	14,776	17,453	29,186		
Total nonmajor governmental funds	390,435	331,570	392,507	445,334	566,987		
Total all governmental funds	\$ 1,191,525	\$ 1,110,031	\$ 1,083,699	\$ 1,099,779	\$ 1,232,090		

Note: In fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54 under which governmental fund balances are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. In fiscal year 2012, Redevelopment Capital Projects are reported under the Successor Agency. In fiscal year 2013, Transportation became a major fund, therefore only fiscal years 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020 are presented for comparison purposes. In fiscal year 2020, the Public Facilities Improvement and Public Financing Authority Capital Projects Funds became nonmajor funds and the CARES Act Coronavirus Relief Fund and the Pension Obligation Fund became major funds. The balances for the Public Facilities Improvement and Public Financing Authority Capital Projects Funds have been reclassified to Nonmajor Governmental Funds under Committed - Capital Projects Funds.

#### Fund Balances of Governmental Funds (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Dollars in Thousands) June 30, 2020

				F	iscal Year	End	ing June 30
	2015	2014	2013		2012		2011
General Fund							
Nonspendable	\$ 2,001	\$ 2,045	\$ 3,247	\$	1,834	\$	2,214
Restricted	122,967	117,595	101,440		101,651		98,552
Committed	39,422	32,820	42,183		52,439		50,097
Assigned	5,144	7,772	10,460		8,764		3,463
Unassigned	225,855	203,444	199,919		171,910		189,236
Total general fund	395,389	363,676	357,249		336,598		343,562
Transportation							
Nonspendable	3,776	1,101	1,044		1,014		-
Restricted	49,875	62,767	79,127		95,805		-
Committed	2,719	2,244	1,310		1,811		-
Assigned	14,782	14,063	12,821		4,935		
Total transportation	71,152	80,175	94,302		103,565		
Flood Control							
Nonspendable	731	1	1		1		1
Restricted	236,749	-	-		-		-
Committed	-	258,580	253,117		252,368		237,211
Assigned	 3,174	 -	 1,807		3,890		13,741
Total Flood Control	 240,654	 258,581	254,925		256,259		250,953
CARES Act Coronavirus Relief							
Restricted	 -	 -	 -		-		_
Total CARES Act Coronavirus Relief	 -	 -	 -		-		
Pension Obligation							
Restricted	-	-	-		-		-
Assigned	 -	 -	-		-		
Total Pension Obligation	 -	 	 		-	-	
Redevelopment Capital Projects							
Nonspendable	-	-	-		-		72,055
Committed	-	-	-		-		115,617
Assigned Total redevelopment capital projects	 <u>-</u>	 <u> </u>	 		<u>-</u>		83,881 271,553
Total redevelopment capital projects	 		 				2/1,333
Nonmajor Governmental Funds							
Nonspendable	1,181	1,208	1,168		1,241		84,769
Restricted	168,472	182,139	174,552		354,214		410,787
Committed reported in:							
Special revenue funds	4,402	9,750	15,763		12,973		21,381
Debt service funds	-	-	-		-		1,206
Capital projects funds	441,119	134,663	199,711		242,831		294,792
Assigned	34,552	32,370	17,088		25,763		86,572
Total nonmajor governmental funds	 649,726	 360,130	 408,282		637,022		899,507
Total all governmental funds	\$ 1,356,921	\$ 1,062,562	\$ 1,114,758	\$	1,333,444	\$	1,765,575

Note: In fiscal year 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54 under which governmental fund balances are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. In fiscal year 2012, Redevelopment Capital Projects are reported under the Successor Agency. In fiscal year 2013, Transportation became a major fund, therefore only fiscal years 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020 are presented for comparison purposes. In fiscal year 2020, the Public Facilities Improvement and Public Financing Authority Capital Projects Funds became nonmajor funds and the CARES Act Coronavirus Relief Fund and the Pension Obligation Fund became major funds. The balances for the Public Facilities Improvement and Public Financing Authority Capital Projects Funds have been reclassified to Nonmajor Governmental Funds under Committed - Capital Projects Funds.

#### Table 5

#### COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

### Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Dollars in Thousands)

June 30, 2020

				Fiscal Year En	ding June 30
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 485,325	\$ 470,567	\$ 433,684	\$ 416,940	\$ 398,139
Licenses, permits, and franchise fees	23,166	24,116	23,219	22,251	22,782
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	55,103	65,497	65,833	71,196	74,349
Use of money and property:					
Investments earnings	39,335	61,620	24,449	12,234	11,736
Rents and concessions	28,322	25,890	25,318	24,990	51,695
Aid from other governmental agencies:					
Federal	881,204	637,639	675,110	691,080	686,964
State	1,573,917	1,508,938	1,441,178	1,356,683	1,345,344
Other	192,685	186,613	176,556	171,474	163,165
Charges for services	660,621	643,080	602,835	635,236	585,977
Other revenue	104,743	103,272	104,119	102,294	49,934
Total revenues	4,044,421	3,727,232	3,572,301	3,504,378	3,390,085
Expenditures					
General government	263,104	217,106	241,946	231,308	219,333
Public protection	2,013,437	1,395,886	1,342,978	1,331,768	1,271,121
Public ways and facilities	287,734	274,237	217,851	226,388	299,431
Health and sanitation	693,801	561,127	545,785	538,734	470,022
Public assistance	1,152,440	996,260	977,633	988,773	983,963
Education	24,745	25,145	21,456	21,449	20,003
Recreation and cultural services	20,540	22,305	16,544	21,042	24,232
Debt service:	20,010	22,000	10,0	21,0.2	2.,252
Principal	83,757	68,828	70,419	48,711	68,951
Interest	68,970	69,177	63,295	63,899	44,091
Cost of issuance	4,813	2,298	1,431	1,074	895
Capital outlay	41,107	34,405	94,975	220,006	92,800
Total expenditures	4,654,448	3,666,774	3,594,313	3,693,152	3,494,842
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(610,027)	60,458	$\frac{3,374,313}{(22,012)}$		(104,757)
Other financing sources (uses)	(010,027)	00,130	(22,012)	(100,771)	(101,757)
Transfers in	442,637	282,999	269,388	280,223	350,235
Transfers out	(500,976)	(312,577)	(287,143)		(373,384)
Issuance of debt	719,995	(312,377)	10,610	(299,900)	(373,304)
Issuance of refunding bonds	12,875	100,000	58,565	39,985	72,825
Discount on long-term debt	12,073	100,000	36,363	37,763	72,023
Premium on long-term debt	_	_	4,096	5,216	7,612
Redemption of bonds	(12,559)	(110,835)	4,090	5,210	7,012
Redemption of refunded debt	(12,337)	(110,033)	_	_	(89,345)
Contribution to governmental agency	_	_	_	(33,353)	(69,545)
Payment to escrow agent	-	-	(64,285)		-
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	-	_	(04,203)	11	_
Capital leases	24,409	6,287	6,486	64,289	11,829
-					
Total other financing sources (uses)	686,381	(34,126)	(2,283)	56,463	(20,228)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 76,354	\$ 26,332	\$ (24,295)	\$ (132,311)	\$ (124,985)
Debt service as a % of non-capital expenditures	3.47%	4.07%	4.08%	3.36%	3.63%

Fiscal Year Ending June 30												
	2015	2014	2013		2012		2011	•				
								Revenues				
\$	379,358	\$ 361,900	\$ 347,166	\$	355,796	\$	427,892	Taxes				
	21,893	20,377	18,798		19,513		20,294	Licenses, permits, and franchise fees				
	79,059	82,290	86,381		90,163		95,290	Fines, forfeitures, and penalties				
								Use of money and property:				
	7,989	10,187	2,370		10,827		18,305	Investments earnings				
	25,548	29,925	19,246		19,588		17,659	Rents and concessions				
								Aid from other governmental agencies:				
	634,269	544,478	569,330		577,654		609,531	Federal				
1	,304,580	1,172,107	1,047,485		986,658		921,329	State				
	153,687	136,461	132,120		156,678		130,362	Other				
	519,382	483,346	464,274		449,888		458,744	Charges for services				
	119,337	88,055	91,329		95,119		95,279	Other revenue				
3	,245,102	2,929,126	2,778,499		2,761,884		2,794,685	Total revenues				
								Expenditures				
	190,209	214,212	208,242		291,227		311,025	General government				
1	,202,873	1,186,900	1,117,397		1,072,442		1,081,489	Public protection				
	292,096	177,965	177,467		168,015		176,184	Public ways and facilities				
	482,545	421,494	393,557		375,668		353,904	Health and sanitation				
	928,098	851,061	798,850		802,104		824,471	Public assistance				
	20,755	19,470	18,819		18,942		19,282	Education				
	23,716	15,911	16,590		15,220		18,755	Recreation and cultural services				
								Debt service:				
	83,928	70,840	55,363		65,002		80,928	Principal				
	44,005	45,953	27,988		49,041		83,902	Interest				
	950	623	378		15		5,212	Cost of issuance				
	103,211	58,046	25,427		22,583		30,439	Capital outlay				
3	,372,386	3,062,475	2,840,078		2,880,259		2,985,591	Total expenditures				
	(127,284)	(133,349)	(61,579)		(118,375)		(190,906)	•				
								Other financing sources (uses)				
	550,783	248,448	231,574		323,052		267,985	Transfers in				
	(559,368)	(253,012)	(233,809)		(332,724)		(277,943)	Transfers out				
	346,000	64,000	-		-		170,481	Issuance of debt				
	-	20,510	19,140		33,360		-	Issuance of refunding bonds				
	_	· -	· -		· -		_	Discount on long-term debt				
	28,699	1,338	759		2,840		-	Premium on long-term debt				
	_	· -	_		· -		_	Redemption of bonds				
	_	-	(18,155)		(32,797)		_	Redemption of refunded debt				
	-	_	-		-		-	Contribution to governmental agency				
	-	_	_		_		-	Payment to escrow agent				
	_	-	_		-		6	Proceeds from the sale of capital assets				
	54,529	2,965	1,721		2,671		8,321	Capital leases				
	420,643	84,249	1,230		(3,598)		168,850	Total other financing sources (uses)				
\$	293,359	\$ (49,100)	\$ (60,349)	\$	(121,973)	\$	(22,056)	Net change in fund balances				
	4.27%	4.21%	3.35%		4.50%		6.17%	Debt service as a % of non-capital expenditures				

Table 6

Fiscal

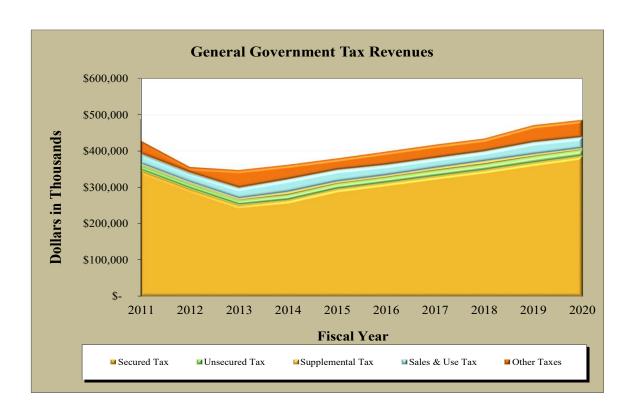
#### **COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE**

#### General Government Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

(Dollars in Thousands) June 30, 2020

	Year					June	30, 2020							
_	Ending June 30	Secured Tax		Unsecured Tax		Supplemental Tax		Sales & Use Tax		Other Taxes			Total	
	2020	\$	385,696	\$	16,586	\$	4,560	\$	30,745	\$	47,738	\$	485,325	
	2019		367,329		16,252		6,271		33,673		47,042		470,567	
	2018		346,927		15,208		8,913		27,557		35,079		433,684	
	2017		329,728		15,220		7,461		27,881		36,650		416,940	
	2016		312,004		13,798		6,247		29,573		36,517		398,139	
	2015		294,888		13,909		6,168		32,851		31,542		379,358	
	2014		264,643		13,597		8,165		35,443		40,052		361,900	
	2013		251,236		12,459		4,714		29,751		49,006		347,166	
	2012		295,974		13,499		3,498		26,626		16,199		355,796	
	2011		346,356		13,404		3,681		28,393		36,058		427,892	





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Table 7

### Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands) June 30, 2020

				Fiscal Yea	r Ei	nding June 30
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	
Real property						
Secured property	\$ 299,750,052	\$ 283,711,524	\$ 267,148,195	\$ 253,728,054	\$	240,984,595
Unsecured property	9,193,355	9,113,732	8,320,830	8,200,349		7,717,964
Total gross assessed value	308,943,407	292,825,256	275,469,025	261,928,403		248,702,559
Less: Tax-exempt real property	11,551,305	9,093,789	8.546.894	8,136,300		7,760,338
rax-exempt rear property	 11,551,505	 9,093,789	 8,340,834	 8,130,300		7,700,338
Total taxable assessed value	\$ 297,392,102	\$ 283,731,467	\$ 266,922,131	\$ 253,792,103	\$	240,942,221
Total direct tax rate	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0
Estimated actual taxable value	\$ 396,522,803	\$ 378,308,623	\$ 355,896,174	\$ 338,389,470	\$	321,256,295
Assessed value as a % of actual value	77.91%	77.40%	77.40%	77.40%		77.42%



			Fiscal Yea	r Ending June 30	
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	
					Real property
\$ 228,131,826	\$ 210,523,063	\$ 201,971,552	\$ 202,313,851	\$ 204,153,163	Secured property
7,676,875	7,868,150	8,123,443	8,057,242	8,121,065	Unsecured property
235,808,701	218,391,213	210,094,995	210,371,093	212,274,228	Total gross assessed value
					Less:
7,502,942	7,300,462	7,116,048	6,818,361	6,673,229	Tax-exempt real property
\$ 228,305,759	\$ 211.090.751	\$ 202,978,947	\$ 203,552,732	\$ 205,600,999	Total taxable assessed value

77.51%

1.0

77.43%

Total direct tax rate

Estimated actual taxable value

Assessed value as a % of actual value

1.0 1.0 1.0

77.63%

\$ 304,407,678 \$ 281,454,335 \$ 270,638,596 \$ 271,403,643 \$ 274,134,665

77.59%

1.0

77.46%

Table 8

### Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2020

Fiscal	County Dire	ct Rates	Ra			
Year				Total	Total	Total
Ending	Secured Property		Total	School Districts	Special Districts	Direct & Overlapping
June 30	Tax Levy	Debt Service	City Rate	Rate	Rate	Rates
2020	1.00000%	0.11638%	0% to .00543%	0% to .14876%	0% to .50000%	1.11638% to 1.50000%
2019	1.00000%	0.11550%	0% to .00592%	0% to .15291%	0% to .50000%	1.11550% to 1.50000%
2018	1.00000%	0.11550%	0% to .00608%	0% to .17609%	0% to .50000%	1.11550% to 1.50000%
2017	1.00000%	0.11550%	0% to .00617%	0% to .16601%	0% to .50000%	1.11550% to 1.50000%
2016	1.00000%	0.11440%	0% to .00576%	0% to .15335%	0% to .50000%	1.11440% to 1.50000%
2015	1.00000%	0.14640%	0% to .00626%	0% to .17234%	0% to .53052%	1.14640% to 1.53052%
2014	1.00000%	0.13830%	0% to .00673%	.01768% to .17571%	0% to .55075%	1.13830% to 1.55075%
2013	1.00000%	0.14340%	0% to .00572%	.01702% to .17570%	0% to .58076%	1.14340% to 1.58076%
2012	1.00000%	0.12540%	0% to .00571%	.01700% to .14030%	0% to .53864%	1.12540% to 1.53864%
2011	1.00000%	0.12540%	0% to .00575%	.01499% to .13224%	0% to .50000%	1.12540% to 1.50000%

Note: Total direct tax rate encompasses general levy, special assessments, and fixed charges.

Overlapping governments in the context of the statistical section, all local governments located wholly or in part within the geographic boundaries of the reporting government.

Overlapping rate in the context of the statistical section, an amount or percentage applied to a unit of a specific revenue base by governments that overlap geographically, at least in part, with the government preparing the statistical section information.

#### **COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Principal Property Tax Payers** (Dollars in Thousands) **Current Year and Nine Years Ago** June 30, 2020

	Fiscal_Year												
	2	2020	2011										
Tax payer	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value									
Southern California Edison Company	\$ 56,868	1.40%	\$ 18,359	0.65%									
Centex Homes	-	0.00%	3,434	0.12%									
Deutsche Bank National Trust Co.	-	0.00%	2,851	0.10%									
Southern California Gas Company	17,349	0.43%	6,372	0.22%									
Verizon California, Inc.	8,373	0.21%	8,072	0.28%									
CPV Sentinel, LLC	6,287	0.15%	-	0.00%									
Inland Empire Energy Center LLC	-	0.00%	7,342	0.26%									
Federal Natl Mortgage Assn	-	0.00%	3,461	0.12%									
Abott Vascular Inc.	-	0.00%	3,171	0.11%									
Costco Wholesale Group	4,273	0.10%	-	0.00%									
Amazon Services Inc.	4,125	0.10%	-	0.00%									
Chelsea GCA Realty Partnership	3,909	0.10%	-	0.00%									
Woodside 05S	3,658	0.09%	-	0.00%									
Duke Realty LTD Partnership	3,654	0.09%	-	0.00%									
Riverside Healthcare System	3,590	0.09%	-	0.00%									
Tyler Mall Ltd Partnership	3,406	0.08%	2,880	0.10%									
Blythe Energy LLC	-	0.00%	2,852	0.10%									
Total	\$ 115,492	2.84%	\$ 58,794	2.06%									

Source: Treasurer-Tax Collector, County of Riverside

Table 10

2012

2011

## COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands) June 30, 2020

**Collected within the Fiscal** Year of the Levy Total Collections as of June 30\* **Delinquent** Collections in Fiscal Year **Total Secured** Fiscal Year **Ending** Tax Levy for Percentage of From Prior Percentage of June 30 Fiscal Year Amount Levy Levys Amount Levy 2020 3,964,853 \$ 3,881,514 97.90% \$ 80,190 3,961,704 99.92% 2019 3,762,000 3,704,818 98.48% 64,089 3,768,907 100.18% 2018 3,565,210 3,522,630 98.81% 157,158 3,679,788 103.21% 2017 3,368,109 3,322,587 98.65% 163,568 3,486,155 103.50% 2016 3,205,453 3,159,497 98.57% 6,230 3,165,727 98.76% 2015 98.91% 3,014,259 2,968,113 98.47% 13,140 2,981,253 2014 12,867 98.69% 2,813,382 2,763,665 98.23% 2,776,532 2013 2,677,034 97.83% 98.12% 2,618,818 7,756 2,626,574

97.35%

96.46%

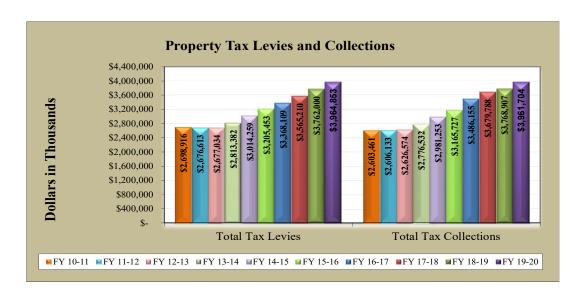
442

2,606,133

2,603,461

97.37%

96.46%



<sup>\*</sup>Total collections as of June 30 include delinquent collections in the fiscal year from prior levys (not including interest and penalties) which may result in total collections to be more than 100% of current secured levy. Delinquent collections by year of levy is unavailable.

Source: Auditor-Controller, County of Riverside

2,676,613

2,698,916

2,605,691

2,603,461



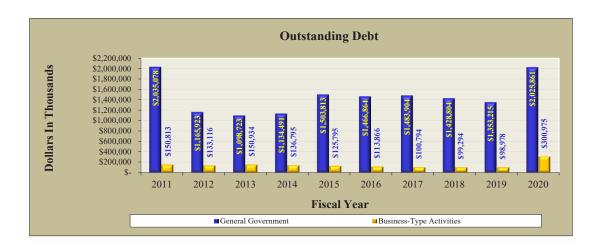
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Table 11

#### COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Capita Amount)

June 30, 2020

								Fiscal Year Ending Ju		
		2020	Ξ	2019	2019 2018		2017			2016
General government										
Bonds	\$	1,854,575	\$	1,189,065	\$	1,232,234	\$	1,206,942	\$	1,195,027
Certificates of participation		41,669		60,265		78,128		94,467		108,937
Notes and loans		330		980		1,600		2,205		2,790
Capital leases		129,287		102,905		116,842		180,290		160,110
Business-type activities										
Bonds		58,873		64,254		77,773		92,371		106,428
Capital leases	_	242,102	_	34,724		21,521		8,423		7,438
Total primary government	\$	2,326,836	\$	1,452,193	\$	1,528,098	\$	1,584,698	\$	1,580,730
Percentage of personal income		2.51%		1.61%		1.75%		1.88%		1.95%
Per capita	\$	953	\$	595	\$	633	\$	665	\$	673



Per Capita is an estimate for fiscal years 2018-19 and 2019-20 Note:

Source: California State Department of Finance

Auditor-Controller, County of Riverside

Bureau of Economic Analysis

					Fiscal Year		
	2015		2014	2013	2012	2011	
							General government
\$	1,141,497	\$	810,186	\$ 744,460	\$ 750,492	\$ 1,551,323	Bonds
	211,688		240,593	282,095	309,511	367,272	Certificates of participation
	3,350		3,890	4,420	4,925	5,355	Notes and loans
	147,278		79,822	67,748	100,995	111,128	Capital leases
							<b>Business-type activities</b>
	119,917		132,941	143,710	121,061	134,983	Bonds
	5,878		3,854	 7,224	 12,055	 15,830	Capital leases
\$	1,629,608	\$	1,271,286	\$ 1,249,657	\$ 1,299,039	\$ 2,185,891	Total primary government
	2.23%		1.65%	1.66%	1.78%	3.07%	Percentage of personal income
\$	765	\$	558	\$ 554	\$ 583	\$ 986	Per capita

Table 12

## COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Capita Amount) June 30, 2020

				Fiscal Year I			Ending June 30		
	2020	2019	2018		2017		2016		
Bonds	\$ 1,913,448	1,253,319	1,310,007	\$	1,299,313	\$	1,301,455		
Less: Amounts available in debt service fund	26,221	35,808	48,823		63,634		67,680		
Total net obligation bonds outstanding	\$ 1,887,227	\$ 1,217,511	\$ 1,261,184	\$	1,235,679	\$	1,233,775		
Percentage of estimated									
Actual taxable value of property	0.48%	0.32%	0.35%		0.37%		0.38%		
Per capita	\$ 773	\$ 499	\$ 522	\$	518	\$	525		

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Source: California State Department of Finance

	ng June 30	End	iscal Year I	F						
•	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	
Bonds	1,686,306	\$	871,553	\$	888,170	\$	943,127	\$	1,261,414	\$
Less: Amounts available in debt service fund	151,405		78,236		79,951		80,405		71,947	
Total net obligation bonds outstanding	1,534,901	\$	793,317	\$	808,219	\$	862,722	\$	1,189,467	\$
Percentage of estimated										
Actual taxable value of property	0.56%		0.30%		0.30%		0.31%		0.39%	
Per capita	692	\$	356	\$	358	\$	378	\$	515	\$

#### Table 13

## COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt as of June 30, 2020 (Dollars in Thousands)

Governmental Unit	 Debt Outstanding	Estimated Applicable Percentage	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt			
Debt repaid with property taxes: County Subtotal, overlapping debt	\$ 12,920,260	84.32028%	\$	10,894,399		
County of Riverside direct debt				2,025,861		
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$	12,920,260		

Note:

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the County. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.



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#### Table 14

#### COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands) June 30, 2020

							Fiscal Y	Year Ending June 30		
		2020		2019		2018	2017		2016	
Debt limit	\$	3,717,401	\$	3,546,643	\$	3,336,527	\$ 3,172,401	\$	3,011,778	
Total net debt applicable to limit		(1,887,227)		(1,217,511)		(1,261,184)	(1,235,679)		(1,233,775)	
Legal debt margin	\$	1,830,174	\$	2,329,132	\$	2,075,343	\$ 1,936,722	\$	1,778,003	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		50.8%		34.3%		37.8%	39.0%		41.0%	
Legal Debt Margin Calculated for Fiscal Y	'ear	2020								
Assessed value								\$	299,405,040	
Less: Homeowners exemptions									2,012,937	
Total assessed value									297,392,102	
Debt limit (1.25% of total assessed value)									3,717,401	
Debt applicable to limit:										
General obligation bonds (Go	vern	mental & Busi	ines	ss-type)					1,913,448	
Less: Amount set aside for										
repayment of general obligation debt									26,221	
Total net debt applicable to lii	nit								1,887,227	
Legal debt margin								\$	1,830,174	

Definitions: Debt limit - the maximum amount of outstanding gross or net debt legally permitted.

Debt margin - the difference between debt limit and existing debt.

Legal debt margin - the excess of the amount of debt legally authorized over the

amount of debt outstanding.

Table 14

		Fiscal Year Ending June 30							
 2015		2014		2013		2012		2011	
\$ 2,853,822	\$	2,638,634	\$	2,537,237	\$	2,544,409	\$	2,570,012	Debt limit
 (1,189,467)		(862,722)		(808,219)		(793,317)		(1,534,901)	Total net debt applicable to limit
\$ 1,664,355	\$	1,775,912	\$	1,729,018	\$	1,751,092	\$	1,035,111	Legal debt margin
41.7%		32.7%		31.8%		31.2%		59.7%	Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit

Table 15

#### COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands) June 30, 2020

Fiscal			L	ease F	Revenue Bon	ds				
Year	nue from	Less: Operating Expenses			Net		D 146			
Ending June 30	Lease yments				Available Revenue	P	Debt S Principal	Interest		Coverage
	 <u>j ilielies</u>		<del></del>							coverage
2020	\$ 17,740	\$	3,660	\$	14,080	\$	12,541	\$	15,534	50.15%
2019	18,866		2,248		16,618		22,195		16,444	43.01%
2018	25,436		3,681		21,755		21,352		17,258	56.35%
2017	25,491		1,901		23,590		20,525		17,974	61.27%
2016	27,319		1,182		26,137		19,844		18,648	67.90%
2015	24,867		3,464		21,403		19,221		19,268	55.61%
2014	25,770		1,666		24,104		16,370		16,147	74.13%
2013	25,182		1,517		23,665		14,159		12,707	88.09%
2012	22,779		2,805		19,974		16,325		15,583	62.60%
2011	16,067		2,072		13,995		15,355		16,039	44.58%

Note: Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

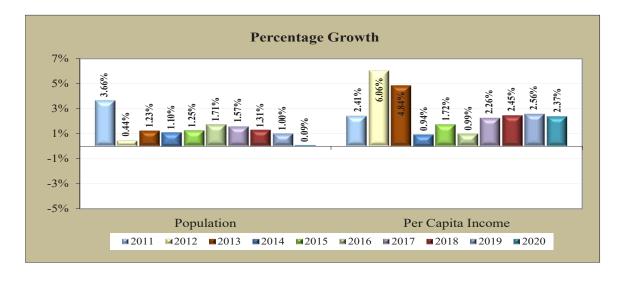
Table 15

		Fiscal								
enue from obacco			A	Net Available		Debt S	Service		Year Ending	
Settlement		Expenses		Revenue		Principal		nterest	Coverage	June 30
\$ 11,687	\$	479	\$	11,208	\$	8,030	\$	3,686	95.66%	2020
12,866		36		12,829		1,894		6,403	154.63%	2019
13,384		104		13,280		7,110		6,301	99.03%	2018
9,492		107		9,385		3,000		6,445	99.36%	2017
8,913		103		8,810		2,270		6,559	99.79%	2016
9,092		113		8,979		2,325		6,665	99.88%	2015
9,283		105		9,178		2,435		6,781	99.59%	2014
15,687		123		15,564		8,650		7,193	98.24%	2013
9,462		107		9,355		1,655		5,301	134.49%	2012
9,290		123		9,167		6,135		3,615	94.02%	2011

Table 16

### COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Population	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2020	2,442,304	\$ 98,654,000 1	\$ 37,951 1	431,521	14.70%
2019	2,440,124	95,775,000 1	37,074 1	428,494	4.40%
2018	2,415,955	92,810,000 1	36,149 1	428,992	4.80%
2017	2,384,783	90,160,000 1	35,286 1	428,489	5.60%
2016	2,347,828	86,888,000 1	34,506 1	427,537	5.90%
2015	2,308,441	81,296,000 1	34,169 1	425,883	6.60%
2014	2,279,967	78,239,388	33,590	426,227	8.40%
2013	2,255,059	76,289,477	33,278	425,968	10.20%
2012	2,227,577	71,555,000	31,742	425,707	12.60%
2011	2,217,778	69,438,900	29,927	424,086	14.40%



Note 1: Projection based on 10 years' running average (2009 - 2018)

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

Riverside County Superintendent of Schools

State of California, Employment Development Department

California State Department of Finance

### COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago June 30, 2020

Fiscal Year 2020 2011 Percentage Percentage of of Total Total County County **Employer Employees** Employment **Employees** Employment County of Riverside 21,672 2.31% 18,000 2.34% Amazon 10,500 1.12% 0.00%University of California, Riverside 9,770 1.04% 4,907 0.64%9,600 1.02% March Air Reserve Base 8,525 1.11%Stater Brothers Markets 8,304 0.88%6,902 0.90%Kaiser Permanente Riverside Medical Center 5,700 0.61% 3,500 0.45% Pechanga Resort & Casino 5,078 0.54%4,000 0.52%Wal-Mart 4,931 0.52% 0.00%Corona-Norco Unified School District 4,903 0.52%4,400 0.57% 4,321 Ross Dress for Less 0.46%0.00%Riverside Unified School District 0.00% 3,900 0.51% Riverside Community College 0.00%3,141 0.41%Abbott Vascular 0.00%3,000 0.39% Total 84,779 9.02% 60,275 7.84%

Source: Economic Development Agency

Table 18

## COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2020

				Fis	Fiscal Year Ending June 30			
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		
Function/Program								
General government								
Legislative and administrative		95	91	85	85	88		
Finance		395	387	395	407	422		
Counsel		75	77	73	73	72		
Personnel	a	1,881	574	184	185	185		
Elections		36	31	30	30	31		
Communication		31	40	_	-	-		
Property management		430	427	414	424	398		
Promotion		64	67	51	43	51		
Other general		30	28	29	30	28		
Public protection								
Judicial		1,403	1,309	1,175	1,161	1,214		
Police protection		2,238	2,183	2,193	2,293	2,470		
Detention and correction		2,296	2,215	2,205	2,321	2,419		
Fire protection		251	239	239	226	227		
Protection/inspection		81	82	79	77	82		
Other protection		388	366	924	942	639		
Administration		-	-	73	81	68		
Public ways and facilities								
Public ways		401	361	353	345	384		
Parking facilities		10	10	18	15	19		
Health and sanitation								
Health		2,744	2,691	2,640	2,559	2,640		
Hospital care		214	179	33	32	33		
Public health ambulatory care		=	-	_	=	-		
California children's services		148	137	143	145	141		
Public assistance								
Aid programs		3,894	3,856	3,859	4,006	4,199		
Veterans' services		20	17	16	16	14		
Other assistance		435	296	174	185	207		
Education, recreation and culture								
Library services		4	9	17	17	4		
Agricultural extension		3	5	3	3	5		
Cultural services		4	2	2	2	2		
County business-type functions								
Hospital care		2,997	2,864	2,650	2,587	2,482		
Sanitation		238	248	180	174	163		
Internal service		566	543	655	2,037	3,213		
Special districts/Component units	_	455	410	587	611	993		
Total	b	21,827	19,744	19,479	21,112	22,893		

Note: a - Increased TAP employees in fiscal year 2019-20 due to Covid-19 Pandemic and Presidential Election year.

b - Temporary employees, 2,009, filled as of June 1, 2020 are included in the total number employees.

Source: County of Riverside, fiscal year 2020-21 Recommended Budget

Table 18

		Fiscal '	Year Endin	g June 30	
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	
					Function/Program
					General government
84	86	89	81	87	Legislative and administrative
408	415	399	405	411	Finance
70	66	65	65	64	Counsel
180	157	154	159	172	Personnel
23	24	25	34	39	Elections
-	-	-	11	11	Communication
404	394	397	507	531	Property management
54	43	45	117	139	Promotion
27	85	32	31	32	Other general
					Public protection
1,202	1,239	1,221	1,294	1,345	Judicial
2,466	2,410	2,351	2,304	2,408	Police protection
2,389	2,216	2,169	2,085	2,067	Detention and correction
227	212	212	200	198	Fire protection
76	83	86	86	87	Protection/inspection
554	830	544	600	615	Other protection
68	81	82	75	62	Administration
					Public ways and facilities
387	375	370	411	413	Public ways
17	17	20	18	18	Parking facilities
					Health and sanitation
2,236	2,075	1,959	2,118	2,063	Health
32	35	37	34	31	Hospital care
267	-	266	-	-	Public health ambulatory care
142	139	134	140	138	California children's services
					Public assistance
3,980	3,610	3,484	3,334	3,089	Aid programs
14	13	13	12	12	Veterans' services
270	271	291	289	355	Other assistance
					Education, recreation and culture
5	7	7	10	1	Library services
5	5	5	5	5	Agricultural extension
2	2	2	3	3	Cultural services
					County business-type functions
2,399	2,517	2,581	2,351	2,295	Hospital care
164	153	153	160	174	Sanitation
2,876	2,763	2,641	2,775	2,315	Internal service
739	719	693	660	591	Special districts/Component units
21,767	21,042	20,527	20,374	19,771	Total

## **COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Operating Indicators by Function**

## Deerating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2020

				<b>F</b> i	iscal Year En	ding June 30
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Function/Prog	<u>gram</u>					
Agricultural (	Commissioner					
J	Export phytosanitary certificates c	18,456	19,143	14,450	13,478	13,546
	Pesticide use inspections d	2,070	2,154	1,291	800	1,211
	Weights and measures regulated	214,467	140,721	142,684	141,939	141,092
	Agriculture quality inspections	1,188	472	678	605	350
	Plant pest inspections	16,745	7,247	5,479	7,468	9,846
	Nursery acreage inspected	9,438	9,650	6,082	6,727	7,708
	Weights and measures inspected	31,466	43,318	61,513	60,197	75,508
Assessor-Cler	k-Recorder					
	Assessments	935,096	934,810	931,922	925,405	919,810
	Official records recorded	591,809	478,622	543,816	587,906	555,870
	Vital records copies issued	77,499	90,788	88,278	89,691	86,597
	Official records copies issued	17,315	19,905	21,251	23,093	23,014
Auditor-Cont	roller					
	Invoices paid	378,727	370,388	367,557	280,498	359,917
	Vendor warrants (checks) issued	201,304	200,693	220,965	234,781	227,037
	Active vendors	34,314	30,820	24,487	35,198	28,697
	Payroll warrants (checks) issued	573,150	541,369	549,902	568,689	564,546
	Average payroll warrants (checks) per pay period	21,228	20,822	21,150	21,873	21,713
	Audits per fiscal year	29	28	54	55	35
	Tax bills levied	1,010,613	929,514	1,029,621	1,019,903	1,008,147
	Tax refunds/roll changes processed	26,789	30,607	34,098	53,234	19,561
Community A	ction Partnership					
v	Utility assistance (households)	16,855	19,583	16,724	18,017	15,743
	Weatherization (households)	376	445	1,100	1,260	997
	Energy education attendees a	17,231	20,028	17,834	7,428	10,398
	Disaster relief (residents)	27,892	27,734	22,305	13,400	13,734
	Income tax returns prepared	5,002	4,450	4,412	5,239	4,545
	After school programs (students)	2,414	3,452	3,400	2,703	2,198
	Leadership program enrollment b	-	_	-	-	-
	Mediation (cases)	1,839	2,231	2,101	2,009	2,579
Environmenta	al Health					
	Facilities inspections	11,541	30,528	34,571	28,205	30,919
<b>Public Health</b>	•	,-		- /	-,	/
	Patient visits	186,236	159,386	161,578	124,031	143,956
	Patient services e	· -	363,417	322,763	242,554	299,048
<b>Animal Contr</b>	ol Services					
	Animal impounds (live animals)	29,781	39,780	36,442	38,858	41,773
	Spays and neuters completed	10,221	14,411	14,601	15,337	14,508
	Animal licenses sold	22,507	23,841	21,843	58,995	76,157
	Service calls fielded	28,616	35,248	37,193	40,039	41,614
Notes	a Number of namphlets mailed					

Note:

- a Number of pamphlets mailed
- b Program not yet started / not trackedc Phytosanitary = Plant pest cleanliness
- d Pesticide Use Inspections = Environmental monitoring
- e No longer tracked starting in fiscal year 2019-20

		Fis	scal Year End	ing June 30	)	
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	_	
					<u>_</u>	Function/Program
					A	Agricultural Commissioner
14,825	16,067	18,346	19,875	-	c	Export phytosanitary certificates
1,025	834	783	793	764	d	Pesticide use inspections
139,701	138,321	138,547	137,727	134,290		Weights and measures regulated
497	524	456	553	693		Agriculture quality inspections
10,792	11,635	10,361	11,931	9,584		Plant pest inspections
7,020	7,064	6,156	6,920	6,338		Nursery acreage inspected
63,695	80,461	63,653	51,074	56,751		Weights and measures inspected
					A	Assessor-Clerk-Recorder
914,886	909,432	906,467	904,706	904,040		Assessments
540,589	530,777	648,812	592,531	612,804		Official records recorded
75,708	85,309	78,405	78,768	80,391		Vital records copies issued
18,307	22,329	32,792	26,153	28,990		Official records copies issued
					A	Auditor-Controller
368,001	425,003	426,660	389,798	412,374		Invoices paid
228,750	232,034	259,458	255,463	265,979		Vendor warrants (checks) issued
30,604	84,680	80,011	78,887	65,090		Active vendors
541,390	524,990	509,376	509,468	506,870		Payroll warrants (checks) issued
20,823	20,192	19,591	19,595	19,495		Average payroll warrants (checks) per pay period
26	34	25	26	26		Audits per fiscal year
1,003,952	998,203	984,268	972,577	999,241		Tax bills levied
47,556	22,435	63,500	79,606	123,476		Tax refunds/roll changes processed
					(	Community Action Partnership
15,115	16,087	13,911	21,912	22,207		Utility assistance (households)
967	479	179	842	1,375		Weatherization (households)
6,395	4,991	6,368	14,950	13,807	a	Energy education attendees
13,387	24,274	11,316	13,968	12,058		Disaster relief (residents)
4,325	3,453	3,111	2,711	3,006		Income tax returns prepared
2,114	20,700	19,200	20,700	18,400		After school programs (students)
-	-	-	166	593	b	Leadership program enrollment
2,527	2,723	1,905	2,181	2,178		Mediation (cases)
					1	Environmental Health
31,897	35,325	32,045	36,201	31,801		Facilities inspections
					I	Public Health
134,481	124,099	135,795	109,870	106,532		Patient visits
290,900	363,442	353,269	392,621	390,607		Patient services
					A	Animal Control Services
37,644	37,037	35,201	36,518	49,408		Animal impounds (live animals)
13,216	13,690	11,908	9,771	8,305		Spays and neuters completed
65,020	122,105	-	-	-		Animal licenses sold
40,251	-	-	-	-		Service calls fielded

Table 19

# COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Operating Indicators by Function (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2020

			F	iscal Year En	ding June 30
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Function/Program					
County Library					
Total circulation - books	2,029,93	8 2,875,249	2,389,611	2,513,032	2,704,884
Reference questions answered	287,31		499,590	479,917	478,827
Patron door count	2,117,21	,	3,188,442	3,606,142	4,069,001
Programs offered	8,75	, ,	9,626	9,680	10,423
Program attendance	127,49		154,031	163,198	176,502
Riverside University Health Systems - Medical Center					
Emergency room treatments	77,19	6 79,604	76,654	77,963	88,780
Emergency room services - MH	10,19		11,749	12,854	12,896
Clinic visits	110,41	,	119,033	99,309	116,277
Admissions	19,82		19,143	17,826	19,863
Patient days	110,96		108,468	104,854	104,276
Discharges	19,85		19,156	18,397	19,147
	,	, i	,	ĺ	,
Fire	107.70	4 120.021	107.010	110.060	110 700
Medical assistance	127,72	,	127,810	119,868	112,799
Fires extinguished	20,41		17,849	15,975	14,988
Other services Communities served	25,02		23,744 94	24,053 94	22,163 94
Communities served	9	4 94	94	94	94
Mental Health					
Mental health clients (crisis/long-term care)	48,97	6 46,675	44,448	43,013	42,764
Substance abuse clients	13,74	3 15,354	11,292	8,950	11,205
Detention clients	20,60	0 17,020	13,325	13,690	12,627
Probate conservatorship clients	40	3 425	410	453	410
Mental health conservatorship clients	66	9 628	682	647	410
Probation					
Adults on probation	a 12,68	6 13,016	12,942	12,185	14,422
Juveniles in secure detention	b 9		112	137	153
Juveniles in treatment facilities	b 5		44	60	57
Juveniles in detention facilities	a 2,98	•	3,389	5,978	6,375
		,_,-	-,	2,2,0	0,0.0
Public Social Services					••••
CalWORKs clients	20,78		24,741	26,306	29,090
Food stamp clients	127,43		121,542	127,778	132,274
Medi-Cal clients	358,53	,	346,407	351,817	341,519
In-home support services	38,57	,	30,008	27,564	24,888
Foster care placements	2,54		2,792	3,670	4,063
Child welfare services	10,36		9,779	9,761	10,471
Homeless program (bed nights)	4,71		4,190	7,384	7,384
Homeless program (meals)	8,01	5 8,015	8,380	14,767	14,767

Note: a - Average monthly population

b - Average daily population

		Fi	iscal Year En	ding June 30	
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	-
					Function/Program
					County Library
2,792,388	3,023,637	3,059,094	3,387,218	3,724,657	Total circulation - books
487,093	371,953	434,057	441,269	404,913	Reference questions answered
4,216,087	3,919,125	4,148,012	4,080,738	731,699	Patron door count
9,547	6,819	6,521	8,382	7,624	Programs offered
154,391	139,223	143,053	163,692	163,416	Program attendance
					Riverside University Health Systems - Medical Center
84,697	88,853	119,606	101,952	99,706	Emergency room treatments
12,989	13,531	14,275	16,750	15,376	Emergency room services - MH
104,693	124,255	125,471	127,546	129,041	Clinic visits
19,404	22,738	24,260	23,949	23,638	Admissions
106,466	118,467	124,599	121,949	123,250	Patient days
19,387	22,773	24,279	23,694	23,668	Discharges
					Fire
103,407	99,058	97,054	96,843	97,066	Medical assistance
13,823	13,632	13,517	12,990	4,271	Fires extinguished
22,680	20,846	20,049	11,856	16,522	Other services
94	94	94	78	78	Communities served
					M. A. H. T. A.
41,942	39,765	37,591	35,696	33,260	Mental Health
15,457	15,457	15,755	17,849	16,987	Mental health clients (crisis/long-term care) Substance abuse clients
12,137	12,137	11,899	17,849	8,874	Detention clients
358	358	278	351	424	Probate conservatorship clients
613	613	563	879	832	Mental health conservatorship clients
013	013	303	677	032	Wichtai ficattii conscivatorsiiip chefts
					Probation
16,496	16,922	17,406	14,992	16,271	1
134	156	194	193	225	
57	79	86	107	128	
5,810	7,154	8,505	9,148	10,741	a Juveniles in detention facilities
					Public Social Services
32,030	33,159	33,341	33,682	33,412	CalWORKs clients
128,656	121,949	116,333	107,076	91,606	Food stamp clients
298,461	186,911	135,570	130,562	124,061	Medi-Cal clients
25,703	23,061	20,641	19,070	18,201	In-home support services
4,041	3,725	3,237	3,113	3,130	Foster care placements
10,757	9,958	9,178	9,664	9,916	Child welfare services
7,384	8,296	8,296	8,331	10,746	Homeless program (bed nights)
14,767	16,592	16,592	16,660	21,494	Homeless program (meals)

Table 19

# COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Operating Indicators by Function (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2020

					F	iscal Year End	ling June 30
		_	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Function/Progr	<u>am</u>	_					
Registrar of Vo	ters						
	Voting precincts		817	1,072	826	1,126	869
	Polling places		534	584	546	587	564
	Voters	a	1,115,662	1,041,122	983,917	1,022,375	911,269
	Poll workers		2,514	2,755	2,264	3,087	2,234
Sheriff							
	Number of bookings		46,747	49,033	50,371	49,896	49,864
	Coroner case load		14,863	15,493	15,397	14,476	13,885
	Calls for services	b	186,275	174,741	180,488	187,087	193,763
Transportation	and Land Management Agency						
- Building & Sa	fety						
	Building permits issued	c	-	-	-	-	-
	Building plans checked	c	-	-	-	-	-
	Building structures inspected	c	-	-	-	-	-
Veterans' Servi	ces						
	Phone inquiries answered	d	32,180	29,619	35,846	36,971	38,812
	Client interviews	d	22,503	46,988	24,563	21,183	25,072
	Claims filed	d	7,313	7,354	7,191	6,789	6,792
	Emails	d	14,875	11,581	14,280	14,280	9,884
	Veterans reached at outreach events		1,895	24,304	2,589	3,014	3,591
Waste Resource	es						
	Landfill tonnage		1,467,090	1,515,254	1,498,681	1,408,688	1,320,497
	Recycling tonnage		7,004	3,527	3,042	2,463	2,052

Notes: a - Number of voters that were mailed voting materials for all elections in the fiscal year

b - Unincorporated areas

c - Information not available for fiscal year 2019-20

d - Program not yet started / not tracked

		F	iscal Year En	)		
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	_	
					Function/l	Program Program
					Registrar	of Voters
1,193	846	1,218	853	1,649		Voting precincts
546	545	642	522	746		Polling places
891,630	887,000	943,402	852,217	1,009,933	a	Voters
2,200	2,200	2,960	2,300	3,281		Poll workers
					Sheriff	
54,025	60,826	57,330	53,691	53,974		Number of bookings
12,958	12,164	11,639	10,947	10,555		Coroner case load
190,816	176,339	172,664	176,062	232,821	b	Calls for services
					Transport	ation and Land Management Agency
					- Building	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1,028	905	1,116	836	863	c	Building permits issued
-	799	908	740	817	c	Building plans checked
-	957	901	676	1,168	c	Building structures inspected
					Veterans'	Services
32,778	31,445	36,107	36,707	43,617	d	Phone inquiries answered
17,281	17,448	14,714	14,990	15,630	d	Client interviews
6,345	5,998	5,735	6,030	5,485	d	Claims filed
6,584	3,138	-	-	-	d	Emails
3,725	-	-	-	-		Veterans reached at outreach events
					Waste Res	ources
1,475,122	1,383,266	1,102,626	1,071,309	1,071,394		Landfill tonnage
1,386	2,503	2,679	2,206	2,499		Recycling tonnage

Table 20

### COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2020

	June 30, 2020				
				Fiscal Year E	nding June 30
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Function/Program					
County Libraries					
Branch libraries	35	35	36	35	35
Book mobiles	2	2	2	2	2
Books in collection	1,062,203	829,893	1,337,332	1,341,967	1,168,364
Museum	1	1	-	1	1
Riverside University Health Systems - Medical Center					
Major clinics	4	4	4	4	4
Routine and specialty clinics	44	44	44	44	44
Beds licensed	439	439	439	439	439
Fire					
Stations	37	37	37	37	37
Trucks	164	162	158	158	158
Parks and Recreation					
Regional parks	9	11	11	11	11
Historic sites	4	5	5	5	5
Nature centers	3	4	4	4	4
Archaeological sites	6	6	6	6	6
Wildlife reserves	9	9	9	9	9
RV and mobile home parks	2	2	2	2	2
Managed areas	9	5	5	5	5
Recreational facilities	2	1	1	1	3
Community centers	-	-	-	-	1
Sheriff					
Patrol stations	10	10	10	10	10
Patrol vehicles	905	977	966	966	930
Waste Resources					
Landfills	6	6	6	6	6
Capacity in tons	62,713,411	62,713,411	62,668,370	62,668,370	62,191,202

			Fiscal Year E	nding June 30	_
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	
					Function/Program
					County Libraries
35	35	35	33	33	Branch libraries
2	2	2	2	2	Book mobiles
1,382,932	1,393,689	1,657,925	1,570,834	1,668,434	Books in collection
-	-	-	-	-	Museum
					Riverside University Health Systems - Medical Center
4	4	4	4	4	Major clinics
44	44	37	-	30	Routine and specialty clinics
439	439	439	439	439	Beds licensed
					Fire
37	37	38	42	46	Stations
158	145	142	145	156	Trucks
					Parks and Recreation
14	11	11	11	12	Regional parks
5	5	5	5	4	Historic sites
4	4	4	4	4	Nature centers
5	6	6	6	6	Archaeological sites
7	9	9	9	9	Wildlife reserves
2	3	3	3		RV and mobile home parks
5	5	5	5 2	5 2	Managed areas Recreational facilities
1	3	2	2	2	
1	-	-	-	-	Community centers
					Sheriff
10	10	10	10	10	Patrol stations
932	928	916	915	896	Patrol vehicles
					Waste Resources
6	6	6	6	6	Landfills
54,232,021	54,230,474	54,230,474	54,189,339	54,177,558	Capacity in tons



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# In Loving Memory



This CAFR is dedicated to the loving memory of our very own Riverside County employees who passed away while fighting the COVID-19 worldwide pandemic.



**Deputy Sheriff Terrell Young** 



**Deputy Sheriff David Werksman** 

We will always remember the Riverside County law enforcement officers who, due to requirements of their job passed after contracting COVID-19 during the early stages of the worldwide pandemic. Deputy Sheriff Terrell Young died after contracting COVID-19 from an infected inmate at the Cois M. Byrd Detention Center. Deputy Young had served with the Riverside County Sheriff's Department for 15 years. He is survived by his wife and four children. Deputy David Werksman died due to complications from the coronavirus. Deputy Werksman had served with the Riverside County Sheriff's Department for 22 years. He is survived by his wife and three children.

We want to honor and thank all of our frontline physicians, healthcare professionals and first responders for working tirelessly in the fight against this deadly COVID-19 pandemic. Your dedication and sacrifices deserve our deepest gratitude and sincere admiration for all you do in keeping the citizens of Riverside County Safe.

Riverside County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report



Paul Angulo, CPA, MA County Auditor-Controller